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Nazis Lose 88 Planes In Massive Raid On Britain

Germans Bomb Recklessly in Vain Effort To Terrorize Londoners

London, Sept. 8.

DETERMINED British fighters and anti-aircraft gunfire shot down 88 German raiders over London yesterday and last night in the most intense air raid of the war so far, according to informed quarters here this morning.

Part of the East End was wrecked this morning as a result of the terrific bombing attack.

More than 1,000 German planes, in three waves, roared toward London from all directions yesterday and last night.

The Air Ministry announced that 65 German planes had been shot down and that 18 British fighters were missing. Two pilots were known to be safe, the Ministry said. The air battle continued late last night.

Fires were started in the industrial area of east London, damaging lighting and other public services, it was officially announced. There was some dislocation of communications.

The raiders were apparently bombing recklessly in an attempt to strike terror into the minds of the British.

The United Press correspondent, Arthur Menchen, phoned from a southeast coast town that "all afternoon German planes have filled the sky bound inland and returning in small groups to France."

Another correspondent, Harry Hickingbotham, reported from another south-east coast, "The raid here extended three and a half hours. more than 100 bombers were engaged in the attack and in one wave I counted 22 planes."

"One Vast Battlefield"

The special United Press correspondent, G. R. Hewes, called in from a south-east inland town to report, "For two hours the whole sky was one vast battlefield. Scores of dog-fights were going on at the same time."

Air experts here who witnessed the attack on London, said they believed the Germans must have used some of their best pilots. At one point on the Thames Estuary, a number of new four-engined bombers were sighted. A survey showed that bombs were dropped at 20 points in the London area. At one time the bomb explosions were almost as rapid as the anti-aircraft gunfire. In one minute, 25 bomb explosions were counted in one district alone.

Residents of the London area watched thrilling fights high overhead, where the planes appeared like silvery bugs streaking across the sky. Small crowds formed at street corners to watch the combat but as the battle edged gradually overhead, they scurried to shelters.

Fierce fighting raged from east London down to the Thames Estuary. In the Estuary district alone, at least 15 German planes were said to have been shot down.

An air raid precaution warden expressed the temper of most of London's population yesterday when he shook his fist at the bombers and cried:

"Wait my boys, 'till we really go for Berlin!' Then you won't be so proud."

"This is the first time in my life I have ever felt a vicious hate," he told a United Press correspondent. "That's two wrongs to make right. I hope we bomb Hell out of them!"

Waves of Fifty

Waves of 50 German planes each flew over one London area, but anti-aircraft gunfire broke up their formations and British Spitfires dived to the attack. One German pilot was seen to bail out and

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Germany's Attack Seen Weakening

British Fighter Technique Success Observed by American Reporters

New York, Sept. 8.

"If the Nazis hoped to tire out the R.A.F. by new raid tactics they were disappointed, for it is obvious that it is the Germans who are weakening," says the London correspondent of the "New York Herald-Tribune."

The "New York Times" special correspondent describes the successful device of British fighters in shooting down German planes on the way home. He says: "After one squadron of the R.A.F. breaks up a raiding formation another squadron or two cuts off their retreat. This was particularly successful on Friday when quite a few Messerschmitts were scattered over the countryside."

After a visit to Liverpool an Associated Press correspondent stated. "The port has been only slightly affected by repeated raids although it appears to have become the Nazis' number one target..

"The net effect on shipping has been negligible."

Another correspondent of the same agency says his tour of more than 100 miles over bombed areas revealed that only one attack had done any military damage.

A correspondent of the International News Service sums up his impressions thus: "Hitler's mightiest effort to knock out the R.A.F. is a costly failure."—Reuter.

London Life Adjusted To Nazi Air Raids

Remarkable Calmness of People Again Stressed

London, Sept. 8.

People of London have already thoroughly adapted themselves to day and night air attacks, says the London correspondent of the Swiss "Basler Nachrichten" in a cable to his paper.

He writes: "I had the amusing experience of being told by an air raid warden, 'People care so little about the raids that I have already lost nearly all my clients.'

"London theatres have put on new shows which are meeting with great success, proving that people do not live underground as may be supposed from stories on the continent. It is interesting to talk with those who have lost their possessions in raids. Most of them are entirely willing to bear any burden for their country and they quite frankly fail to understand the amazement of neutral observers at their calmness.

"In case my observations should be alleged to be one-sided, I may mention that American, Swedish and Hungarian correspondents have gathered exactly the same impressions. All investigations by neutral correspondents are made on our own initiative and are not based on Government information. I have not found the slightest difficulty in going wherever I wished."—Reuter.

Burma Premier Resigns

Rangoon, Sept. 8.

Following the passing of a no-confidence motion by the House of Representatives, the Prime Minister has submitted his resignation to the Governor. He hasfi however, been asked to continue in office until a new ministry is formed.—Reuter.

Four Hundred Killed In London Raids

London, Sept. 8.

Four hundred persons were killed and from 1,300 to 1,400 were injured last night as waves of German planes continued to sweep over the London area.—United Press.

R.A.F. Ranges Wide Over Enemy Areas

Power Plant, Oil Targets Said Hit in Berlin

London, Sept. 8.

A large number of military objectives in Germany, Holland, Belgium and north France were attacked by the Royal Air Force on Friday night, states the Air Ministry in a communique issued last night.

In the Berlin area, a power station, oil targets and railway yards were hit.

Further targets in the forests of south-west Germany were set on fire. In the Ruhr district and Rhineland. aerodromes, railway communications and other objectives were hit at Bochum, Krefeld, Mannheim, Ehrang and elsewhere.

Goods yards were also attacked near Brussels. Damage was done to aerodromes at Venlo and in the neighbourhood of Calais and Dunkirk and also to two gun emplacements near Calais.

Two British aircraft are missing.

Boulogne Attacked

Aircraft of the Fleet Air Arm and Coastal Command attacked Boulogne harbour and caused considerable damage. All British machines returned safely.

Many people were killed and wounded in the British raid on Berlin on Friday night, according to well-informed circles there, quoted by the Stockholm newspaper "Aftonbladet."

Authorities in the German capital state that the British planes came in small groups from the west; two were driven back, but the third reached the city, the Swedish correspondent says.

Anti-aircraft firing, he adds, was so intense in the Tiergarte and Wilhelmstrasse districts that houses shook and windows were smashed, while many violent bomb detonations were heard and fires observed.

Route "Just a Little Crowded"

Reuters' Air Correspondent, visiting a bomber squadron of the Royal Air Force, quotes a young officer as saying: "They think the Germans are plastering this country rather a lot, but you should see what we have done to Germany for some time. The route over the Ruhr is just a little crowded these nights."

British planes seem to be going everywhere, and the bombing they do round a wide area from Boulogne via Berlin to the Baltic. this officer and his comrades described as terrific.

Refuting Marshal Hermann Goering's claim that British bombers fear going out by day, the commanding officer of the squadron said until recently his squadron was abroad in daylight, and though he has now switched to night-flying, he told Reuter's correspondent that other squadrons of the same group were carrying on the same good work done since the fall of France.

Weather to Aid Britons

The officer pointed out that day flights were made as far as the Ruhr which was well outside the range of protecting fighters, and the *Luftwaffe* (German air force) had done no more.

In south England, he asserted, the scale of German raids by day had not been in any way equalled by British actions on the European coast-line. but soon the rival scales of daylight attacks would not be so unequal, as autumn clouds provided additional cover and the steady growth of home and American production of fighters would enable more of these aircraft to be used for escort work.—Reuter.

R.A.F. Operations in Africa

Cairo, Sept. 8.

Three raids were made on Mersa Matruh on Friday, causing some casualties. stated an R.A.F. communique yesterday. Two enemy aircraft are believed to have been damaged by British ground fire.

On Friday afternoon enemy aircraft raided Haifa. British anti-aircraft defences came into action and drove off the raiders before they could effectively drop bombs. No damage or casualties resulted, the statement concluded.—Reuter.

Aden Raided

Aden, Sept. 8.

Several natives were killed or wounded and some property was damaged during an air raid on Aden yesterday.—Reuter.

Mr. Willkie Pledges Peace for U.S.

Republican Chief Denies Party For "Appeasement"

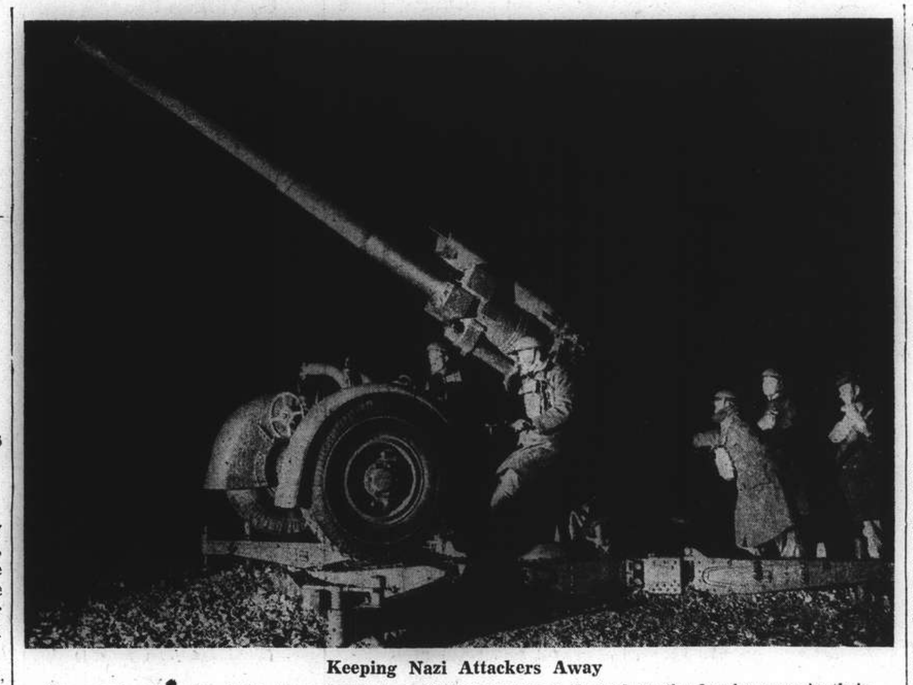
Rushville, Ind., Sept. 8.

The Republican Presidential nominee, Mr. Wendell Willkie, pledged he would not get the United States into the European war in the event he is elected.

"And I mean it," he said.

Simultaneously, Mr. Willkie denied the assertion of the Democratic Vice-Presidential candidate, Mr. Henry A. Wallace, that the Republican Party is a party of appeasement. He said there would be no appeasement to any dictator during his administration.

"If he meant to say that the G.O.P. is a party of peace," Mr. Willkie said, "then he spoke the truth.—United Press.



Keeping Nazi Attackers Away

One reason why the Nazis have found it so difficult to break through to the London area in their bombing raids is shown in this picture. A constant watch is kept for raiders. Here is the crew of a 3.7 ins. anti-aircraft gun preparing their weapon for action.

Britons, Americans Join in United Service of Prayer

Inter-Denominational Congregation Hears Inspiring Address from Consul-General

"BRITAIN stands between us and the ultimate victory of a system we believe to be the negation of the spirit of tolerance and freedom," declared Mr. A. H. George, H.M. Consul-General for Shanghai, in a stirring message to many Britons and Americans gathered at the Holy Trinity Cathedral yesterday evening for the united Service held on the occasion of the National Day of Prayer.

Britons the world over observed yesterday with special intercessory services following the appointment by H.M. King George VI of the first Sunday after the anniversary of the outbreak of war for this purpose. Shanghai Britons packed the Cathedral, provision being made outside for those unable to find accommodation within. There was a quiet determination and sincerity in the manner in which the congregation marked the occasion, close attention being given to the address delivered by the Consul-General and genuine hope and courage expressed in the prayers.

Americans also joined in the intercession, the day having been set aside by President Roosevelt as one of prayer. The Community Church choir took part in the service yesterday evening, with members of the choirs of other Protestant churches in Shanghai. Brigadier Morris of the Salvation Army and the Rev. M. Brown. Rabbi of the Jewish faith, joined in the procession.

Organ music preceded the service, while the cathedral was being occupied. The opening hymn, "O God, our help in ages past," was joined in by the whole congregation, who sang whole-heartedly and without restraint. An invocation, by the Rev. A. Baxter, followed, after which came the general confession. Another hymn, "Thy kingdom come, O God," preceded the first lesson, read by the Rev. W. H. Hudspeth, from Daniel 9, 3-21. Mr. A. H. George's address, which came next, was listened to with wrapt attention, there being complete silence for some minutes after he had finished. The second lesson was read by Dr. C. L. Boynton of the Community Church was from Matthew 6,19-34, and was followed by a metrical psalm. A period of silent prayer wa conducted by the Rev. F. E. Keeble under various headings.

Special Intercession

A third hymn, "Lord of our life, and God of our salvation," was next in the service. Special intercession was led by Dean A. C. S. Trivett. "God Save the King," which was sung with such enthusiasm and sincerity that numbers of Chinese gathered outside the Cathedral, along the road, to listen, followed the closing hymn, "'Jesus shall reign where'er the sun,". The Rt. Rev. J. Curtis, gave the blessing.

The whole service was touching in its sincerity and spirit, a great part of the British community here being present to join with others the world over in prayer now for the cause for which their fellows are fighting. Flag-covered receptacles outside the Cathedral for donations for the Central British War Fund were filled to over-flowing by people anxious and willing to help in every way possible in the present conflict.

Mr. George's Address

Mr. A. H. George's complete address follows:—

"As you all know, this day (the first Sunday following the first anniversary of the outbreak of war) has been set apart at the wish of His Majesty the King to be observed throughout the Empire as a Day of National Prayer, when we should pray for God's blessing upon our King and Government, upon all those whose responsibility it is to control and direct the destinies of the nation at this hour of crisis, and upon the men and women who are at this moment facing the perils, the trials, and the anxieties of war. The day has also been designated by the President of the United States of America as a Day of Intercession. This service has therefore been arranged by the clergy of the British

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Shilling Plane Fund Totals £60,000

London, Sept. 8.

A shilling fund collected by a Belfast newspaper has reached £60,000. It will provide a squadron of 12 Spitfires. Donations received at the rate of £2,500 daily are still pouring in.—Reuter.

U.S. Destroyers to Fight Sub. Menace

Vessels Handed Over to Britain Described as "Magnificent" Craft

Halifax, Sept. 8.

The 50 over-age destroyers obtained from the United States in return for naval and air bases in British territories in the Western Hemisphere will be used in an intensive drive against German submarines, Rear Admiral Steward Bonham-Carter, Commander of British north Atlantic operations, revealed here yesterday.

He said he did not know when that transfer of the destroyers would take place, but said it would be done without ceremony. British captains will board the ships and take over command of them in American ports and their flags will be changed, he said.

"The ships will be used almost exclusively to hunt submarines," he declared. "The British Navy is short of destroyers and these ships will remedy that shortness. They are magnificent ships and in perfect condition. They are equal to our VNW's and to any ships we are getting."—United Press.

Destroyers' Condition Good

New York, Sept. 8.

At a press conference held at an eastern Canadian port, a British naval representative expressed delight at the condition of some of the American destroyers which have been transferred to the British, states the "New York Times."

Canadian and American sailors, the newspaper adds, are working side by side in putting the finishing touches to the vessels, which are so similar to British craft that their new crews will require only brief instruction.—Reuter.

Blockade of All Free Colonies Raised

Extension of Anti-Vichy Revolt Predicted

London, Sept. 8.

The British blockade of those French Colonies which have declared their attachment to the free French Empire has been lifted, according to an announcement issued by the headquarters of General Charles de Gaulle, head of the French National Committee in London.

The communique says: "Once more they breathe freely under the protection of free French forces and their Allies."

Expressing the conviction that the movement will extend rapidly to all French people overseas, the communique adds: "Resolve, initiative, rapid decision and fierce energy never had opened to them a more magnificent chance to be employed on behalf of the Motherland."—Reuter.

Berlin Denies Troop Transport Sunk

Damage to Ship Declared Not Due to Action

Berlin, Sept. 8.

Reports that a British submarine had torpedoed the troop transport Marion in the Kattegat were denied in authorized quarters here last night.

A German spokesman stated that there is no German transport of that name and no German transport has been sunk recently.

The German Navy transport, Pioneer, however, "received damage" during a trip in the Kattegat, but "it was not due to action," it was said. Members of the ship's crew and German troops had to abandon ship, resulting in slight loss of life, the spokesman said.—United Press.

Large Gang of Suspected Armed Robbers Arrested

Lightning Raids by Police Result in Detention of Thirty Persons; Ring-Leader Still at Liberty

IN a lightning series of raids in the Settlement the police last night detained thirty persons, suspected of being connected with a gang of armed robbers who have played a large part in the wave of terrorism now sweeping Shanghai. It was established that nine of the gang will definitely be charged, the remainder being detained at a late hour last night for further questioning. At the time of going to press raids were still continuing in the Settlement and French Concession, the ring-leader of the gang being sought after his escape earlier in the evening.

Acting upon information received in the afternoon, a series of raids lasting from 6 to 10 p.m. was carried out by foreign and Chinese detectives on various hide-outs in the Settlement. The arrested men were caught completely unawares at three places, being gathered, it is believed, to discuss future activities. The chief rendezvous, a small Chinese hospital, was raided early in the evening with the result that five members of the gang, who will be brought to court this morning, were arrested. One automatic pistol was found concealed on the premises; after a thorough search of the whole building. The men put up no resistance, being completely surprised.

Ring-leader Escapes

The hospital is owned by a Chinese doctor, who is believed to be the ring-leader of the gang, but was not present at any of the places raided. Usually he returned home to eat at about 6 p.m., but when the French police went to his house at 11.30 p.m. they found that his wife had disappeared as well, and it is believed that she went to the hospital while the police were actually there, and possibly warned her husband. The doctor left the hospital shortly before it was raided. It is assumed that the hospital, although receiving patients, is a cover for the activities of the gang.

The four chief suspects live in the Badlands, and although seemingly prosperous and well-dressed, stated that they had no employment. These four were arrested during a raid on a lodging house at 181 Hopei Road, where they were having a meal in a room. Besides this place and the hospital on Canton Road, a food-shop on Pakhoi Road was raided, resulting in the detention of others connected with the gang.

Although it could not be ascertained last night in how many crimes the suspects had been concerned, the arrest of this gang is believed to have struck a considerable blow to the criminal element at present terrorizing Shanghai. The fact that the bandits were caught napping indicates that although such men enjoy a sense of security for a time, yet eventually the workings of the police system will destroy them. Another round-up such as this may mean the end to the crime-wave now sweeping the city, and the police efficiency last night was generally commended.

Ex-King Carol Escapes Assassination Attempt

Thrilling Running Battle Fought with Iron Guards as Train Hurtles Towards Yugoslav Border and Safety; Attack Beaten Off

Bucharest, Sept. 8.

IRON Guards yesterday attempted to assassinate ex-King Carol as his train passed through the railway station at Timisora, it was reported here last night.

Iron Guardists were said to have fired on the train, from which a machine gun answered. A gunfight ensued, it was said.

Over 100 green-shirted Iron Guardists, who were armed to the teeth, participated in the attempted assassination, the reports said.

The station master was accosted and shut up in his office while the Iron Guard band took over control of the entire station, it was said. Some Iron Guardists managed to board the locomotive of the train in which the former King was fleeing the country after his abdication. Other Iron Guardists followed the King's train in another train and still others gave chase in motor cars.

Reliable quarters here said the attempt to halt the train and the ensuing fight continued from Timisora to the Rumano-Yugoslavian border town of Jimbola. Ex-King Carol's train was once forced to stop briefly, but the former King's guards managed to fight off the Iron Guardists, it was said. The train then proceeded to Yugoslavia, it was said. No casualties were reported.—United Press.

Arrives in Yugoslavia

Belgrade, Sept. 8.

Ex-King Carol of Rumania arrived at the Yugoslavian frontier yesterday afternoon after fleeing from Bucharest by special train.

The former King abdicated in favour of his son, Michael, Friday. It could not be learned immediately whether he was accompanied by Mme. Magda Lupescu.—United Press.

Going to Switzerland

Berne, Sept. 8.

Former King Carol is coming to Switzerland for a temporary stay, the Swiss Telegraphic Agency learns.—Reuter.

"Bankruptcy of Policy Manifest"

London, Sept. 8.

King Carol's abdication was the principal subject of yesterday's press comment here.

After the military successes of Germany, says "The Times," the King could see no other way out of difficulties but renounce the British guarantee, adopt a pro-German policy and conciliate the Iron Guard.

"He put trust in Germany; Germany let him down. He spent millions of lei on his army and made no use of it when the country was despoiled.

"The bankruptcy of his policy became manifest.

"General Antonescu has now taken over his dictatorial powers, with Michael in the nominal position of supreme authority. It cannot be said that the first part of Michael's reign and the regency system were a success, but this time Michael has at his side one strong general instead of three councillors of State lacking experience and authority."

In the view of the "Daily Telegraph," Rumania has proved no exception to the rule which so frequently urges nations in their humiliation to vent their sorrows on the head as the scapegoat.

Whether she will repent what she has enacted, time alone can tell. It certainly must appear perilous in such a crisis to exchange seasoned guidance of a king for inexperience of an untried youth, particularly in view of the mercurial instability manifested by her politicians in the past 20 years, the paper adds.—Reuter.

Goering Directing Raids

Berlin, Sept. 8.

A communique issued by the German High Command claims that Marshal Goering, Minister of Aviation, is personally directing German air raid "reprisals" on Britain from northern France.

"In an uninterrupted succession," the communique adds, "one million kilos of bombs of all calibres have so far fallen on harbour and industrial areas in the Thames."—Reuter.

Dobrudja Cession Agreement Signed

Bulgarian Army to March Into Territory Beginning September 20

London, Sept. 8.

An agreement between Bulgaria and Rumania for the cession of the Dobrudja was signed by the chiefs of the respective delegations at Craiova yesterday afternoon.

Administrative occupation of the ceded territory has been fixed for September 14, but the Bulgarian army will not begin to march in until September 20. According to the German news agency the occupation will be completed by September 30.

Bulgaria has agreed to pay Rumania 1,000,000 lei as part of the agreement.

The accord, the German news agency states, provides for the resettlement of about 100,000 Rumanians from the southern Dobrudja and of about 4,000 to 5,000 Bulgarians from the northern Dobrudja.

In a broadcast from Sofia yesterday afternoon, M. Bogdan Filoff, Bulgarian Premier, announced the signing of the agreement ceding the southern Dobrudja to Bulgaria up to her frontier in 1912.

The news spread in the capital and the ringing of church-bells was followed by an enthusiastic demonstration. A crowd surrounded the Royal Palace and loudly cheered King Boris.—Reuter.

Lloyd's Underwriters Win £1,000,000 Case

Ships Found Scuttled by Order of German Govt.

London, Sept. 8.

Shipping claims involving £1,000,000 are said to depend upon a test action just decided in the high court. It relates to British cargoes in German ships at the start of the war.

Three ships were concerned, including the Mindes which left Buenos Aires August 16, 1939, and was scuttled in the north Atlantic in the presence of a British warship. The cargo owners claimed their losses were covered by insurance policies but three Lloyds underwriters who defended the action contended they were not liable because the losses were due to orders given by the German Government. Judgment was given for the underwriters.—Reuter.

Anti-Jew Laws Issued In Luxembourg

Berlin, Sept. 8.

The Luxembourg Chief of Civil Administration, Herr Gustav Simon, yesterday issued an order banning marriage or extra-marital sexual relations between Jews and German citizens or persons of German blood in Luxembourg, the official German news agency, DNB, reported here yesterday.

Herr Simon issued another order commanding all Jews in Luxembourg to report all their property both inside the country and abroad. Jew doctors, dentists, pharmacists, and druggists were ordered to cease business immediately and all Jewish public officials were ordered to give up their jobs.—United Press.

Vichy Declares Status Quo in Indo-China Not Affected by Talks

French Newspapers Withhold Comment on Negotiations With Japan; Chinese Violation of Border Denied

Hanoi, Sept. 8.

Considerable interest was attached here to the departure of a member of the Japanese mission to the colony, Admiral Tominaga, to Tokyo yesterday, as the situation in Indo-China continued flexible and authorities prepared for any eventuality.

The French residents here calmly went about their regular living schedules today, despite the tenseness which has existed here during the past week resulting from the Franco-Japanese negotiations for the transit of Japanese troops across the colony to the Chinese border.

According to the press, air raid precautions were being carried out in Tongking. Semi-blackouts were enforced in Hanoi and Haiphong and hospitals carried their patients to shelters in rehearsals for air raids.

In the native cities criers beating gongs and ringing bells went through the streets exhorting the populace to learn the precautions.—United Press.

Status Quo Not Questioned

Vichy, Sept. 8.

The status quo of Indo-China was "never questioned in the Franco-Japanese negotiations." the Government announced yesterday, in reply to the statement issued by the United States Secretary of State, Mr. Cordell Hull, this week warning Japan that the U.S. was watching Japanese actions in Indo-China.

"Tokyo states and the Vichy Government confirms, following Mr. Cordell Hull's declaration, that the status quo of Indo-China has never been questioned in the Franco-Japanese negotiations, which continue in the most cordial atmosphere at Hanoi." an official statement said.—United Press.

Official Silence

Vichy, Sept. 8.

Up to the present time, Petain Government quarters continue to maintain the discreetest attitude regarding the Franco-Japanese negotiations in Indo-China. and no official declarations have been issued on the matter. The only available comment was that the parleys are going on with the fullest confidence that a satisfactory accord will be reached.

It appears obvious that newspapers are cautiously withholding comment under direction of the Government which is in sharp contrast to the Parisian newspapers, which are indirectly under Nazi control, and which are playing up the news under streamer headlines.

It is felt here that the Paris press openly reflects Nazi discontent with various details of the developments in French Indo-China.

Despite sensational press reports during the past few days, Government circles reiterate that they know nothing of such alarming events in Indo-China.—Domei.

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Devastation In London Area Told By Correspondent After Bombing

No Panic Witnessed Despite Wreckage of Homes and Loss of Lives; Family Threatened by Time Bomb

London, Sept. 8.

Hundreds of thousands of people in one of the world's most crowded districts, were affected by the most concentrated air attack Germany has yet unleashed against England yesterday.

"I might as well start my story," reports a United Press Correspondent, "with the family I had just finished evacuating five minutes before the anti-aircraft guns, firing outside as I write this, again began their barrage. Many have been killed and many more injured in the district where we picked up the family standing on the sidewalk trying to crowd their way somehow into a bus headed for the centre of the city.

"Around us was considerable wreckage. Volunteer workers dug victims from the awful jumble of what had been homes. But there was no panic. The people whose homes were destroyed went elsewhere.

"The family we picked up was leaving their home because there was a time bomb just behind their house. The explosions of time bombs went on long after the drone of the last bomber had faded.

"As we drove through the city, the white spires of London's churches glowed pink against the sky, which was still blue, but dark with smoke.

"The young son of the family described the raid.

"There were 36 German planes in the first wave," he said, "and about the same in the second. They were all flying about 10,000 feet up. There were fighters above them. I don't think they dropped anything. Our anti-aircraft guns and fighters got them.

"Then came a third wave. I counted up to 40 planes and then bombs began to fall and I stopped.

"I wasn't too keen on joining the Air Force until this," he concluded.

"His mother broke in to say, 'One bomber fell down the block and took three houses with it." She wanted to split the taxi fare with me.'

"The daughter of the family said, One man can't do it all....

"You known, I have been exchanging letters with a boy at Stuttgart. In 1937 he wrote of the blackout practice. He said they were beautiful. Last year he wrote that no bomber would ever reach Germany. I don't think he knew more than we what was coming."

"The father of the family was silent."—United Press.

U.S. Western Hemisphere Defence Plans Speeded

Rearmement Race Declared Just Beginning, But Strength Already Greater Than at Start of Year

Washington, Sept. 8.

A DETAILED United Press survey of the United States National defence programme yesterday revealed that men and machines are working ever faster to prepare for the defence of the Western Hemisphere.

United States defences are stronger than they were a year ago, or than they were even last May, when the Germans smashed across western Europe. But real rearmament under the US$10,000,000,000 programme for the construction of 35,000 aeroplanes and the establishment of an army of 1,200,000 men is just beginning.

sinews and five years to build a two-ocean Navy. There has been much haggling and delay over some contracts, but the Defence Commission has approved US$2,087,000,000 worth of contracts, since the first half of the US$10,000,000,000 was appropriated in June.

A survey of the present armed forces shows that the Army Air Force had 2,000 planes on hand July 1, 1939, compared to 3,200 in the middle of August this year. On order at present are 5,245 planes. The Naval Air Force had 1,648 planes July 1, 1939, 1897 planes August 15, this year, and 2,428 planes on order.

Army and Navy Strength

The Army's regular enlisted strength July 1 last year was 174,074 men. In the middle of August this year its strength was 289,000.

The Navy had 364 combatant ships commissioned July 1 last year and 408 in the middle of August this year. Of these, 50 destroyers have been transferred to the British. Under construction are 132 warships. The Navy's enlisted strength May 23 this year was 136,164, while in the middle of August this year it was 147,513.

When the Germans invaded the Lowlands and France last May, Congress was considering the regular Army and Navy appropriation bills, which were record highs for peace time. But, at President Roosevelt's request, they doubled them to total approximately US$5,000,000,000, which became available last June.

In response to another request of Mr. Roosevelt, a bill carrying an additional US$5,000,000,000 is now ready for the President's signature. The defence total, thus is US$10,496,000 of which about two thirds is for the Army and one third for the Navy.

Heavy Plane Contracts

The Defence Commission, handling contracts for over US$500,000,000 already, have awarded big contracts for aeroplanes, tanks and munitions. But in many cases, this does not mean quick production. Thus, aeroplane factories are already working to capacity on foreign and domestic orders and the planes they are now making were ordered with money Congress voted last year.

In the middle of August this year the Army and Navy had approximately 5,079 planes. Some time in 1942 the figure is expected to be 35,000. Planes on order under signed contracts at present total 7,654.—United Press.

★Britons, Americans In Prayer

(Continued from page 1)

and American protestant churches of Shanghai to enable the communities they serve to unite in prayer for the cause which to us means the preservation of truth, justice, mercy and freedom throughout the civilized world.

"The prayers offered in this church today are, I think, a symbol of the unity of the English-speaking nations in their desire for the maintenance of the principles for which the nations of the British Commonwealth and their allies are fighting. Precedents for the designation of, and belief in, a day of prayer to be observed by an entire nation, find their roots far back in our national history. The history of the United States of America furnishes similar examples of this practice. We read how in the days of the civil war, President Lincoln, at the request of the United States Senate, called for a day of prayer and fasting on April 30, 1863.

Impelled by Patriotism

"Some of us here this evening are perhaps unused to prayer, or at any rate to public prayer. We come here because we are impelled by a sense of patriotism, by anxiety for our country in its hour of danger. In his sermon preached in Westminster Abbey on the last Day of National Prayer, the Archbishop of Canterbury spoke of the value of prayer in these striking words:—The mere act of prayer now and repeated continually day by day—of staying upon our God, of touch with the Eternal—will bring calmness, courage, self-control. It will keep our minds from being swayed about by rumours, and our tempers from yielding to mere angry passions. It will sustain even now in the background of our minds an awareness of the other great call which will await us, when this tyranny of evil is overpast, to strive for a truly just and lasting peace. More than this, prayer is the submission of ourselves to the Will of God. Just as we have put ourselves at the disposal of our country, so in prayer we put ourselves at the disposal of our God. If this be done simply and honestly even we, each one, may be found worthy of being His instruments in the fulfilment of His purpose. So let us fall to prayer. . . We shall try so to pray, with such earnestness and intensity, as if each one of us were the sole intercessor with God for the brave men who are set in the midst of so many and great dangers, for the men, women and children who have been driven from their homes, for our own country, and for the world. Here in the stillness of this church, moved by all the memories which surround us, we commit ourselves and our cause to God.'

Conflict Against Evil

"And what of the cause for which we are interceding with God? As the Archbishop said, we do not pray to God in any mood of self-righteousness. He knows how much there is to repent of in our personal and national life, in our neglect of Him and of the let of multitudes of our own people. But now we have been called upon to take our place in a mighty conflict against the powers of evil.

"To hesitate to brand this force which has been let loose upon the world as essentially evil would be to scorn all those moral standards which have been slowly and painfully established by mankind to give security and honour to common life. Strength comes to soul and will when moral issues are thus simplified. In a man's own life, when his conscience is confronted by a clear conflict of right and wrong, if there is any worth in his manhood he will abhor the evil and cleave to the good. Whatever he may lose of ease or advantage, he will at all costs keep the integrity of his soul. So in this present struggle we dare not falter in holding to what we believe to be right, whatever it may cost. This steadfastness is a trust we owe to our conscience, to our country, to the world, and—we dare to add—to God.

Far Removed From Trouble

"Sometimes we feel out here that we are far removed from this struggle, that there is no part in it for us to play, except perhaps for those younger and more able-bodied men who are fortunate enough to be in a position to offer themselves for active service in some part of the Empire. But it seems to me that, even though many of us have to sit and look after our own affairs in this distant country, thereby at least in many cases maintaining long-established and valuable national interests, we can every one of us so conduct our lives as to make a real contribution to the cause, whether in doing the work of others, of by a greater frugality which will enable us to shoulder a larger share of the terrible financial burden our country has to bear.

"I think it is as true of us as of our fellow-nationals throughout the Empire that each one of us has a part to take and a place to fill which can be taken or filled by no one else. He or she must think or act as if on him or her alone the issue hung. The suggestion has been made, and the intention of it is right, that we should all have imprinted on our minds and hearts the words 'It all depends on me.'

Ideals of Liberty and Justice

"It is Britain, the country that is dearer to most of us here today than anything else on earth, that now stands between us and the ultimate victory of a system which we believe to be the negation of the spirit of tolerance and freedom. As an influential American journal recently said, 'while Britain stands, there is a chance to stop the trend towards utter lawlessness and anarchy which today spreads the threat of robbery by violence round the world. While Britain stands, there is hope that the ideals of Christianity, liberty, justice, enlightenment and tolerance will have free opportunity to develop.'

"Today the enemy knocks at the very gates of England, but so he has often done before, and as at those times, her people prepare to resist with all the powerful means at their disposal, and bend their knee in prayer. Shorn of their allusions to the conflicting doctrines of the day, the words of Queen Elizabeth's prayer at the coming of the great Armada seem peculiarly appropriate to the present occasion:—We do instantly beseech Thee of Thy gracious goodness, to be merciful to us at this time compassed about with most strong and subtle adversaries. O! let Thine enemies know that Thou has received England into Thine own protection. Set a wall about it, O Lord, and evermore mightily defend it. Let it be a comfort to the afflicted and a help to the persecuted and oppressed. Direct and go before our armies both by sea and land. Bless them and prosper them, and grant unto them honourable success and victory. Thou art our help and shield. O! give good and prosperous success to all those that fight this battle against Thine enemies.

"Britain Does Not Stand Alone"

"Britain today does not stand alone, for her sister Dominions, her kindred across the seas, and her friends in many lands outside the Empire, stand by, ready to give her all the assistance in their power. And we can still take comfort in the words of the great American poet: Britain! I see her in her old age—but still young, and still daring to believe in her power of endurance, with strength still equal to the time.

"And finally, I will quote the inspiring message issued on July 1 by the Archbishops of Canterbury and York to the nation: We can rely on the wonderful unity of the people. We can rely on the heroic courage of sailors, soldiers and airmen, and on the no less heroic devotion of workers in coal mine and shipyard, in factory and field. But in the last resort it is upon the spirit of the whole nation, of every man and woman within it, that the issue will depend. There is one power that can always overcome fear. It is faith—faith in God, faith that God reigns. Humbly but confidently, we can commit our cause to Him."

Shots Exchanged as M.P. Surprise Armed Robbers

Several shots were exchanged by police and armed robbers when a gang was surprised while engaged in holding up the residents of a house on Lane 1223, Ferry Road, last night. The gang of five men, one of whom had a pistol, entered the house and intimidated the inmates, stealing some money and valuables. An alarm was raised by one of the tenants, and the police came on the scene just as the bandits were leaving the house. The police opened fire on the fleeing gang, the fire being returned.

Up to a late hour last night the matter was still being investigated.

★Nazis Lose 88 Planes In Massive Raids

(Continued from page 1)

gradually sink to the earth in a parachute as fierce fights proceeded around him.

A squadron of 20 German bombers flew over another area where a United Press correspondent said, "I saw many pilots bailing out during the terrific battles overhead. I was standing in a suburban railroad station when the station master shouted, 'Everybody to shelters.' The people had hardly reached the shelters when two terrific explosions nearby shook the vicinity."

The crash of bombs at many points in the city, the staccato bark of anti-aircraft fire and the whine of fighters battling in the sky created an inferno. A pall of smoke drifted high overhead. At one time, the anti-aircraft fire ceased like magic and British fighters drove to the attack and broke up the German formations, then engaged individual German bombers in aerial combat. Reports from many sections said a large number of planes had fallen.

It was estimated that between 400 and 500 German planes participated in one attack on the London area. swarms of fighters protected the raiding bombers.

"Archies" Pepper Skies

From the United Press observation tower high over the city United Press correspondents could see bombs dropping over a wide stretch of the horizon. Anti-aircraft guns peppered the sky as the raiders swept in toward the city. The roar of planes was almost deafening.

After the British defences had driven off the first attack, the raiders reformed and returned within a few minutes to drop a large number of bombs. United Press correspondents saw the flashes of six bombs, after which dense smoke arose in a black column.

Shortly afterwards, three German planes appeared high overhead, followed by 12 others flying in an arrowhead formation which anti-aircraft gunfire quickly broke up.

Thirty or forty planes were seen engaged in a fierce fight over one section of the city. In another district 15 raiding planes were driven back by the terrific anti-aircraft gunfire and British fighters. The raiders were seen approaching from the direction of the coast. They were forced to describe a wide circle and then withdraw toward the coast. Watchers on the ground saw one pilot bale out.

Dog Races Interrupted

Between 5,000 and 6,000 persons narrowly escaped death or injury when a bomb fell on a greyhound racing track. Spectators awaiting the first race dived under the stands or lay down on the seats when the bomb fell. None was hurt.

Several bombs fell in the direction of the Thames Estuary during one attack, after earlier attacks had been dispersed. Fresh formations of raiders clashed with British fighters over the Estuary. The Germans hurriedly jettisoned their loads of bombs and fled, according to eye witnesses.—United Press.

Soccer Crowd Sees Battle

London, Sept. 8.

London, which had a second warning at 7.32 p.m., was ringed with air battles for more than an hour yesterday evening, following greatly intensified German aerial activity during the afternoon.

From aerodromes on every side, Spitfires and Hurricanes flew to challenge the first big Nazi assault on the capital and docks.

Not all raiders reached the London area. Some spread over the south for aerodromes in Surrey, Kent and Essex, others concentrated on docks.

The fiercest fighting, however, raged from east London down to the Thames estuary. In this area alone over roof tops of factories and wharves at least 15 raiders were brought down.

Four thousand people at a football match had a grandstand view of the air battle. They were so engrossed that they forgot the risks of falling shrapnel and cheered when one plane was apparently hit by anti-aircraft fire and fell in smoke and flames.

One spectator said the German machines dropped bombs in the distance before being caught in a fierce anti-aircraft barrage. Flying above the balloon barrage, the German planes dropped 15 bombs which caused fires.

Polish Squadron Engaged

Roaring over London, a Polish Squadron of Hurricanes met the enemy and drove him down the Thames estuary, five bombers and three fighters crashing down. One of 11 Polish pilots is missing.

A communique issued by the Air Ministry and Ministry of Home Security states: "Enemy attacks have been concentrated in the London area tonight, and it is now apparent that the scale of his attacks on London has been the longest.

"Our defences have actively engaged the enemy at all points and the civil defence services are responding admirably to all calls being made upon them.

"The action proceeds and a further statement will be made in the late hours."

London's Motto—"Carry On"

From early Saturday evening until dawn today German raiders were flung against London, but all Herr Hitler's venom and the striking power of the Luftwaffe failed to cow London, whose motto this morning was—as usual—"Carry on." This being the first Sunday after the anniversary of the declaration of war, the day was observed as a national day of prayer.

A roof-top view of practically all sides of London this morning showed that all fires were under control. There were still columns of smoke climbing into the morning air from the direction of the Thames Estuary, but no flames were visible.

While it was on, the raid yesterday was the most spectacular London had ever known, but it apparently failed to be more than locally severe at the very most. Buildings of no military importance are said to have suffered.

The city's fire-fighters fought heroically, and thanks to them fires in industrial and other property appeared to be well localized.

Civilian Courage Praised

Praise for the high courage and resolution with which the civil population accepted the German challenge, and a tribute to civil defence services, are contained in a communique issued this morning by the Air Ministry and the Ministry of Home Security.

The German bombing yesterday, says the communique, was widespread, and in the later part the attack appeared to be indiscriminate. Damage was severe, but viewed against the background of the war is not serious.

The major weight of the German offensive was concentrated on both banks of the Thames east of the city, especially on the riverside, where three extensive fires and a number of others were caused. Much damage was done, and a number of persons were rendered temporarily homeless, but they were successfully removed from the danger area and immediate steps were taken to provide them with food and shelter.

Utility Plant Bombed

Bombs also fell on a utility plant in this area, and some services were seriously interfered with. Many bombs were dropped in docks of the Port of London Authority, and a large fire was caused in docks south of the river. Elsewhere, some warehouses were damaged and several barges set on fire.

Attacks on other parts of London were not comparable in magnitude, continues the communique, but many bombs were dropped. In south London two schools were seriously damaged, a fire was caused in central London, and houses were demolished in various districts.

Throughout all these cases, civilian defence services speedily and successfully dealt with the tasks imposed upon them, including the evacuation of several hundred civilians from one area rendered dangerous by fire, assisting to restore road and rail communications, which suffered considerable interruption, although trunk lines were not seriously affected, and more particularly fire-fighting, which imposed a heavy task upon the fire services, many of whom carried on the work under bombardment.

Oil Installation Blaze

In Great Britain outside the London area, the only report of major damage came from an oil installation on the lower Thames, were a large fire was caused.

These attacks, says the communique, much exceeded in scale any that preceded them, and heavy casualties were incurred. In view of the number of incidents, many of them of a minor character, which occurred during the night, any casualty figures given now, declares the Air Ministry, must be regarded as approximate.

Indiscriminate Bombing

The indiscriminate nature of much of the bombing yesterday is illustrated by the destruction of many houses in quiet roads far from any public or important building.

It is estimated that nearly 70 bombs of all calibres, including incendiary, were dropped on three south-east London districts, badly damaging about 27 working class houses, blowing up shops and cutting off electrical power.

Among bombs better aimed were some which slightly damaged a power station, although one new type of bomb—a canister containing an incendiary shell—struck a Roman Catholic church half a mile away and started a fire.

A ring of incendiary bombs on the main shipping centre started several fires and damaged houses and buildings.

German losses in their first daylight mass raid on London represented nearly a quarter of the raiding force, states the Air Ministry news service. Battles were fought from the Straits of Dover to the Thames Estuary. Large numbers of raiders were destroyed or turned back, but those which eluded the cordon of fighters had to run a gauntlet of a curtain of gunfire before reaching the docks, which were their chief objective.

A Hurricane squadron composed of Canadian pilots achieved the second best score of the day by destroying four Dorniers and seven Messrschmitts, while Czechoslovak pilots accounted for a Dornier and four Messrschmitts.

Spitfire squadrons, both regular and auxiliary, also did well over the Down and the Thames, destroying four bombers and nine fighters for certain and 11 more German aircraft probably. One of these auxiliary squadrons fought a dogfight over London and definitely destroyed a Dornier and five Messrschmitts, and probably destroyed six more German aircraft and damaging three more.

Babies Die in Shelter

Children sleeping in perambulators and mothers with babies in their arms were killed when a bomb exploded in a crowded shelter in an east London district during last night's raids, writes a Press Association reporter, who visited the shelter afterwards.

A bomb fell directly on a ventilation shaft. This was the only vunlnerable place in a powerfully protected underground shelter accommodating over 1,000 people. The bomb fell just as families from scores of nearby streets were settling down in the shelter to sleep there for the night. Three of four roof support pillars were torn down, and about 50 people lay stunned in heaps.

Several other bombs also fell in this area. The roof was slahed off a church, while another bomb glanced off the top of a block of flats, leaving the walls hanging over into the streets. Business premises were also wrecked.

A west London district had a good share of the German night bombing, and some damage was done to property, but there were few casualties. Three blocks of luxury flats, two containing 800 elderly men, women and children and the other about 300 people, were practically untouched, although in the heart of the bombed area.—Reuter.

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U.S. Conscription Bill Passed

Measure Now Returns to Senate for Concurrence On Various Changes

Washington, Sept. 8.

The House of Representatives yesterday passed the Burke-Wadsworth Conscription Bill, which now returns to the Senate for concurrence on various changes made by the House during debate on the measure.

The chief amendments made to the bill was the increase in the age limit—21 to 45—and the amendment compelling industry to cooperate in the national defence programme.

The House voted 211 to 31 to revise the bill compelling manufacturers to accept and give priority to Government defence orders under threats of stiff penalties.

As passed by the Senate late last month, the age limit for the draft was set at 21 to 31.

The House rejected by a vote of 241 to 171 the motion to recommit the bill to the Military Affairs Committee, which would have killed it. The House confirmed its earlier action in giving approval to the Fish amendment to delay the draft 60 days, pending a further trial of the volunteer enlistment system.—United Press.

★Vichy on Indo-China Status Quo

(Continued from page 1)

Vichy, Sept. 8.

Chinese troops violated the frontier of Indo-China on September 5, according to a semi-official French dispatch from Hanoi.

"They were driven back by our covering troops after a lively engagement in which we lost one man killed and six wounded," the French dispatch claims.

The conference of French and Japanese authorities at Hanoi, it adds, is continuing satisfactorily and direct negotiations are also proceeding between the Vichy and Japanese Governments in an atmosphere of the greatest cordiality.—Reuter.

Chungking Denies Clash

Chungking, Sept. 8.

Authorized circles here today categorically denied the report that Chinese troops had penetrated into Indo-China territory and had clashed with a French military unit.

These circles added that Chinese troops are at some distance from the Indo-China border and that there cannot be any question of a violation by mistake.—Havas.

Chinese Watch Anglo-American Moves

Agreement Would Check Japanese Aggression

Chungking, Sept. 8.

Washington reports of American-Soviet negotiations for the purpose of checking Japanese aggression in the Dutch East Indies, and also regarding an understanding between Britain and the United States concerning the Far Eastern situation, were splashed under banner headlines in this morning's Chinese newspapers.

The Chinese are watching developments closely, since it is generally believed among them that once Britain and the United States agree to co-operate in the Far East, Japanese aggression will be successfully checked in the near future.—Reuter.

British Planes Bomb Ships Off Norway

London, Sept. 8.

Aircraft of the Fleet Air Arm have again been operating over the coast of Norway, says an Admiralty communiqué.

Skua and Swordfish planes sighted two German supply ships off the Norwegian coast, and promptly attacked. A hit was obtained on one of these, and the ship was last seen abandoned and sinking. The other is said to have been seriously damaged by near misses, and to have been last seen with a heavy list and abandoned by the crew.

These were the only two ships seen. All the raiders are stated to have returned safely.—Reuter.

N.E.I. Ready for Japanese Talks

Agreement on Economic Questions Welcomed in Batavia Broadcast

Batavia, Sept. 8.

Expressing the readiness of the Netherlands East Indies Government to conclude trade agreements with world nations, Mr. Litman, chief of the press section of the N.E.I. Government, in a radio broadcast last Friday night welcomed the coming visit of Mr. Ichizo Kobayashi, Japanese Commerce and Industry Minister, and predicted the success of the negotiations to be held shortly between Mr. Kobayashi and government authorities here.

The appointment of such an outstanding person in Japan's economic circles as Mr. Kobayashi as head of the Japanese mission to the Dutch East Indies, testifies to the importance attached to the economic relations between the two nations, Mr. Litman stated in his radio address.

The East Indies government was, he continued, sure of the success of the coming negotiations, since Mr. Kobayashi has had a remarkable career as a business man and fully realizes the necessity of adequately adjusting the East Indies-Japanese economic relations.

Ready for Agreement

In order to meet the world situation in this important transition period, the Batavia government has adopted appropriate counter-measures and is ready to conclude friendly agreements with world nations relating to industry and foreign trade, he declared.

However, such an agreement would not go beyond the limits of the fundamental policy of the Batavian government, which aims at the betterment of its domestic economy and improvement of its foreign trade, the spokesman of the Netherlands East Indies concluded.

In the meantime, government authorities here are finishing up preparations whole-heartedly to welcome Mr. Kobayashi and other members of the Japanese mission.—Domei.

Japanese Round Up Shansi Reds

Success Claimed in Swift Drive Against Guerillas; Large Booty Gained

Taiyuan, Sept. 8.

The "fleet-footed" Chinese communists who specialize in hit-and-run tactics met their match last week in north-western Shansi as Japanese forces brought to a successful conclusion their eight-day campaign against 10,000 communist troops infesting the area south of the Taiyuan-Shichiachwang Railway, field reports reaching here today disclosed.

Launching their general offensive early on Thursday morning in the neighbourhood of Mafangchen, south of the Taiyuan-Shihchiachwang Railway, Japanese forces dealt, after several hours of fierce fighting, a crushing blow to the Chinese communist troops who lost 4,255 men. The enemy troops taken prisoners by the Japanese forces numbered 450.

The booty gained by the Japanese included 47 light machine-guns, 567 rifles, 17 automatic rifles and 31,000 rounds of ammunition as well as large quantities of military supplies and food stuffs, an official dispatch stated.

This brings the number of war dead to over 10,000 among Chinese communist troops in eastern and north-western parts of Shansi since the opening of the Japanese mopping-up operations against them on August 20, a Japanese army press officer stated here today. "This was the most successful punitive drive, I believe, since the outbreak of the Sino-Japanese hostilities," he remarked in conclusion.—Domei.

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U.S. Not in Need of Latin American Bases at Present

Confidence Expressed in Ability of Strategically Weak Republics to Prevent Acts of Aggression

Washington, Sept. 8.

THE United States Government does not need naval or air bases in Latin American territory at present, as it is confident the nations who are in possession of strategically located territory themselves will take measures to prevent the possibility of aggression by a non-American power, according to informed quarters here yesterday.

The demand in various quarters for additional bases, especially for the protection of the Pacific entrance to the Panama Canal, have not met with favour in any branch of the Government.

President Roosevelt and the Secretary of State, Mr. Cordell Hull, are confident that the assurances of mutual co-operation for the defence of the continent, which have been made by various Latin-American countries, can be taken at their full value and the United States need not be concerned at this time with establishing bases in South America, according to informed circles.

Furthermore, experts agree that the Galapagos Islands might make a suitable base, but Cocos Island is so rocky and mountainous and the winds are so adverse during the average day there that it could not be of much utility.

No Politial Attack Seen

The question of defending the Pacific entrance to the Canal is not considered so pressing, as no strong potential enemy at present might desire to attack it from the west, experts said.

The United States Navy in the Pacific is vigilant, and bases along the defence triangle—Panama, Hawaii, Alaska—are being daily strengthened.

On the other hand, the Administration has been seriously concerned regarding the possibility of Nazi infiltration in Latin-America and possibly even invasion. That s the reason that the recent speech of the U.S. Ambassador to Paris, Mr. William Bullitt, in which he said the United States is now in as much danger as France was a year ago, has been quoted frequently in official circles as the key to the Administration's views. The speech was the prelude which helped prepare public opinion for the destroyer-for-bases deal with Britain.

Ring of Steel Built

With eight new bases, which, when built will form a "ring of steel" from Newfoundland to British Guiana, being constructed, the United States feels much stronger against a possible German invasion.

The Pacific situation is now regarded as much more favourable and therefore there is expected to be a lull in the demand for more bases, although the chiefs of staff of the Army and Navy would like additional bases between the Panama Canal and Hawaii.

While the Administration is grateful for the cooperation of Ecuador and Costa Rica, does not now feel it necessary to start diplomatic negotiations for leasing bases on the Galapagos and Cocos Islands.

The future is unpredictable, but at present, tension is even less than at the time of the Havana conference—principally because of England's resistance to the German aerial *blitzkrieg*.—United Press.

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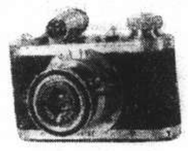

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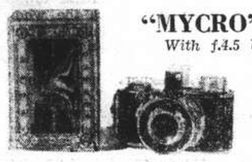

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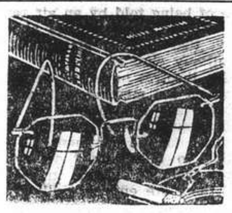

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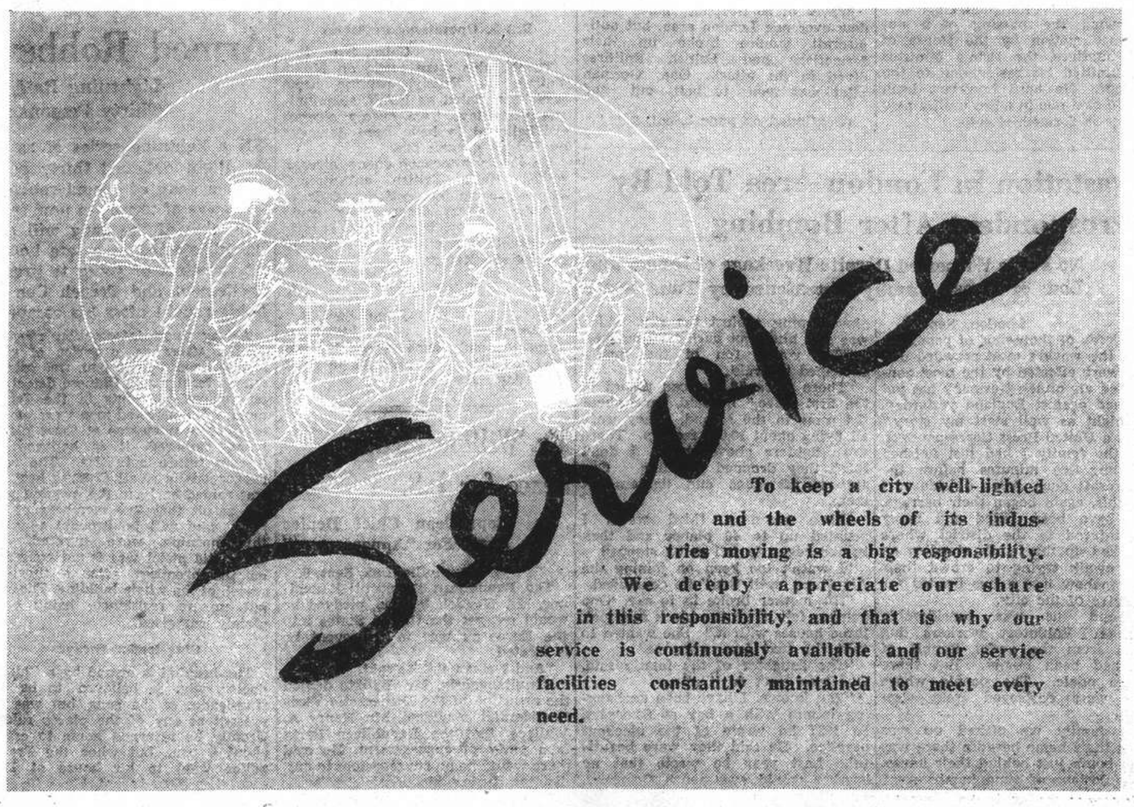

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Morning Intercession at Union Church, Cathedral

Sermons by Rev. W. H. Hudspeth and Bishop Curtis Emphasize Vital Necessity for Prayer

THE value of intercessory prayer in times of national crises was the theme of a very earnest and thoughtful address given by the Rev. W. H. Hudspeth, secretary of the British and Foreign Bible Society, at a largely attended service of intercession held yesterday morning at Union Church in response to the appeal of H.M. the King and the President of the United States that the day be set apart as a day of special prayer on behalf of their respective nations at this time of world crisis.

A specially prepared form of service was used and included prayers for the King and his Ministers and all in authority; the men of the Army, Navy, Air Force and all "who are called to tasks of special peril, on the land, in the air, on and beneath the sea;" for all doctors, nurses, and others engaged in Red Cross work; and a petition that "we who live in these anxious times may be saved from all pettiness and self-seeking, may be filled with a gallant and undaunted spirit, and be diffusers of life, invigorating all we meet."

The hymns sung were "All people that on earth do dwell," "Eternal Father, strong to save," "Immortal Love; for ever full," "To Thee our God we fly'" and, following the Benediction, "God save the King." The offertory taken was on behalf of the British Red Cross funds, and amounted to $525.13.

Mr. Hudspeth's Address

Mr. Hudspeth selected as his text the words "My Father worketh hitherto, and I work" (St. John v. 17). or, as Dr. Weymouth translates it—and this, said the preacher, brings out the point I wish to emphasize—"God is still working, and so am I." They were gathered that morning in unison with congregations throughout the British Commonwealth of nations humbly and earnestly to ask God's help in a time of grave national crisis. It was natural therefore that on such an occasion their thoughts should centre around the question of praying to God. As soon as this subject is mentioned a hundred questions run through the mind. Is prayer necessary? Does it do any good? How should we pray? These and many such queries fill the mind. That we should pray is one of the things Jesus insisted on. To pray was a habit of His own life, and at times He appears to have spent long hours in ardent supplication. In two of His great parables—that of the Publican and that of the Prodigal Son—Jesus emphasized that the chief thing to be prayed for is forgiveness. That ought to be one of the first objects of their prayers on such an occasion. Before God, individually and as a nation, they had no special claim to God's aid, no ground for self-congratulation. "All we like sheep have gone astray; we have turned every one to his own way." Their prayers should be, in the first place, those of a penitent. They should confess with shame and with sorrow all that has been evil in their country's history, and all that even now makes the nation unworthy to be called a Christian people.

In a further parable—that of the Unmerciful Servant—Jesus taught His followers that if their prayers are to be really worth-while it is absolutely indispensable that those who offer them possess a forgiving spirit. Unwilling to forgive makes prayer ineffectual; and however hard it may seem to some these days he felt it his duty as a Christian minister to remind those present that intercessions for their enemies should be included in their prayers. Such was the teaching of His in whose name they were gathered that day.

Making Prayer Effective

The real power of prayer lies in the union of man's will with God's will, or, put in another way, he would say that, to be effective prayer should be offered in active cooperation with God's plan for the universe. An old Latin proverb says: "To work is to pray." That is not the whole truth, but the entire bent of a Christian's life should be the doing not of his own will, but of God's. Prayer is not a kind of magic; it is not an exercise to bend God's will to our purpose. It is not leaving to God duties we ourselves ought to undertake. It is not a substitute for industry and forethought. "We are ask, seek and knock as a sculptor asks, seeks and knocks when out of wood or stone he carves a lovely statue, or as a painter who with oil or water portrays a beautiful picture. To pray in the Christian sense is to work together with God. It is to bring our wills into such complete harmony with God's, that God will be able to accomplish His will through us."

Unless this spiritual union—this oneness with the Father—is made a very vital thing in the Christian life the bearing of fruit would be impossible. An invisible contact must be maintained between God and those who profess to be His followers, "so that when faced with such a situation as we are witnessing today, when life becomes dark and incomprehensible God's comforting, assuring, heartening voice can reach us, giving new hope, new courage, fresh confidence."

At the Cathedral

The Rt. Rev. John Curtis, Bishop of Chekiang, was the preacher at the Cathedral in the morning, when the congregation joined in special intercession and prayers.

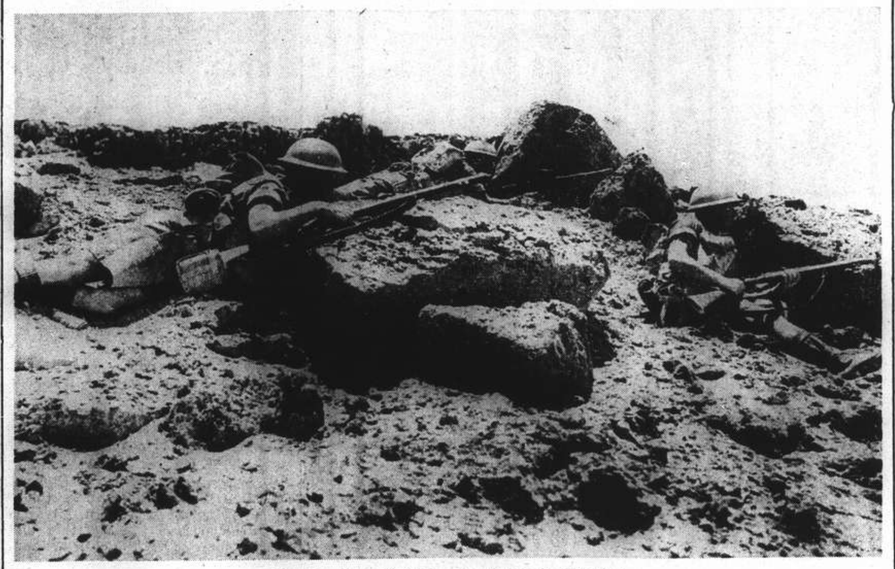
Bishop Curtis took as the subject of his sermon "Prayer". Under several headings—what is prayer, when to pray; how to pray; why to pray, and others—he gave a moving address, based on the question in the Catechism: "What desirest thou of God in this prayer?" And the answer: "I desire my Lord God, our Heavenly Father, who is the giver of all goodness, to send His grace unto me, and to all people; that we may worship Him, serve Him, and obey Him, as we ought to do. And I will pray unto God that He will send us all things that be needful both for our souls and bodies; and that He will be merciful unto us, and forgive us our sins; and that it will please Him to save and defend us in all dangers ghostly and bodily; and that He will keep us from all sin and wickedness, and from our ghostly enemy, and from everlasting death. And this I trust He will do of His mercy and goodness, through our Lord Jesus Christ. And therefore I say Amen, So be it."

After briefly pointing out the comprehensiveness of this answer—"all things that be needful for both our souls and bodies", and "that it will please Him to save and defend us in all dangers ghostly and bodily"—the Bishop concluded on the note that prayer for the young men who were daily diving to their death, or sinking to their graves in steel coffins, and otherwise risking their lives in the cause, was the duty of everybody.

Special prayers of intercession were led by the Dean, and the Service finished with "God Save the King."

Prayers for Peace

Prayers for an early restoration of peace in Europe were also offered at the Church of Christ the King on Rue Bourgeat at the morning service yesterday.



Facing the Italians on Egypt's Border

This official British photograph gives an idea of the rough nature of the terrain on the Egypt-Libya border where Italian troops are said to be massing. Picture shows a famous Scottish infantry regiment in position among the rocks. All precautions have been taken to meet any attempted Italian drive.

Political Council Asks for Meeting

Chungking, Sept. 8.

More than 30 members of the National People's Political Council, headed by Mr. Tso Jun-sen, have petitioned General Chiang Kai-shek, chairman of the council, for an early convocation of the council, in view of the "serious external and internal situation, so that the views of members of the council on various issues may be heard for consideration by the Government."—Reuter.

Kidnapped Chinese Rescued

Outside Roads Police Capture Four in Fierce Gunbattle in House

While investigating a robbery during a house-to-house search, the Shanghai Special Municipality Police in the western district heard a man shouting for help inside a house and when they broke in, they unexpectedly rescued a kidnapping victim after a fierce exchange of shots with four kidnappers, all of whom were arrested. The rescued man is Ching Ben-jen, manager of the Jen Feng Rice Shop in Brenan Road, who was carried away on September 3 by a group of kidnappers driving in a Johnson hire car. He has returned home safely, after undergoing interrogation at the Chinese police station.

Ching's rescue was effected in a most thrilling and interesting manner on Thursday morning by some police officers and men attached to the new Chinese city régime, who never dreamed that he was held a prisoner in a small house just behind a Chinese funeral parlour in the extra-Settlement road area near Connaught Road known as the World Funeral Bureau. In a way, they were helped by some robbers in the rescue work, because they were trying to arrest the robbers when they discovered Ching. The robbers, who held up a bicyclist, are still at large, however.

House to House Search

The bicyclist was waylaid by several gunmen who robbed him of more than $10 and decamped. This happened in the vicinity of Connaught Road and since the desperadoes fled into the Chinese area, the victim reported the case to the Chinese who took up the chase immediately. But the bandits were nowhere to be seen and so the officers started a house-to-house search. To their surprise, they suddenly heard a man shouting "help, help" in a house where they were knocking. There was no one to open the door and the officers were greeted with a volley of bullets just as they were trying to break in. No one was hurt but when they got in, there was a fierce exchange of shots.

The exchange resulted in four kidnappers being arrested, but it could not be ascertained yesterday whether or not there were any casualties. Questioned about the case, an officer of the Western District Police Bureau merely said that the four kidnappers had been handed over to Political Police of the new Nanking régime in Jessfield Road. It was reported that one of the kidnappers was hurt. The victim was found by the police wrapped up in a dirty matshed.

The Shanghai office of Nanking's Political Police recently advertised for information to be furnished by relatives of kidnapped victims so as to facilitate investigations. Several kidnappers have already been arrested by this police force and executed by firing squads. Rumours are being circulated that the four kidnappers arrested on Thursday have met with the same fate.

Local Merchants In Sorry Plight

May See Many Failures; Mid-Autumn Settlement Blockade Stops Trade

Many Chinese merchants in Shanghai can hardly be expected to pass the Mid-autumn Festival (September 16) safely because they have suffered a setback in business, chiefly due to inconvenience in communications caused by the blockade. Reviewing the local Chinese trade situation, the Shing Sheng News Agency pictures a gloomy outlook for the mid-autumn settlement day, asserting that the days of the "consumption prosperity" have now passed.

It is explained that there had been a trade boom in Shanghai following the conclusion of the hostilities here, but with the closing of the Indo-China and Burma routes and the blockading of coastal districts, native goods manufacturers in Shanghai have not been able to develop their sales in the interior. Having bad debts, some factories have been forced to close. More factories and shops have recently been closed, the report states.

As it is difficult to get back loaned money, the Shanghai Office of the Joint Office of the Four Government Banks is said to have been very restricted in granting credits to merchants as a counter policy against speculation and profiteering. Only smaller sums have been granted, as compared with before. In August, the sum advanced to merchants amounted to $16,000,000.

Chinese merchants, however, are trying their best to make both ends meet. While doing their best to return money to their bankers they are collecting bills despite difficulties. They admit that they may not be able to pass the festival safely and predict that more hardships are ahead if the situation does not improve.

Chinese "Aviation Day" On November 28

In order to encourage Chinese to be air-minded the Chinese Government at Chungking has officially set aside November 28 as "Aviation Day," for nation-wide observance. According to Chinese evening reports, it is the day on which large-scale anti-air attack exercises were held in Nanking six years ago.

Wheat Dealers May Resume Trade Here

Efforts of S.M.C. Said Bearing Fruit; Outlook Optimistic

The demand for family bread in the International Settlement has gone up threefold since the Municipal Council gave prominence in the columns of the "North-China Daily News" to this staple, an official of the price investigation office of the Council stated recently.

The official disclosed that the daily output of 6,000 pounds of the family loaf of two months ago is now being replaced by an output of 1,800 pounds. The same official a month ago deplored the lack of public interest in the endeavour of the Council to place in the market a low priced and palatable bread. In spite of publicity given by the Council, he said, many people told him they had heard nothing about the family bread.

The price of the family loaf, the official continued, was still 38 cents per pound although everything else has gone up in price recently. This has been made possible as the price of Chinese flour still stands at fifteen dollars per bag, extra middle quality, used in the baking of the family bread sold in the various bakeries in the Settlement.

Speaking of domestic wheat, he said there was no acute shortage of local stocks although there have been only limited arrivals. Prices have not gone up, but show an upward tendency.

The Council he said, has been endeavouring to induce a number of the bona fide Chinese wheat merchants who closed business for political and other reasons to resume operations. The future outlook, he said, is optimistic and there is every indication that the merchants would get back to the trade.

Korean Sets Glider Record for East

Covers 96 Kilometres in Flight at Changchun

Changchun, Sept. 7.

Glider Pilot Ryuzo Asakawa of the Korean Aviation Federation set a new all-Japan and Manchoukuo long-distance record by covering 96 kilometres in his glider, breaking the former mark of 71 kilometres.

The record mark was set during the all-Manchoukuo Glider Contest held at the Changchun West Aerodrome.

Asakawa is the holder of the endurance record also, having remained in the air for 4 hours and 42 minutes some time ago.

The glider he used in setting the new mark was a Japanese built Dragon Fly model and was released at an altitude of 2,000 metres over Santaclintzu. Asakawa then headed towards Changchun where he landed after 2 hours 11 minutes and 30 seconds in the air.—Havas.

General Smuts Says Hitler Has Lost

Capetown, Sept. 8.

A petition signed by over 634,000 South Africans asking for "peace through victory" was handed to Gen. Jan Christian Smuts at a large gathering here last night. General Smuts said he felt absolutely convinced now that Herr Hitler had lost the war. He saw in the Anglo-American agreement a little cloud which one day would let loose a thunderstorm that would overwhelm Hitler.

Huge Kidnapping Ring Smashed

Japanese and Settlement Police Cooperation Ends Abduction of Children

The smashing of a huge kidnapping ring through the joint efforts of the Shanghai Municipal Police and the Japanese Consular Police, was revealed yesterday afternoon at the regular Japanese press conference by a spokesman of the Japanese Embassy.

Towards the close of last year, the spokesman said, the wholesale kidnapping of small Chinese children in Shanghai was rampant. He added that through the intensive efforts of the Shanghai Municipal Police and the Japanese Consular Police, most of the cases have been cleared up. As reported in the "North-China Daily News" suspects already have appeared in court here.

Giving a summary of the activities of the kidnapping ring and the subsequent arrest of the leaders, the spokesman declared, "The apprehension of a few of the men involved in the kidnapping ring in April of this year revealed that appoximately 30 Chinese children, between five and six years of age, had been kidnapped in Shanghai, taken to Amoy and subsequently sold to a Chinese named Su Ts-san.

"In taking the children from Shanghai to Amoy, the kidnappers employed a Chinese woman who passed herself off as the mother of the tots.

Ring Leader Caught

"Having this information, the Shanghai Municipal Police approached the Japanese Consular Police on June 19 and requested the cooperation of the Japanese authorities in bringing the kidnappers to justice.

"In view of the serious nature of the crime, the Japanese Consular Police immediately took steps to cooperate in efforts to apprehend the criminals.

"Su, who seemed to be the ringleader of the kidnapping group in Amoy, eluded the authorities for some time by frequently changing his hiding place in the Kulangsu International Settlement.

"Su, however, was apprehended on July 24, partly through the information which the Shanghai Municipal Police gave to the local Japanese Consular Police authorities who forwarded the information to the Japanese police in Amoy.

"When the Shanghai Municipal Police was informed that Su had been caught in Kulangsu, they despatched a Japanese member of the force to Kulangsu on August 2.

"Upon his arrival in Amoy, and upon the basis of Su's confessions, a further investigation was made resulting in the arrest of Su's accomplices. Most of the children who were kidnapped, totalling almost 100, were brought back to Shanghai."

Grynszpan Turned Over to Germans

Vichy, Sept. 8.

The Petain Government has delivered Herschel Grynszpan, young Jewish refugee who assassinated Ernst von Rath, German Embassy Attache in Paris, in 1938, to German military authorities under the terms of the armistice, it was disclosed here yesterday.—United Press.

Ecuador President Dies In Plane Crash

Gran Chaco War Hero Also Killed in Disaster

Asuncion, Sept. 8.

The President of Ecuador, General Jose Felix Estigarribia, was killed yesterday when his private plane crashed during his customary weekend flight to the winter resort in the San Bernardino Mountains.

The plane crashed in a fog. The pilot, Major Pepalta, who, like General Estigarribia, was a hero of the Gran Chaco war, was also killed.—United Press.

There will be no return to blondness for John Bennett, at least for some time to come. Cast as an American poung woman visiting Berlin in "I Married A Nazi" at 20th Century-Fox, Joan will go through the picture as a dark brunette, in contrast to the Aryan blondness of the German characters, particularly the blonde Anna Sten who plays the role of the Nazi woman in the story.

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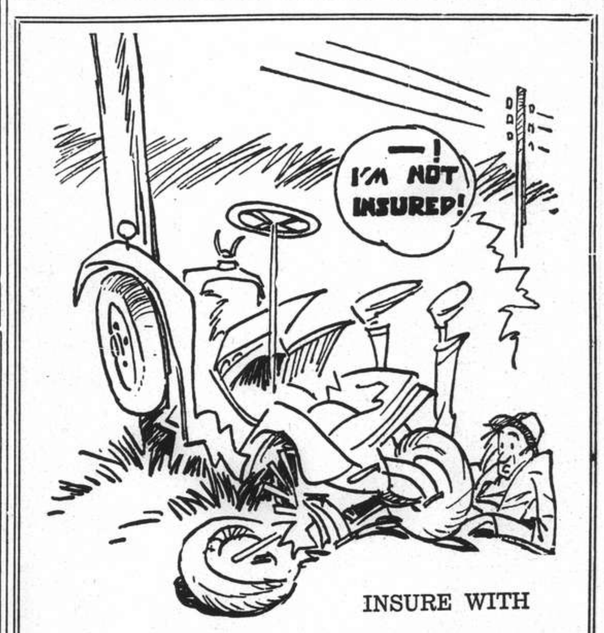

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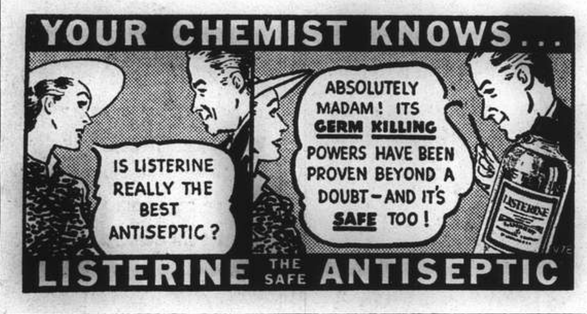

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THE SPORTS PAGE

Carson and Squires Qualify For Doubles Final

Give Beautiful Performance to Vanquish Collaco And Forbes in Straight Sets ; Wang Beats Chang

BRILLIANT sunshine favoured the play-off of the second batch of semi-finals in the Lawn Tennis Championships on the Association courts yesterday afternoon. Taking advantage of the ideal weather conditions a large crowd of spectators assembled in the stands to watch some excellent tennis, in the course of which V. T. Wang overwhelmed T. C. Chang with consummate ease by the wide margin of 6-2, 6-1, 6-1, and L. D. Carson and "Dud" Squires smashed and volleyed their way to victory at the expense of Humberto Collaco and "Jimmie" Forbes to the tune of 6-2, 6-4, 6-2.

Lewis Carson, once again favoured for the singles crown, was the outstanding player of the day and gave every indication, judging from his form in combining with his partner, of snatching the doubles title this year as well.

The singles semi-final between Wang and Chang provided some interesting play in spite of the one-sided aspect of the match. Wang dominated the game from start to finish and, with the issue never in doubt, gave a delightful exhibition of tennis. Chang fought back pluckily but was quite unable to deal with Wang's devastating backhand across the court and his terrific forehand drive from the base-line.

Wang Displays Excellent Form

Chang's best effort came in the first set when he managed to capture two games on his service. After this he fell away and never entered the picture again. In both the second and third sets Wang unaccountably dropped a game on his own service, after he had seemed to have a love set well in hand on each occasion. Apart from these two minor lapses he displayed excellent form and should prove a formidable opponent for Carson in the finals next week-end.

Some sparkling rallies were seen in the doubles semi-final when Forbes and Collaco went down with colours flying to the redoubtable Carson-Squires combination. After a weak start the vanquished couple made a determined effort in the second set and jumped into a 4-1 lead, only to be worn down by the relentless fury of their opponents' attack and lose the set at 6-4. In the third set they again took the initiative to secure two games in a row after being down 3-1, but could not sustain their effort.

In the opening set Forbes started by losing his service and Carson chalked up the second game on his own serve, aided by some beautiful smashing from Squires. The Portuguese star then put over some delightful services to win the third game to love. After that both Carson and Squires attacked with vigour, confining the opposing pair to a defensive resistance from the base line. They quickly reeled off the remaining games to win the set, only once receiving a temporary stop when they dropped another game on Collaco's second service.

Losers Make Big Effort

Collaco and Forbes started the second set with a furious burst which took them into a 3-0 lead. They dropped the fourth game to Squires' service and promptly captured the fifth, to lead 4-1. Just when they appeared in a winning vein, however, their attack lost its vigour and they subsided from the picture under a barrage of smashing vollies and a series of beautifully placed shots along the tramlines. Carson and Squires once again assumed command of the situation and reeled off the next five games to win the set.

The American pair continued on their winning sequence in the third set and piled up a 3-0 lead. Undismayed by this set-back, however, Collaco and Forbes fought their way doggedly back into the picture to break through Carson's service and win the fourth game. In the fifth Collaco regained his serving form and captured the pair's second and last game of the set. In spite of their great effort, the Carson-Squires combination once again came into its own after this, and there was no further stopping the winners. They rapidly took the next three games to secure the match and the right to oppose V. T. Wang and Harry Li in the finals next week-end.

Winners' Flawless Exhibition

Carson's play was a feature of the match and his oblique volleys and powerful smashes earned the applause of the spectators time and again. Both Carson and Squires played delightful tennis and were responsable for some beautiful placing Judged on yesterday's performance, all the indications point to their victory in the doubles final. Already hot favourites for the title, they considerably enhanced their stake for the championship by the flawless exhibition they gave in disposing so effectively of such particularly dogged opposition.

S.C.C. Veterans Overwhelm Recs

Excellent Form Seen in Annual Veterans Match ; S.C.C. Win by 8 Wickets

The annual veterans match between the Shanghai Cricket Club and the Recreation Club was played on the former's ground yesterday and resulted in a win for the S.C.C. side by the over-whelming margin of eight wickets. Both teams displayed excellent form considering the lack of practice, and the efforts of both batsmen and fielders were continually greeted with rounds of applause that were more than merited. The Recs batted first and were all out for 130, in reply to which the hosts amassed 244 for the loss of nine wickets, passing their opponents' score for the loss of only two wickets.

L. T. Lawrance and R. D. Bell took the batting honours when the home side went into bat and scoring runs at an alarming rate they quickly placed their side in a winning position. They knocked up 91 runs in less than forty minutes at which point Lawrance was stumped for a fine 63 which included ten fours and one six. Bell was a little longer over his effort but he eventually reached his fifty and then voluntarily retired.

The Recs began their knock quite well, Main and Veitch putting on 35 for the first wicket. Partnerships were thereafter broken up at regular intervals and though the runs came slowly six players on the side scored double figures. Main was outstanding with a patient effort of 31 which took him 90 minutes to compile. The total eventually reached 130 before the side was out. Rogerson and Sutherton doing best of the bowlers, each securing three wickets at small cost.

Bell Hits Winning Run

Begg was quickly dismissed when the S.C.C. went into bat in the afternoon, the game being an all day affair, but Lawrance and Bell smacked the attack all over the field in an extremely bright partnership. Bell, after Lawrance's dismissal, hit the winning run at 3.45 p.m. but the innings was played out and runs came at a furious pace until a little before 5 p.m. when it was decided that the veterans had had enough and stumps were drawn, the final total being 244 for nine wickets. Hansen bowled effectively for the losers, claiming four victims at a cost of just over nine runs apiece.

Recs' Veterans

J. R. Main, l.b.w. b. Dainton	31
T. Veitch, c. Rogerson, b. Southerton	16
A. M. A. Hansen, l.b.w. b. Southerton	0
J. L. Wade, b. Piper	14
R. J. S. Brandt, b. Rogerson	13
G. N. Manley, b. Arnhold	3
J. M. C. Lopes, c. Dainton, b. Rogerson	9
G. H. Akerman, b. Rogerson	0
A. McLean, not out	13
A. C. Cooper, b. Dainton	0
E. Gifford, c. Piper, b. Southerton	15
Extras	16
Total	130

Fall of Wickets:—1-35 Veitch, 2-35 Hansen, 3-51 Wade, 4-77 Brandt, 5-80 Manley, 6-93 Lopes, 7-93 Akerman, 8-100 Main, 9-100 Cooper, 10-130 Gifford.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Rogerson	12	4	20	3
Arnhold	10	1	39	1
Southerton	4.7	0	23	3
Bell	1	0	6	0
Piper	4	0	18	1
Dainton	3	1	8	2

Piper bowled five wides
Dainton bowled one wide

S.C.C. Veterans

R. D. Bell, retired	50
T. A. T. Begg, c. Wade, b. Brandt	1
L. T. Lawrance, st. McLean, b. Gifford	63
J. K. Brand, c. Hansen, b. Wade	34
A. L. Piper, b. Wade	7
H. Rogerson, c. McLean, b. Hansen	29
A. Lingard, b. Hansen	22
R. G. Southerton, not out	12
C. H. Arnhold, b. Hansen	4
G. W. B. Dainton, b. Hansen	4
N. O. Wunellse, did not bat	—
Extras	18
Total (for nine wickets)	244

Fall of Wickets:—1-5 Begg, 2-91 Lawrance, 3-143 Bell, 4-155 Piper, 5-178 Brandt, 6-208 Rogerson, 7-234 Lingard, 8-240 Arnhold, 9-244 Dainton.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Brandt	5	0	40	1
Cooper	5	0	36	0
Manley	5	0	52	0
Hansen	9	0	37	4
Gifford	2	0	28	1
Wade	5	0	33	2

Wade bowled one wide.

Canidrome Results

1—300 yd. flat.—1, Five Stars II; 2, Dai Wu Day.
Also ran:—Outsider, Oulala, Wild Wind, Jacqueline.
4 lengths.—Time, 18.48.
Win, $31.60. Forecast 6-1 Div. $109.50.
Place, 1st $13.20; 2nd $10.10.

2—300 yd. flat.—1, Chez Marcel; 2, Ocean Belle.
Also ran:—Daleson, Flying Colleen, Beaconsfield, Frisky Bambino.
A head.—Time, 17.51.
Win, $14.60. Forecast 4-6 Div. $68.80.
Place, 1st $9.90; 2nd $15.30.
Double Event 1/2 6-4 Div. $38.

3—440 yd. flat.—1, Best Consort; 2, Woodford.
Also ran:—Le Butin, The Pyramid, Silvoreen, Cute Vagabord.
3 lengths.—Time, 26.36
Win, $24.20. Forecast 3-4 Div. $237.60.
Place, 1st $16.50; 2nd $15.80.
Double Event 2/3 4-3 Div. $52.40.

4—500 yd. flat.—1, Wild Charm; 2, Crummie.
Also ran:—Hielan Lassie, Assurance Eumaeus, Agate.
1 length.—Time, 31.11
Win, $54.50. Forecast 3-5 Div. $239.60
Place, 1st $20.10; 2nd $8.90.
Double Event 3/4 3-3 Div. $369.40.

5—500 yd. flat.—1, Mademoiselle; 2, Peony.
Also ran:—Woodstock Glen, Our Hope, Banque Eve, Black Mask.
1½ length.—Time, 30.64
Win, $9.20. Forecast 1-3 Div. $39.80.
Place, 1st $6.70; 2nd $10.60.
Double Event 4/5 3-1 Div. $79.10.

6—300 yd. flat.—1, Campus Flirt; 2, El Caballero.
Also ran:—Swance, Flintship, Shanghai Mist, Olympia.
1 length.—Time, 30.28.
Win, $12. Forecast 3-6 Div. $35.20.
Place, 1st $7.70; 2nd $8.60.
Double Event 5/6 1-3 Div. $7.90.

7—500 yd. flat.—1, Bright Julie; 2, Cute Vanguard.
Also ran:—The Buck, Tinker Blarney Stone, Great Regret.
A neck.—Time, 30.24.
Win, $21. Forecast 5-6 Div. $117.10.
Place, 1st $11; 2nd $20.90.
Double Event 6/7 3-5 Div. $17.40.

8—500 yd. flat.—1, Reckless May; 2, Grand Slam.
Also ran:—Hopalong, Only Babbler, Clara Fante, Shanghai Life.
½ length.—Time, 29.96.
Win, $14.80. Forecast 2-6 Div. $90.10
Place, 1st $8.40; 2nd $12.90.
Double Event 7/8 5-2 Div. $18.50.

9—500 yd. flat.—1, Grey Vole; 2, Valencia.
Also ran:—Bethany, Buffalo Bill, Great China, Theydon Bois.
½ length.—Time, 29.82.
Win, $10.70. Forecast 6-4 Div. $86.30
Place, 1st $9.10; 2nd $21.80.
Double Event 8/9 2-6 Div. $13.90.

10—500 yd. flat.—1, Reno Beaver; 2, Mentor.
Also ran:—Select Crowd, Funny Business, Amethyst, Gallant Baroness.
½ length.—Time, 29.53.
Win, $30.40. Forecast 2-6 Div. $121.90
Place, 1st $12.80; 2nd $10.90.
Double Event 9/10 6-2 Div. $25.40.

11—500 yd. flat.—1, Alton Arab; 2, Sonny Beaufort.
Also ran:—Chey Maurice, Grand Society, Cordon Orange, Sane Fortune.
4 lengths.—Time, 29.05
Win, $17.40. Forecast 5-6 Div. $158.50.
Place, 1st $8.60; 2nd $10.80.
Double Event 10/11 2-5 Div. $75.20.
Cash Sweep:—1st dog No. 1768; 2nd dog No. 1772; 3rd dog No. 2843
Unplaced:—926, 2975, 2857.

"N.C.D.N." Photo.

Sparrows Beat Troopers in Final of Tyro Cup

Amidst excitement and thrills, the Sparrows scored a convincing win over the Troopers yesterday to capture the coveted Tyro Cup by the margin of either goals to five. Hard riding and fast play were the features of the game. The above photo shows the teams tussling for possession of the ball at one of the throw-ins. The Sparrows are in white.

Sparrows Defeat Troopers in Exciting Final of Tyro Cup

Maintain Lead Throughout Match to Win by Eight Goals to Five ; Hard, Fast Play Feature of Game

By "The Chaser"

IN one of the best Tyro Cup matches seen in recent years, the Sparrows, with the assistance of two-goal handicap maintained their lead throughout the match to beat the Troopers by the score of eight goals to five, to win the Tyro Cup. Both teams went full out from the opening bell and being mounted on speedy ponies set the game at a fast pace which did not slacken until the closing whistle. Much improved play was seen as both sides reverted to team play and little dribbling, and it was mainly the little dribbling that made the players gallop after the ball.

Some good stick work was displayed by both sides, who hit the ball with a certain amount of direction. Martin, although on the losing side, was probably the best player on the field. His long balls often reversed a dangerous situation. He accounted for three points for his side, two of them being scored from difficult angles while the third was the result of rushing the ball up on a solo effort.

It is generally said that wherever there are thrills there are spills and yesterday's extremely exciting game was no exception. Edmund Toeg was sent for a loop when he was thrown from his mount and luckily for him, only his leg hit the boards.

Kops Hit by Ball

Another unfortunate player yesterday was Kops who met a ball from A. V. White's full swing with his chin and sustained a deep cut. Although he continued to play after a fifteen-minute interval, it is understood that a few stitches were necessary later.

It is difficult to say who was the best player for the winners as each member of the team did his share in contributing to the success of the team. A. V. White and Pote-Hunt were a fast pair of forwards and were the spearheads of attack. Rogoff played in the pivot position and although he has not indulged in outdoor polo for very long and has been ill most of this season, it was apparent that he is well versed in this line of sport, as could be seen in the few times that he dribbled. Dribbling in Polo is one thing that is acquired by experience and practice. "Big Bill" Williams was a steady back and hit out some lovely long balls. He scored a remarkable goal when he took a long shot from nearly the centre of the field to send the ball flying beween the posts.

The Sparrows had one goal credited by the imposition of the maximum penalty against a dangerous foul committed by Martin, at the goal mouth in a desperate effort to save a certain goal. In addition to the penalty goal a 40 yard free hit was given but this was not converted.

Toeg recovers from Fall

Toeg's fall must have inspired him to do greater things as no sooner was he back in the saddle, than he galloped away to score a goal. In the last chukker he scored another for his side but the Sparrows were too well ahead for the Troopers to catch up.

In the first chukker the Sparrows had the most of the play and were constant attackers but the Troopers defence was difficult to beat and it was only through the long hitting of Rogoff that the first opening was found and White galloped through to score the first goal. The Sparrows were again away from the throw-in and White's certain goal was blocked by Martin at the goal mouth but Rogoff dashed up to register. The third goal in the first chukker was the penalty goal. The Troopers effected a complete reversal in the tide of the battle when they became the aggressors in the second chukker to go on a scoring spree to chalk up four points while the Sparrows were only able to retaliate once. Edmund Toeg accounted for the first when he confirmed his reputation of being a "dead-eye" by making no mistake with a long pass from Martin.

Martin Earns Applause

Martin scored the next three. His first goal earned him a round of applause. After taking the ball up nearly the whole of the field with two good hits he crowned his effort with a well placed long shot that sent the ball rolling between the posts. His next goal was scored from along the boards while his third was a difficult nearside fore-hander from a sharp angle. White scored the Sparrows only goal in the second chukker with a long shot.

Pote Hunt was the only scorer in the third chukker when he slammed the ball through from a point blank range. Play was inclined to be a bit scrappy. Kops was injured during the chukker but continued to play until the bell.

After several minutes of play in the last chukker Toeg scored for the Troopers while Williams, with only a minute to go, sealed the game by tallying with a long shot to put the Sparrows three goals ahead.

On Tuesday afternoon a fractice game will be held between the two teams competing in the du Rivau Cup, the Veterans and the Youngsters.

Middlesex XI Beat Lord's XI

London, Sept. 8.

In a match for the benefit of the Middlesex Spitfire Fund, a Middlesex XI yesterday beat a Lord's XI at Lord's by 32 runs.

The winners, batting first, ran up 152, of which Hendren was responsible for 45 and Robins 33. Sims claimed four wickets for 59.

The Lord's XI were all out for 120, with Gray emerging with the splendid analysis of six for 24.—Reuter.

Shanghai Parsees Beat Rest in Friendly

Viccajee and Kermani Claim Chief Honours

In a friendly cricket encounter on the Parsees ground yesterday afternoon a team of Shanghai born and bred Parsees defeated the Rest of the Parsee Club by the excellent margin of seven wickets. Some good performances were seen, with Viccajee and F. R. Kermani taking the plums for bowling and batting. Both teams played twelve-a-side and the Rest batted first. They were shot out in quick order, only Mehta, the opening batsman being able to reach double figures. No less than five of the players failed to open their account and with Viccajee and Kermani bowling excellently, wickets fell like ninepins and in very short time the side was out for the paltry score of 36 runs.

The eventual winners started off none too well, losing three wickets cheaply, but A. Tata and Kermani quickly retrieved the situation and passed their rivals' score without further loss.

REST OF PARSEES XII

N. Mehta, b. Viccajee	12
K. H. Shroff, b. Viccajee	3
R. Bana, c. Mistry, b. Kermani	4
S. F. Shroff, b. Viccajee	0
A. Rustomji, b. Viccajee	0
P. M. Charna, c. A. Tata, b. Kermani	4
F. Bhedwar, b. Viccajee	3
D. Commissariat, c. J. Tata, b. Viccajee	1
K. F. Shroff, c. and b. Karanjia	0
R. Umrigar, run out	2
S. J. Shroff, c. J. Tata, b. Viccajee	0
D. Dhotiwala, not out	0
Extras	7
Total	36

BOWLING ANALYSIS

	O.	M.	R.	W.
B. R. Viccajee	10	5	17	7
F. R. Kermani	6	2	8	2
H. P. Karanjia	3	0	4	1
J. B. Tata	4	0	0	0

SHANGHAI PARSEES XII

P. B. Tata, b. Charna	3
E. Viccajee, run out	1
A. Tata, b. S. F. Shroff	27
B. Viccajee st. Commissariat, b. Mehta	4
F. Kermani, c. A. Tata, b. Bhedwar	46
J. Tata, c. Commissariat, b. Bana	4
J. Petigura, st. Commissariat, b. Bhedwar	13
H. Karanjia, b. Charna	6
D. Mistry, b. S. F. Shroff	13
S. Tata, c. Charna, b. Bhedwar	5
P. Talata, c. Bhedwar, b. S. F. Shroff	1
M. Sartari, not out	2
Extra	13
Total	141

BOWLING ANALYSIS

	O.	M.	R.	W.
S. F. Shroff	9.5	2	20	3
P. Charna	6	1	28	2
N. Mehta	4	0	26	1
R. Bana	3	0	15	1
A. Rustomji	1	0	10	0
F. Bhedwar	3	0	18	3
K. F. Shroff	1	0	17	0
S. J. Shroff	1	0	12	0

Radcliff Leading Batter In American League

Walker Now Leads Batting in National League ; Johnny Mize Still First in Home Run Parade

New York, Sept. 8.

RIP Radcliff continued to lead American League batting average as of Thursday, although his percentage slumped by two points from last week. His batting figure now is .348.

Rowell, who led National League percentages last week, slumped to second place, where he is tied with Frank McCormick. In his place rose Walker who is hitting .326.

Johnny Mize of the St. Louis Cardinals maintained his pace in the home run parade, his addition of one homer seeing him lead Jimmy Foxx of the Boston Red Sox by 38 to 35. Hank Greenberg rose to tie Joe DiMaggio in third place with 28 home runs.

Buck Newsom, veteran pitcher of the Detroit Tigers, kept up his margin in the American League hurling, although he lost a game. Schoolboy Rowe in second berth won an additional game. Freddie Fitzsimmons was idle during the week still leading the National League with 13 wins and two losses.

Statistics:—

Batting Averages

AMERICAN LEAGUE

Radcliff	.348
Appling	.340
DiMaggio, Williams	.339
Wright	.337

NATIONAL LEAGUE

Walker	.326
McCormick, Rowell	.322
Hack	.319
Danning	.315

HOME RUNS

Mize	38
Foxx	35
DiMaggio, Greenberg	28
York, Johnson	25

RUNS BATTED IN

Greenberg	114
McCormick	112
Foxx	111
DiMaggio	110
Mize	106

RUNS

Williams	116
McCosky, Greenberg	102
Foxx, Case	96

HITS

Cramer	179
Radcliff	174
Wright	172
McCosky	167
McCormick, Greenberg	166

Pitching Averages

AMERICAN LEAGUE

	Won	Lost
Newsom	17	3
Rowe	13	3
Feller	23	8
Heving	10	4
Russo	12	5

NATIONAL LEAGUE

Fitzsimmons	13	2
Beggs	10	2
Sewell	13	3
Walters	18	9
Tamulis	8	4

—United Press.

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7	5	6	117.10	17.40
8	2	6	90.10	18.50
9	6	4	86.30	13.90
10	2	6	121.90	25.40
11	5	6	158.50	75.20
12				

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Detroit Tie for Lead As Indians Nose-Dive

In Theoretical Tie for First Place With Fourth Successive Win; Only One Game Separates Leaders

New York, Sept. 8.

THE hectic American League race became hotter than ever following victories yesterday by the Detroit Tigers and the New York Yankees and the Cleveland Indian debacle, as a result of which only one game separates the three leaders in the drive down the stretch.

Detroit came into a theoretical tie for first place with the Cleveland Indians when they defeated the St. Louis Browns for their fourth successive win. With the scores tied at four-all, outfielder Bruce Campbell came through with a double, which sent Earl Averill across the plate with the run that ended the ball game.

The New York Yankees, meanwhile, resumed their winning ways, taking a close four too three decision from the fourth-place Bostin Red Sox, to remain a full game back of the leaders. Old Joe DiMaggio, dream outfielder of the world champions, put the game on ice with a homer, with a mate aboard. The victory proved costly to the New Yorkers, however, as Tom Henrich, flashy fly chaser, tore a ligament when he collided with Boston infielder Bobby Doerr while running the bases. Tommy will probably be out a week.

Indians Drop Sixth Game

The nose diving Cleveland Indians dropped their sixth straight game when the Chicago White Sox nosed them out at Cleveland, five to four. Mel Harder, veteran Indian hurler, collapsed in the fourth inning, when the Chicago Lads bunched four singles to drive across as many tallies.

The lowly Philadelphia Athletics spanked the Washington Senators eight to five at the Capital, when two battery errors in the sixth inning gave the A's three unearned runs, to clinch the game. In the first inning, Joe Gantenbein, young Philadelphia infielder, smacked Joe Haynes' first offering for a home run.

In the National League, the leading Cincinnati Reds gained a full game on the second-place Brooklyn Dodgers by taking a duel of veterans from the Chicago Cubs, seven to six. The ancient Charley Root. Chicago pitcher, kept the Reds under control until the ninth inning, when Evel Goodman, Cincinnati outfielder, touched him for a home, which decided the issue.

The New York Giants turned the tables on their nemesis, the Brooklyn Dodgers, by handing them a neat four to one lacing. Norman Young, Giant infielder, smashed a healthy circuit blow with the bases loaded to account for all the New York runs, while Harry Gumbert held the daffy ones to five scattered bingles.

Pirates Demolish Cards

The Pittsburgh Pirates came to within a game of the third place St. Louis Cardinals, whom they defeated in a slug fest, fourteen to nine. The Cards were leading nine to three when they blew up completely in the eighth inning. Arky Vaughn's homer with one aboard and Dominic DiMaggio's homer with two on stole the game away from the Gas House Gang.

In the only double header played yesterday in the major, the Boston Bees buried the Philadelphia Phillies deeper in the cellar with a twin victory, three to two, in ten innings, and three to one, in the nightcap. Glousup's single scored Moore with the winning run in the matinee, while a homer by Max West, with two mates aboard in the third, clinched the nightcap for the Bees.

Scores:

AMERICAN LEAGUE

	R.	H.	E.
New York	4	8	0
Boston	3	8	1
Batteries: Russo, Rosar; Heving, Grove, Foxx.			
Chicago	5	10	1
Cleveland	4	10	1
Batteries: Dietrich, Brown, Tresh; Eisenstat, Dobson, Hemsley.			
Philadelphia	8	16	1
Washington	5	6	5
Batteries: Babich, Hayes; Haynes, Thurman, Monteagudo, Early, Hahn.			
St. Louis	4	11	1
Detroit	5	7	1
Batteries: Kennedy, Swift; Gorsica, Benton, Tebbetts.			

NATIONAL LEAGUE

Brooklyn	1	5	0
New York	4	7	0
Batteries: Grissom, Head, Franks; Gumbert, Danning.			
Boston	3	13	0
Philadelphia	2	13	3
Batteries: Posedel, Berres; Beck, Smoll, Sy Johnson, Warren.			
Boston	3	6	0
Philadelphia	1	11	0
Batteries: Sullivan, Avery, Masi; Pearson, Smoll, Warren.			
Pittsburgh	14	20	2
St. Louis	9	12	1
Batteries: Heintzelman, Bowman, MacFayden, Brown, David, Fernandes; Cooper, Doyle.			
Cincinnati	7	12	1
Chicago	6	10	1
Batteries: Derringer, Thompson, Lombardi; Root, Collins.			

League Standings

AMERICAN LEAGUE

	W.	L.	Pct.
Cleveland	75	56	.573
Detroit	76	57	.571
New York	74	57	.565
Boston	71	60	.542
Chicago	69	62	.527
Washington	56	76	.424
St. Louis	55	79	.410
Philadelphia	48	77	.394

NATIONAL LEAGUE

Cincinnati	84	46	.646
Brooklyn	76	54	.585
St. Louis	66	60	524
Pittsburgh	66	62	.516
New York	65	63	.508
Chicago	62	69	.473
Boston	55	75	.427
Philadelphia	41	87	.320

—United Press.

A BRITISH Admiralty message describes the courage of two Polish merchant navy captains in their determination to preserve their ships for further service in the war. The steamship Stalowa Wola, 3,133 tons, Capt. Destrzembrosz, was at Dakar French West Africa when the French authorities gave instructions that she was not to sail. The captain ignored these instructions and successfully broke out of harbour, dodging the beams of the French searchlights and negotiating the net defences of the harbour. The other ship, the Pulaski, 6,345 tons, Capt. Hurko, was in the inner Harbour at Konakri, French West Africa, and successfully broke harbour at night and escaped, although fired on by shore batteries. The captains have been congratulated by the British Naval authorities on their determination and fine seamanship.

Hilarious Ball Game With Beer at Base

Amateurs and Yangpats In Light-Hearted Mood

Defying all the rules of baseball, the two champions met yesterday afternoon on the Race Course in what might be adequately called a beer contest rather than a ball game, in which the players from the Shanghai Amateurs, champs of the city league, and the crew from the Yangtse Patrol, cellar champs, were mixed up to form two sides.

Failing to find suitable names for the teams, Herbie Gallop christened Ben Schaberg's squad as Kobe and Houser's aggregation as Osaka. Although Kobe emerged victorious over the Osaka by 21 to 13, the score was immaterial to either side which apparently took more interest in the beer barrel placed near the third base than in the final issue of the comedy.

The players shifted around in nearly every inning and even the arbiters quit their thankless jobs to take part in actual playing. In spite of all the irregularities there were some interesting double-plays, pretty catches and hard slugging. Ben Schaberg and Willie Ward each clouted out a homer.

There was a big crowd at the start of the so-called game but as it progressed, many spectators decided to let the teams have the fun all to themselves. However, before all the onlookers had left the stands, the officials got wise and called off the game at the end of the eighth inning.

The box score:—

KOBE (BEN SCHABERG)

	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Jordan, rf., 2b., lf.	6	2	4	4	2	1
Lawler, lf., 2b.	6	4	2	1	0	0
Webb, cf., p.	4	3	3	0	2	0
McMullen, 3b.	6	1	1	0	3	1
Brust, ss., 2b., rf.	5	2	1	0	2	3
J. Ward, 2b., ss., c.	4	2	1	2	2	3
W. Ward, lb., p., lf.	4	2	3	7	0	1
Kabbert, c.	2	2	1	6	0	0
B. Schaberg, c. lb.	3	1	2	3	0	0
Riley, p.	2	1	1	0	2	0
Krause, p., lb.	1	1	0	1	2	1
	43	21	19	24	15	10

OSAKA (HOUSER)

J. Schaberg, 3b., 2b.	5	4	3	5	2	0
Dudley, cf.	4	0	2	0	0	0
Ramick, lb., etc.	5	0	1	7	0	1
Lamneck, ss., p., etc.	5	1	2	0	2	0
Honeycutt, ss.	2	0	0	0	1	0
Houser, 2b., rf., p.	4	1	1	4	5	1
Fielden, rf., 3b.	2	0	1	0	1	0
Murphy, ss., lf.	2	2	1	0	3	0
Holcombe, c.	2	1	0	6	1	1
Huebner, p., ss. etc.	4	3	2	1	1	0
Kabbert, c.	0	0	0	0	1	1
Eaton, p., lf., 3b.	5	1	1	0	1	4
Chief Umpire	0	0	0	0	1	0
	40	13	14	24	19	8

Score by innings:—

Kobe	2 4 1 0 2 0 0 12	—21
Osaka	2 3 1 0 0 1 4 2	—13

Summary:—Earned runs—Kobe 5, Osaka 6. Home runs—J. Schaberg, W. Ward. Three base hits—J. Schaberg 2, Huebner 2, W. Ward, Kabbert, Lawler, Webb, Houser. Two base hits—Jordan 2, J. Ward, Eaton. Stolen bases—Jordan 3, J. Schaberg 2, Houser 2, Webb, J. Ward, Dudley, Ramick, Honeycutt, Holcombe, Huebner. Bases on balls—off Huebner 2, Lamneck 0, Riley 1, Krause 1, Eaton 3, W. Ward 1, Ramick 1, Houser 1, Webb 1. Struck out—by Huebner 1, Lamneck 0, Riley 5, Kause 0, Eaton 3, W. Ward 1, Houser 0, Webb 1. Double plays—McMullen to Jordan to W. Ward, Krause to Jordan to W. Ward, Murphy to Houser to J. Schaberg. Wild pitches — Huebner, Ramick. Passed balls—Kabbert, B. Schaberg, Holcombe 2. Umpires— Middleton (plate), Daly and Murphy (bases). Time of game—2 hrs. 15 min.

Ewo Tennis Club Gives Large Sum to War Fund

Suit Length Of Ewo Cloth Is Raffled And Auctioned

A praiseworthy effort on the part of the Ewo Tennis Club recently resulted in their sending the sum of $1,527 to the Voluntary War Fund. The donation was raised during the course of a single evening at an entertainment which took place on a tennis court placed at the disposal of the Club by the kindness of Mr. Cheetham. Some films taken by Mr. Mather in his "Wanderings in and around Shanghai" were voted a great success by the gathering of about 70 people who were present to watch them.

During the interval a suit length of Ewo cloth, donated by Mr. Cheetham, was raffled and $100 worth of tickets was soon sold. The winner at once gave the cloth back to be auctioned, and after four further auctions the final sale was reached at $150, making a grand total of $600 for the suit length.

A member of the staff then offered to give $100 if four other people would give the same amount. His challenge was at once taken up, resulting in a further $500 being raised.

The grand total for the evening, subscribed from the members and their friends, reached the sum of $1,527, and this was promptly despatched to the Voluntary War Fund.

Conn May Fight Godoy In September

Mike Jacobs Sets Spring For Louis' Next Fight

New York, Sept. 8.

Billy Conn, who on Friday night furthered his chances for a crack at heavyweight champion Joe Louis by knocking out Bob Pastor, may fight Arturo Godoy in Pittsburgh on September 30, according to Promoter Art Roony of Pittsburgh yesterday.

The light heavyweight champion will, however, have to wait till spring before he can meet Joe Louis, Mike Jacobs said. The fight czar added that the dusky champion will not fight before then unless a suitable opponent is found.—United Press.

English Football In Full Swing

League Games Proceed Undisturbed by Roar of Nazi Bombers Overhead

The roar of German bombers overhead, the bark of anti-aircraft gunfire and the friendly whine of British fighters provided a noisy finale to several soccer matches in the London area yesterday.

The first League tables will provide an interesting study, but for some weeks it will be impossible to make a fair estimate of teams' performances, as some teams have either not scored or not been scored against, making it impossible to determine the goal average.

Following their 7-1 victory last Saturday over Southend, Arsenal scored another big win yesterday, trouncing Fulham by five-nil. Arsenal scored all their goals in the first half.

Individual topscorer of the day was Hinsley, who found the net no less than four times for Bradford City, but despite this marvellous performance Bradford were beaten by Hull by 5-4.

There were four hat-tricks. In helping Tranmere to defeat New Brighton by 5-1, Davies scored three in a row in the first half, while Matthews found the net three consecutive times for Bournemouth to beat Bristol City by 5-2, King performed a similar feat for Northampton to trounce Mansfield by 6-1, and Burgess tallied three of Tottenham's four goals to down West Ham by 4-1.

Regional League Results

London, Sept. 8.

Following are the results of regional football games played yesterday:

NORTH

Barnsley 2, Chesterfield 0
Blackburn 0, Liverpool 3
Bradford City 4, Hull 5
Crewe 0, Chester 3
Everton 1 Manchester City 0
Grimsby 2, Lincoln 1
Halifax 1, Sheffield Wednesday 1
Huddersfield 1, Bradford 1
Manchester United 0, Bury 1
Middlesbrough 2, York 1
Newcastle 1, Leeds 0
Oldham 4, Stockport 1
Preston 1, Southport 0
Rochdale 1, Burnley 2
Sheffield United 1, Doncaster 1
Tranmere 5, New Brighton 1

SOUTH

Aldershot 4, Southampton 1
Arsenal 5, Fulham 0
Birmingham 2, Notts Forest 1
Bournemouth 5, Bristol City 2
Cardiff 2, Reading 2
Charlton 2, Millwall 4
Chelsea 2, Brentford 1
Crystal Palace 5, Brighton 2
Leicester 0, Coventry 2
Northampton 6, Mansfield 1
Norwich 2, Muton 2
Notts County 3, Stoke 2
Queen's Park Rangers 3, Clapton Orient 3
Walsall 0, West Bromwich 2
West Ham 1, Tottenham 4

SCOTTISH

Airdrieonians 3, Albion 2
Celtic 0, Rangers 0
Falkirk 3, Dumbarton 3
Hibernian 2, Hearts 1
Motherwell 2, Hamilton 4
Partick 3, Clyde 3
St. Mirren 2, Morton 2
Third Lanark 0, Queen's Park 3

Rugby League

Following are the results of matches played in the Rugby League yesterday:

Batley 15, Leeds 32
Broughton 3, Swinton 9
Featherstone 27, Bramley 5
Hull 3, Halifax 2
Hunslet 16, Huddersfield 11
Keighley 9, Bradford Northern 22
St. Helens 32, Liverpool 15
Salford 30, Leigh 5
Wakefield 8, Castleford 2
Wigan 3, Warrington 2
York 5, Dewsbury 11.—Reuter.

Lumber Workers Hold Ping-Pong Series

Eleven Teams Participate In Table Tennis League

Besides holding classes for apprentices and junior staff members on general commercial knowledge, timber technicalities, etc., the Shanghai Timbermen's Association, which is a new organization devoted to the welfare of lumber workers, also encourages physical culture among its circle.

A ping-pong league was recently inaugurated, with eleven teams participating. The team formed by the Chinese staff of The China Import & Export Lumber Co., Ltd. took part in the finals, held at the Hua Lien Association on September 5, and won the championship, with the very creditable record of 10 victories out of 10 matches played. Za Kee was second, and Kow Kee Timber Co. third.

The prize for the best individual player participating in the series was won by K. Y. Ting, a member of the China Import & Export Lumber Co. squad, and one of their stars in the tourney.

This victory does not end the list of sporting accomplishments recently performed by the Chinese staff of The China Import & Export Lumber Co. A basketball tourney was recently organized among the firms and factories located in the Yangtszepoo district, and a trophy, emblematical of the "Shanghai Eastern District Basketball Championship," was won by the Chinese staff of the China Import & Export Lumber Co. on August 26.

Aitkenhead Wins Singles Title for Fourth Time

First Player to Achieve This Distinction; Police Retain Pairs Championship

R. C. Aitkenhead made an enviable name for himself in lawn bowls yesterday when he defeated C.M. Sequeira in the final of the Singles Championship by 21-20 on the S.L.B.C., thus becoming the first player to have won the title four times. Aitkenhead won his first singles championship as far back as 1918 but he showed that he had lost none of his skill when he emerged victorious once more yesterday. He scored successes in 1923 and again in 1929, but it was not until 11 years had elapsed that he established his supremacy once again.

Yesterday also saw another two finals being decided with W. R. Chisholm's four capturing the Rinks Championship while the combination of C. J. Bull and A. B. Hogg ran away with the Pairs Championship. Chisholm's four scored their triumph after engaging A. M. Gutierrez's rink in a bitter struggle, winning finally by 16-13, the engagement taking place at the Shanghai Lawn Bowls Club. At the same time on the Yangtszepoo Bowling Club green, Bull and Hogg were exerting their supremacy to the extend of a 24-15 victory at the expense of W. J. Monk and W. J. Wrad.

Most Exciting Final

There was no doubt as to which was the most exciting of the finals yesterday. Aitkenhead and Sequeira battled on for 26 ends before they could reach a decision. Sequeira finally lost by a single shot after letting slip a fine chance to capture the tiltle on the 25th head. With an advantage of 20-18, the Hongkew Golf Club bowler needed only a single to gain the upper hand on this end; the play at this stage was so close that a measure had to be taken to see who was laying the critical shot. Aitkenhead's wood was given the decision with the result that the Y.B.C. bowler trailed by only 19-20. A two by Aitkenhead on the next end saw the title pass into his hands.

Actually the competition was not so close throughout as Aitkenhead held a handsome margin of 12-4 on the ninth head after a quick start. Sequeira trailed for nearly the whole game and it was not until the 24th end that he finally saw the lead by 20-18.

High Standard of Play

An extremely high standard of play was produced in this encounter with both players laying their woods well on the kitty for closely-packed ends. Had Aitkenhead maintained his sparkling form which he displayed in the earlier stages of the match he might have obtained a highly impressive triumph. As it was, his efforts began to tell on him and Sequeira was able to give him some stiff opposition.

Despite his adversary's disconcerting lead on the early ends, Sequeira was playing steadily throughout and was biding his time. He made a fine rally and tied the score 13-13 on the 17th end, and thereafter it was anybody's game. Two threes on the 23rd and 24th ends put the Portuguese player ahead for the first time by 20-18.

Sequeira lost on the measure on the next head with the result that Aitkenhead steadied his play to take the championship with a single and a double on the next two ends.

AITKENHEAD Shots	Total	End	SEQUEIRA Shots	Total
0	0	1	1	1
1	1	2	0	1
3	4	3	0	1
2	6	4	0	1
1	7	5	0	1
0	7	6	3	4
2	9	7	0	4
1	10	8	0	4
2	12	9	0	4
0	12	10	1	5
0	12	11	2	7
0	12	12	2	9
1	13	13	0	9
0	13	14	1	10
0	13	15	1	11
0	13	16	1	12
0	13	17	1	13
2	15	18	0	13
1	16	19	0	13
1	17	20	0	13
0	17	21	1	14
1	18	22	0	14
0	18	23	3	17
0	18	24	3	20
1	19	25	0	20
2	21	26	0	20

Exciting Struggle in Rinks

It was a matter of touch-and-go as to who would win the Rinks Championship yesterday. Chisholm's four was able to exert their supremacy only on the last few ends after the score of the two rinks had been running parallel for 18 ends; for the most time, no more than two shots separated the totals of the two teams.

Chisholm's rink, composed of W. R. Chisholm (skip), S. S. Wilkinson, H. McMahon, W. C. Grant, gained their biggest advantage when they had five shots in hand on the 20th end. Their opponents yesterday were A. M. Gutierrez (skip), A. Portaria, E.C.J. Pereira and A. H. Corveth.

The standard of play in this match was not as high as it might have been with there being some scrappy ends. The skips and the No. 3's of both rinks appeared to be in excellent form but the No. 1's and 2's on several occasions sent their woods far too short. A. H. Corveth seemed to be the best of the 1's and 2's and drew several pretty shots on the jack.

The closeness of the game may be judged from the fact that the score was tied on less than five ends and that only singles and double were registered throughout the entire contest.

CHISHOLM Shots	Total	End	GUTIERREZ Shots	Total
1	1	1	0	0
0	1	2	1	1
1	2	3	0	1
0	2	4	2	3
2	4	5	0	3
0	4	6	1	4
0	4	7	1	5
2	6	8	0	5
1	7	9	0	5
0	7	10	1	6
0	7	11	1	7
2	9	12	0	7
0	9	13	2	9
0	9	14	1	10
1	10	15	0	10
2	12	16	0	10
0	12	17	1	11
1	13	18	0	11
2	15	19	0	11
1	16	20	0	11
0	16	21	2	13

Police Retain Pairs

Producing a sterling performance, C. J. Bull and A. B. Hogg did all to dispose of such a powerful pair as W. J. Monk and W. J. Ward by as wide a margin as 24-15. It was not until the last six ends that the Police couple really gained a huge lead. They commanded an advantage of eight shots on the 17th and 20th ends through two impressive fours. The play was much closer than the final score indicates and it was only the fact that the eventual winners made the most of their chances that emerged victorious; as it was, Bull and Hogg scored on 11 ends while Monk and Ward scored on the other 10.

When the Police pair scored, however, they clustered their woods round the jack and throughout the contest they obtained three fours and a three, the best that their opponents could do in the way of heavy scoring was a three on the 18th head.

The Pairs Championship now remains in the hands of the Police through the victory of Bull and Hogg. It was previously held by another Police pair, R. Conduit and A. Craig, who captured the title last year.

BULL & HOGG Shots	Total	End	MONK & YARD Shots	Total
2	2	1	0	0
0	2	2	1	1
0	2	3	2	3
3	5	4	0	3
1	6	5	0	3
0	6	6	1	4
0	6	7	1	5
0	6	8	1	6
1	7	9	0	6
4	11	10	0	6
0	11	11	2	8
1	12	12	0	8
0	12	13	2	10
2	14	14	0	10
0	14	15	1	11
1	15	16	0	11
4	19	17	0	11
0	19	18	3	14
0	19	19	1	15
4	23	20	0	15
1	24	21	0	15

Roderick Beats Snow In Close Battle

London, July 15.

In spite of a hectic finish by the challenger, Ernie Roderick kept his title of welterweight champion in a thrilling battle with Norman Snow, the Southern Area Champion, at Northampton on July 12. It was, on the whole, an interesting contest, and had Snow made his big effort a little earlier, anything might have happened. Forcing the pace in the last 2 rounds, Snow had Roderick in great trouble and a knock-out looked possible at almost any point during this period. Roderick, however, had built up a good lead largely by his greater speed and polish, and was a clear, winner though not by any wide margin. Both men opened cautiously with the challenger the more inclined to take the aggressive, and Roderick's smart defence was fully tested. By the 7th round Snow's left eye was badly swollen, and this was a severe handicap for one or two rounds. Roderick used his left with good effect and found the damaged eye many times. By the 12th Roderick had quite a long lead, and it seemed only a question whether the challenger could upset things by getting in a knock out blow. He tried valiantly, but found his man difficult to punish. When the bell went at the end of the 14th Roderick looked much relieved. In the last round Snow went all out for a decisive punch, and was fighting hard at the final gong.

Sporting News from Great Britain

Ronnie James Recognized As New Contender

Michael Beary, the jockey, of Ernle Road, Wimbledon, failed to answer a summons at Wimbledon in respect of £23 8s. 10d. for rates. When his name was called the chairman (Mr. R. Pethybridge) asked "What does Mr. Beary do?" The deputy borough treasurer replied "He is a jockey." The Chairman "Then his occupation has gone." Mr. Warrington, "I don't know. He pays no attention to notices sent to him." The Bench granted a distress warrant.

James Next for Title Fight

The British Boxing Board of Control have decided that Ronnie James (Wales) be recognized as the next contender for the light-weight championship of Great Britain. In the event of a contest being arranged under championship conditions between Eric Boon (holder) and Ronnie James, the stewards will recognize it as being for the title. Board will again discuss the position with regard to the middle-weight championship. In the event of Bert Gilroy still being unfit to train they will consider nominating another contender.

Death of J. E. Laidlay

Mr. J. E. Laidlay, twice British amateur golf champion, has died at his residence, Auldhame, Sunningdale, Berkshire, after a long illness. He was in his eightieth year. Laidlay was born at Seacliff, Heddingtonshire, and was educated at Loretto School. As a schoolboy he played for Gentlemen of Scotland against Yorkshire, and took six wickets for 30 runs. He won the British amateur championship in 1889 and 1891, and played for Scotland against England from 1902 to 1911. He won over 200 scratch gold medals.

Argyle May Close Down

Plymouth Argyle fans may miss their soccer next season. The Argyle are to hold a meeting to decide if it is possible to carry on. Doubtful points are: whether or not the ground will be available; whether there will be enough teams to oppose within easy travelling distance; and the strength of Argyle's team.

Rugger Star Wins D.S.O.

Among R.A.F. honours just announced is a D.S.O. for Wing-Commander Francis Victor Beamish, one of the three Irish rugby-playing brothers who are all in the R.A.F. He led planes that shot down six Messerschmitt 109's bagging two himself; helped to destroy a Messerschmitt 110 and shot down a Dornier 17. His brother Charles won the D.F.C. in May.

MR. Thomas Arundale Bourn, former amateur English golf champion, who is now in the Army, has been granted a decree nisi in the Divorce Court.

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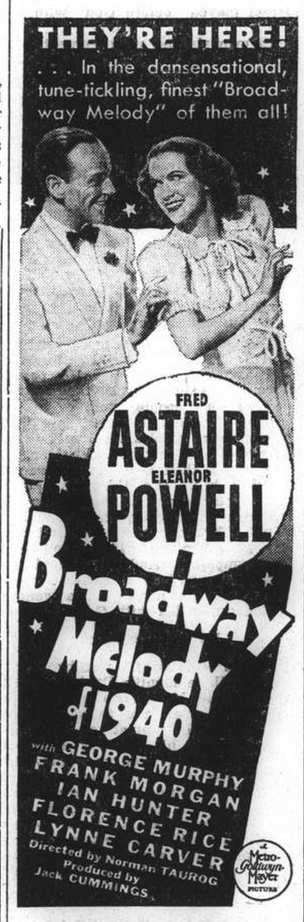

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LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

The King's Daughters: Home Damaged by Wind

To the Editor of the "NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—May I please appeal through your columns to all those who are in sympathy with the work which is being carried on by The King's Daughters' Society at their Convalescent Home, Hungjao Road, and to ask for their assistance.

Last Sunday the Home must have been in the path of a whirlwind and, in a matter of a few minutes, an unbelievable amount of damage was done. Fifteen hundred tiles on the roof were destroyed, one permanent mat roof was torn from its cement-supports and blown across the railway tracks, another completely demolished, the fence blown down, windows broken and much other minor damage caused. One child was hurt, although, fortunately, only slightly.

The fence, roof and the windows have had to be immediately repaired and will cost approximately $1,000.

As everyone knows, all charitable organizations are finding it most difficult to carry on just now and I fully realize everyone is giving much these days but, even so, the unfortunate plight of these little tots, who are being cared for at the Home, must not be forgotten. I am asking that just a little more be found and sent to help this worthy cause.

BEATRICE B. GORDON,
Chairman,
The King's Daughters' Convalescent Home Committee.

Shanghai, Sept. 7.

Daylight Saving: Health and Economy

To the Editor of the "NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—May I say a further word about Daylight Saving Time? It is said that shipping, the Customs and railways have stuck to normal time (not summer time) and that generally speaking the Chinese have not followed daylight saving. Shipping from Japan does not change its time, as Japan time is the same as our present daylight time; shipping from Hongkong needs to make a change of one hour—so it is as broad as it is long. Shipping in general in Shanghai works on daylight saving time, as advertised in the "North-China Daily News."

The Customs staff keep daylight saving time, so do the post office and railways, as most who deal with the Customs, railways and post office well know. The one exception, as far as the writer is aware, is the Customs clock, and it would be interesting to know why.

Chinese shops, factories, mills, newspapers, all keep daylight saving time, and inquiries among the Chinese indicate that they appreciate the change and would prefer its continuance. Generally speaking they have certainly followed it.

It is said to be inconvenient in the case of the Banks. A senior member of a senior Bank informed the writer that it made no difference as far as he was aware, and that he was definitely in favour of it.

As stated in your comment, "an extra hour of daylight in the autumn and spring months might be infinitely more valuable than in the summer," which is perfectly true. It is, I observe, intended to rescind summer time on October 12, which means that on and before the 11th it will not be dark till 6.30 p.m.; on the 12th and afterwards it will be dark at 5.30 p.m. or before, just when an extra hour's daylight will be most valuable. Great Britain and Continental countries, which need summer time less than we do (as it is light in Britain till after 9 p.m. normal time), are carrying it on throughout the winter on the grounds of health and economy. Surely Shanghai needs both.

AURORA.

An Opposition

To the Editor of the "NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—Daylight saving is all very well for the sporting fraternity but the old-timer who has borne the burden in the heat of the day for umpteen years, feels it very much to turn out after tiffin at 2 p.m. fool time instead of 2 p.m. nature's time, and the sooner this nonsense ceases the better.

ANTI-D.S.

Shanghai, Sept. 8.

Lesson Sermon

First Church of Christ, Scientist.

"Man" was the subject of the Lesson Sermon read in all Churches of Christ Scientist, throughout the world yesterday. Golden Text:—Romans 8:16,17. "The Spirit itself beareth witness with our spirit, that we are the children of God: and if children, then heirs; heirs of God, and joint-heirs with Christ." Among the citations which comprised the Lesson Sermon was the following from The Bible:— John 17:1-3. "These words spake Jesus, and lifted up his eyes to heaven, and said, Father, the hour is come; glorify thy Son, that thy Son also may glorify thee: as thou hast given him power over all flesh, that he should give eternal life to as many as thou hast given him. And this is life eternal, that they might know thee the only true God, and Jesus Christ, whom thou hast sent."

The Lesson Sermon also included the following passage from the Christian Science textbook. "Science and Health with Key to the Scriptures," by Mary Baker Eddy:— "If Life or Soul and its representative, man, unite for a period and then are separated as by a law of divorce to be brought together again at some uncertain future time and in a manner unknown,—and this is the general religious opinion of mankind,—we are left without a rational proof of immortality. But man cannot be separated for an instant from God, if man reflects God. Thus science proves man's existence to be intact."

COMPARATIVE FOOD PRICES

Average prieces obtaining on Sept. 6, 1940, H.—Hongkew Market and shops in Hongkew District W.—Seymour Road Market and shops in Western District F.C.—Markets and shops in the French Concession.

	Unit	H.	W.	F.C.
BEEF				
Rib roast	lb.	1.80	2.00	1.70
Rump steak	,,	2.20	2.20	1.70
Sirloin roast	,,	2.20	2.20	2.60
Soup meat	,,	1.00	1.00	0.90
Suet	,,	0.80	1.20	0.70
MUTTON				
Lamp chop	lb.	1.30	1.30	1.25
Gigot	,,	1.50	1.30	1.10
PORK				
Lard	lb.	1.00	1.00	1.00
Leg	,,	1.70	1.30	0.70
Cutlet	,,	1.40	1.30	1.25
Shoulder	,,	1.20	1.20	1.25
VEAL				
Cutlets	lb.	1.80	2.00	2.60
BUFFALO				
Rump steak	lb.	1.50	1.30	1.40
Soup meat	,,	0.70	0.90	0.85
PREPARED MEAT				
Bacon (local)	lb.	1.50	1.80	1.60
Ham (local, foreign style)	,,	2.00	1.40	2.25
Ham (Chinese)	,,	1.60	1.76	1.60
Salted pork	,,	1.50	1.60	1.28
FISH				
Carp	lb.	—	0.65	1.00
Carp (alive)	,,	1.10	1.10	1.20
Cod	,,	0.85	0.95	0.80
Eel (alive)	,,	0.90	1.10	1.20
Mandarin	,,	1.60	2.25	1.20
Prawns	each	0.22	0.25	—
Salmon	lb.	0.90	0.85	—
Soles (Ningpo)	,,	0.75	0.75	0.70
Whitebait	,,	0.55	0.75	—
Yellow	,,	0.50	0.55	0.50
SALTED FISH				
Herring	lb.	0.60	0.48	0.50
Ribbon fish	,,	0.50	0.32	0.48
Salmon	,,	0.65	0.72	0.70
POULTRY, GAME AND EGGS				
Chicken (dressed)	lb.	1.60	1.30	1.40
Duck approx. 4 lbs.	each	3.50	4.50	3.50
Eggs	doz.	1.20	1.50	1.20
FRUIT				
Apples (Far East)	lb.	0.50	0.60	0.30
Bananas	,,	0.60	0.50	0.35
Lemons	each	0.60	0.60	0.55
Oranges (imported)	doz.	6.00	6.00	—
Pears (Far East)	lb.	0.60	0.70	0.35
VEGETABLES				
Bamboo shoots	lb.	0.80	1.00	0.60
Beans (French)	,,	0.40	1.00	0.70
Beetroot	,,	0.10	0.12	0.08
Cabbage (fresh) ord. Chinese	,,	—	0.25	0.15
Cabbage (fresh) local foreign	,,	0.25	0.20	0.20
Cabbage (salted)	,,	0.15	0.18	0.14
Carrots	,,	0.35	0.40	0.35
Onions (ordinary) dry	,,	0.15	0.15	0.12
Potatoes (ordinary)	,,	0.15	0.16	0.14
Potatoes (sweet)	,,	0.20	0.20	0.15
Spinach	,,	0.15	0.20	0.15
Tomatoes	,,	0.15	0.20	0.10
Turnips	,,	0.20	0.20	0.20
GROCERY				
Coffee (loose)	lb.	2.40	2.00	2.80
Flour (American)	,,	0.42	0.46	0.40
Flour (Chinese)	,,	0.38	0.30	0.35
Macaroni (foreign)	,,	0.70	0.70	0.70
Noodles	,,	0.32	0.32	0.32
Salt (table)	,,	0.26	0.24	0.20
Salt (coarse)	,,	0.18	0.16	0.1[illegible]
Sugar (Taikoo)	,,	0.75	0.82	0.85
Sugar (Holland)	,,	0.64	0.60	0.55
Tea (Chinese)	,,	2.90	3.15	3.40
OIL AND BEAN CURD				
Bean curd	each	0.10	0.10	0.10
Salad oil	lb.	1.30	1.20	0.70
Soya oil	,,	0.68	0.69	0.68
MILK, BUTTER AND BREAD				
Milk, fresh, grade "A" (T.T.)	pint	0.77	0.88	—
Milk, fresh, grade "A"	,,	0.70	0.84	0.6[illegible]
Milk, fresh, grade "B"	,,	0.40	0.48	—
Milk (condensed) 14 oz. tin	tin	1.90	2.50	2.40
Butter (Australian)	lb.	6.30	6.10	6.1[illegible]
Margarine (local)	,,	1.75	1.70	1.70
Bread (family)	,,	0.38	0.38	0.38
SOAPS				
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Washing	lb.	0.35	0.48	0.34
RICE				
Chinese (Kan Mee)	lb.	0.42	0.40	0.40
Foreign 1st grade)	,,	0.37	0.35	.036
COAL AND FUEL				
Anthracite (Indo-China)	ton	210	224	225
Kitchen coal	,,	195	190	215
Briquettes	tan	6.80	7.00	6.50
Charcoal	,,	20.00	19.25	13.50
Firewood	bundle	0.50	0.50	0.50
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To-day's Programme

12.00 Dance Music.
12.30 Recording of B.B.C. talk if available.
12.45 News Bulletin in English.
1.00 Light Music.
1.30 News Bulletin in German.
2.00 Dance Music.
3.30 "Tea-time Chat."
4.30 Chinese Programme in Mandarin and Shanghai dialect.
6.00 Polish Programme.
6.30 Portuguese Programme.
7.00 French Programme.
7.45 News Bulletin in English.
8.00 Camp Fire Programme by the 1st Shanghai (Cathedral School) Troop of Boy Scouts.
8.30 "The Heart of England"—B.B.C. recording of a programme from the Midlands arranged and produced by Robin Whitworth.
9.00 "Monday Night at Nine"—Programme arranged by Ian Sinclair with Norda Berwick, Kenneth Mackenzie and Ernest Cousins, Ruth Arnold-Jones, the Lae Canis Hawaiian Band and Ken Somers at the piano.
9.30 Late News Bulletin in English.
9.45 Topical Comments or recording of B.B.C. talk if available.
10.00 Dance Music.
10.30 Russian Programme.
11.15 German Programme.
11.45-12 Dance Music.

Foreign Language Broadcasts 6-7 p.m.

MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY
6.00 Polish	Spanish	Italian
6.30 Portuguese	Netherlands	Czech

THURSDAY	FRIDAY	SATURDAY
6.00 Polish	Italian	Spanish
6.30 Portuguese	Czech	Netherlands

SUNDAY 6-7 Hungarian

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At other hours of the day an English and Chinese programme of music and talks is transmitted from this Station.

The Lost Paradise

He That Cometh Must Believe

Sermon Preached in Holy Trinity Cathedral By Rev. G. A. Scott at Evensong on Sept. 1

TEXT:—*"We sought Him not after the due order"* 1 Chronicles 15. v. 13.

A QUARREL with God! Such would be a fitting title to an experience in the life of the man who is known to us as 'the man after God's own heart', David, the shepherd kind of Israel. Yes, David was so sorely amazed at God's inexplicable dealings with him, that he was deeply offended with his divine Friend. David was full of plans to bring back the Ark of God to Jerusalem. The Ark had been neglected all through the reign of King Saul and for many years it had remained in the house of Abinadab, not far from the city of Zion. But David, ever zealous for the things of God, determined to bring this symbol of God's presence back again into the national and religious life of his people.

Stirred by the opportunity this self-imposed task presented, David proclaimed a nation-wide gathering and called his people from far and near to gather together before the Lord. The Day arrived. Crowds must have lined the seven or eight miles that separated the city from the house of Abinadab, the streets of the city and the route to Kirjath-jearim were thronged with enthusiastic masses. David and his people abandoned themselves to the joy of that great day. We read—'David and all Israel played before God with all their might with singing . . . and with cymbals and with trumpets.'

Disaster Fell

Then, like a stunning blow, disaster fell. The crash of cymbals ceased, the joyous music died away, a chilling hush crept over the crowds that swayed and strained, and whispered questions rippled through the throng. What is it? What has happened? Slowly the news filters through that vast concourse of people—'Uzza, Abinadab's son, the one driving the cart is dead'. Death? Tragedy? Nay, not on this most joyous day! But Uzza was dead. The crowd parts silently and that still form is carried into the house of Chidon hard by.

But what of the king, what of David? With head bowed he retraces his steps to Jerusalem. He passes through the silent awe stricken assembly of his people, and so to his palace. The divine record says that David was displeased; David was afraid of God that day. First anger, hot anger, then fear swept through David's heart. To think that God would permit such a cruel blow on so high a religious festival. Why? Why? Why? hammered out its bitter cry, but all in vain. David, you have our sympathy! And who would not sympathize with the stricken king in his sore amazement? Little wonder David quarrelled with God.

David's Displeasure

The time is three months later. During these months David has felt unhappy in his displeasure towards God. Not once nor twice, he has sought the holy quiet of the sanctuary and on his face has cried out —'Search me O God and know my heart; see if there be any way of wickedness within me'. And now come, see him quiet, dignified, confident once more. He is in solemn conference with the Levites, discussing plans for going back to Obed-edom to bring the Ark of God into the city. Listen to what David is saying—' None ought to carry the Ark of God but the Levites, for them hath the Lord chosen. . . . For because ye did it not at the first, the Lord our God made a breach upon us, for that we sought Him not after the due order (or according to the ordinance)'. Ah, David had humbled himself to know where his failure had been (long since he came to realize the failure was his), and God had revealed it to him. God's express command had been given that none but the Levites ought to carry the Ark, and David had not observed this divine command and, to the assembled Levites, he confessed—' 'Because we sought not God after the due order He made this breach upon us'.

'Because we sought Him not after the due order'. These words have been upon my heart as I have thought of the great day of National Prayer which will be observed here, and throughout the world. As on May 26, we believe vast numbers of people will gather in God's Name in this day of crisis. How shall we appear before God on that day? There are certain principles, certain pre-requisites laid down in God's Word, that man must recognize as he comes to seek the Lord. We must discover, as David discovered, that approach to God is only after the due order'.

How to Prepare

Now it is impossible in these few moments to give any adequate outline suggesting how we might prepare our hearts for the Day of United Intercession. However, may I mention three indispensable requirements, without which, our gathering will be as sounding brass and tinkling cymbal; our disappointment will be as real as David's on that tragic day on the road from Kirjath-jearim.

In that great roll-call of the faithful given to us in the eleventh chapter of Hebrews, which so vividly describes the victory of faith, we read—'Without faith it is impossible to please Him; for he that cometh to God must believe that He is, and that He is the rewarder of them that diligently seek Him'. 'He that cometh to God must believe that He is' and, says the writer, without faith it is impossible to be well-pleasing to God. This then, is the first requisite. We must come "Believingly." Now that may sound too much like a religious platitude and too obvious to need emphasis. I wonder? Canon Barry, writing on 'Prayer and Dunkirk', has this sentence—"The question of prayer is bound up with the ultimate belief in God". The fact of our gathering together will be, in itself, a sufficient testimony to the sense of our need. But a sense of need is not sufficient. We must have the uplifting dynamic of faith, and faith that is rightly directed. The only approach to God is through the divine mediatorship of Jesus Christ our Lord. 'There is one mediator between God and man, the Man Christ Jesus'. In coming before God we are challenged with the divine imperative—'He that cometh must believe that He is'. Nothing short of absolute faith in God and in His Son will avail us anything. We must come "Believingly".

Diligent Purpose

Then secondly, we must come "Diligently," 'for God is the rewarder of them that diligently seek Him'. I have been thinking over some of the stories of Israel's national returning to God. Again and again the same intensity of purpose is manifested in such words as—'They sought the Lord with all their heart, and with all their soul'. Or again—'They set themselves to seek the Lord'. The force of the Hebrew word translated 'set' is simply 'to give'. So we might read—'They gave themselves to seek the Lord'; they gave themselves up to the one purpose of seeking the Lord. Sometimes faced with overwhelming odds, sometimes from the very bitterness of their oppressed condition, the cry of diligent determination to seek God's face, was wrung from Israel's lips. We, too, must be prepared to give ourselves, before we can expect God to give us that which we desire. The Archbishop of York, in a recent broadcast address, sounds this same note of diligent purpose. "In this day of judgment" says Dr. Temple, "when man's neglect of God and His laws has led to calamity beyond words to express, and to anxiety that wrings the heart, we need dedication complete and absolute. Even now, the war has not profoundly affected the daily lives of multitudes. We need a more searching self-discipline than we have as yet accepted". God is indeed, a rewarder to those who come "Diligently."

Come Penitently

Then too, we must come "Penitently." In closing I would remind you of a passage in Isaiah—'Seek ye the Lord while He may be found, call ye upon Him while He is near; let the wicked forsake his way, and the unrighteous man his thoughts, and let him return unto the Lord, and He will have mercy upon him; and to our God, for He will abundantly pardon.' And with this passage I would like to link another from Psalm 66 'If I regard iniquity in my heart, the Lord will not hear me'.

Before God could reverse the tragedy of Kirjath-jearim, He needed David's offering of a penitent and contrite heart. Think again of the occasions of Israel's national seeking after God. We have seen the diligence, the intensity of purpose that characterized their return to the Lord; there was yet a further and equally indispensable characteristic. We read that they 'put away' those things that had separated them from fellowship and communion with God. Individual and national sinfulness was confessed. In short, their penitence was of the order that stopped at nothing if only they got right with God. They surrendered themselves to God and to His purposes for them. Our coming to God is not an effort to persuade God to do our will, but a surrender of ourselves that He may use us to do His will. Seeking God penitently means just that. It means the putting away of—

.....the idols you have known,
The halfway spirit you enthrone;
Each glittering, gilded chain that binds
Down to earth your servile minds.
And every pillow that you keep
To lull your lethargy to sleep.

It means coming with the prayer of the hymn—

Every idol I have known.
Whate'er that idol be,
Help me to tear it from Thy throne
And worship only Thee.

If I regard iniquity in my heart, if there is known and unconfessed sin then the Lord cannot hear. So the Prophet invites men to seek the Lord but let the wicked forsake his way and the unrighteous man his thoughts, and so let him return unto the Lord and He will have mercy and will abundantly pardon.

It was the proud boast of Hitler that he would bring Britain to her knees. Thank God, we believe he has done this, but Britain is on her knees not to Hitler, but to God! Shall we see to it that for our part we will seek God 'after the due order'? Let us give ourselves to seek the Lord "Believingly"—for without faith it is impossible to please Him. And to seek him "Diligently", for He is the rewarder of them that diligently seek him. May we, too, come to Him "Penitently", for He has declared that if the wicked forsake his way, He will have mercy and will abundantly pardon.

Seventy Years Ago

FROM THE "NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS" OF SEPTEMBER 9, 1870

We are glad to learn that a meeting of those interested in the maintenance of popular lectures in Shanghai during the coming season, is to be held in the rooms of the Asiatic Society, Nanking Road, at 2 p.m. on Saturday next, to take steps for the purpose. The idea is, we believe, to carry on the lectures on a thoroughly public basis, apart from any special feature which might narrow their spirit or their usefulness, the lectures were so well appreciated last year, that we have no doubt interest will be shown in their continuance.

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1.15-2.00 Light music
4.30-5.30 Light music
5.30-5.50 Chinese lesson for foreigners
5.50-6.10 French lesson for Chinese students
6.10-6.15 Chinese music
6.15-6.30 News in Shanghai dialect
6.30-6.35 Chinese music
6.35-6.50 News in Mandarin
7.20-7.30 Music by Russian composers
7.30-7.45 News in Russian
7.45-7.50 Music by Russian composers
7.50-8.30 Light music
8.30-8.45 News in French
8.45-9.00 Light music
9.00-9.30 News in English
9.30-11 Concert:

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NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS
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IMPARTIAL NOT NEUTRAL

INDO-CHINA YIELDS

While what has been happening in Indo-China since the first of the month is still somewhat obscure, it is now possible to obtain some fair idea of what has occurred. It is denied that Japan served an ultimatum upon the authorities of Indo-China making demands with regard to the passage of Japanese troops through the territory under their jurisdiction, and possibly also a request to be allowed to establish air bases, though it seems that some such demands were made by General Nishihara. Great Britain and the United States made clear their interest in the maintenance of the status quo in Indo-China, and it was subsequently stated that the ultimatum, which it was denied had been served, was withdrawn. According to the latest information the Indo-China authorities have agreed to the passage of Japanese forces through the province of Tongking the garrisoning of the Haiphong-Kunming railway and the use of air bases. In other words the Japanese requests have been met and a further means of striking into Yunnan and possibly cutting the Burma Road secured.

Naturally the Japanese desire, that this thoroughfare which has enabled the Chinese National Government at Chungking to maintain contact with the outside world should be permanently closed, has been a keen one, and the fact that the present closure is regarded by Great Britain as only a temporary one has spurred the Japanese to take the present action. There is an added inducement that, with Japanese forces likely to enter Yunnan, that province may be weaned away from allegiance to Chungking. The attitude of the colonial government of Indo-China in this connection is interesting. At first Admiral Decoux rejected the Japanese demands, and, it is reported, was preparing to resist any attempted landing. The matter then appears to have been taken up at Vichy and Wiesbaden, and undoubtedly acting upon instructions from the former place, inspired by Germany, the Governor of Indo-China was obliged to alter his original stand to one of compliance with the Japanese demands. That is on the one hand indicative of the German influence over the Petain Government, and on the other of another cynical betrayal of the Chinese National Government by Hitler.

The acquiescence of the French colonial authorities will have the effect of permitting the Japanese forces to land at Haiphong, whence they can rapidly be moved along the Haiphong-Kunming Railway to the Yunnan border. It is reported that Chungking has already made dispositions for resistance to the Japanese attack in that area, and it may possibly develop that the Japanese will find they require more troops to overcome it than apparently was originally thought necessary. It is doubtful, however, even if they do succeed in establishing themselves athwart the Burma Road, that the Japanese will be able to force a quick liquidation of the China Incident. While there have been reports of some difference of opinion amongst the leaders in Chungking, nothing authoritative has emerged to suggest that there has been any weakening of General Chiang Kai-shek's determination to continue the resistance which he has put up for over three years. Naturally the cutting off of Chungking from the outside world, except overland to Russia, will have the effect of embarrassing that resistance, but the development of armament production in the hinterland suggests that it may be some considerable time before the Japanese can succeed in imposing their will on the National Government.

The position of Great Britain and the United States in this matter is quite clear. They have gone on record as being opposed to this extension of Japanese influence, for there is every reason to fear that once the Japanese are installed in Tongking they will be there permanently and will use the province as a jumping-off place for further extension southwards. What Whitehall and Washington will decide to do in the matter remains to be seen, but whether immediate action is taken or not, there cannot be the slightest doubt that both governments are determined to regard present developments as purely temporary, and all capable of final readjustment when preoccupations in Europe cease to exist. Thus it is possible that the ambitions of the military leaders in Japan may be sowing the seeds of further trouble, for once the elements of lawlessness in Europe have been suppressed, the rule of law throughout the world will again be established. Thus the commitment of Japan to further ventures, may be of no permanent benefit but may rather lead to additional embarrassments.

A KING ABDICATES

For the second time in his life King Carol of Rumania has abdicated. His son, for the second time has succeeded him. His former wife who has been absent from Rumania for ten years has returned to be by the side of her son, who as King Michael has been almost completely deprived of any regal power, and is merely a figurehead under the control of the Dictator-Premier General Victor Antonescu. He is supported by the Iron Guard, the Rumanian equivalent of the Nazis, and already the persecution of the Jews, the Nazis' pet victims, has commenced. Rumania, betrayed by Germany, and deprived of so much of her territory, has been obliged to adopt the political faith of Hitler, and while for the present some shadow of independence remains, there can be little doubt that for the brief period Hitler still has in which to work his evil will, Rumania will be but an appanage of the Third Reich. Carol was betrayed. More than that he allowed himself to be influenced by the magnitude of the German successes on the Continent, and departing from that policy of playing one country off against another, threw himself into the arms of the Nazis who promptly let him down.

Carol need not have surrendered Transylvania had he determined to fight if Hungary moved in against his wishes. Rumania at war was the last thing Germany wanted, and had Carol displayed that firmness which it was believed he possessed,—he certainly showed it in the manner in which he secured control of his own country,—there is still every reason to believe that he could have kept some of the rich areas which his country has now lost. But he renounced the guarantee which Great Britain had offered him, threw himself definitely on the side of the Nazis who sold him out without delay. His recall of the representatives of the Iron Guard was the final factor which led to his downfall. They had a long account to settle with him, and it is to be wondered at that he was allowed to escape from the country with his life, but, as there remain plenty of people in Rumania upon which the party now in power can wreak their vengeance; to allow him to go free mattered little enough one way or another. Indeed to have murdered him would have been a mistake as setting the young king against them.

Not that that would have mattered greatly for he only reigns by favour of the Iron Guard, but there was a danger that, if that party took the vengeance which they had promised themselves, a considerable body of sympathy with Michael might have been created. A young king, without any following, reduced to completer insignificance than even the King of Italy, would enable the Iron Guard to maintain the shadow of a monarchy robbed of all its reality. The only real gainer at the moment is Germany. With the establishment of a government in Rumania, animated by ideologies completely identifiable with those of the Nazis, Germany may now be reasonably sure of all the oil Rumania can supply, and all the cereals which Transylvania under the Hungarians can produce. The whole length of the Danube falls under the influence of Hitler, and the Italian claims to predominance in the Danubian basin can now only apply to that section of the river which passes through Yugoslavia.

Thus with Rumania completely under German influence a corridor has been created from Germany to the Black Sea. With Bulgaria responsive to Soviet Russia, and Greece on unfriendly terms with Italy, that country is left with Albania which she has occupied, and Yugoslavia parts of whose territory she covets. Hitler has completely outmanœuvred Mussolini whose position is such that he can do nothing but hide his chagrin and continue with a policy to which he has pledged himself, and which must inevitably involve him in the destruction which awaits the dictatorships. It is not a pretty picture, but then when has Hitler given his Ally anything but promises of splendid vistas of the future, while robbing him of the advantages of the present? Italy is being as completely shorn of her spheres of influence as if the process had been carried out by force of arms. If in the future Mussolini is to receive any rewards for his singular complacency it can only depend upon an Axis victory. The confidence that Great Britain will deny them that, is growing almost to certainty, as will be noticed in recent telegrams. The days of anxiety are not yet over, but the signs are that the strength of the British Empire is gradually being brought to bear. When it has done its duty, and the time for discussing peace comes round, there can be no question of seeking to restore Carol, or her former position in the Balkans to Italy, though with the collapse of Naziism and Fascism new problems will arise in south-east Europe which may prove just as serious as those which the treachery of the ineffable Hitler has posed.

Vichy Cabinet Changes

The reorganization of the Petain Government which has been proceeding during the last week has aroused some interesting comment, not the least interesting of which is Japanese The Geneva correspondent of Domei alleges that it is being carried out because of the Nazi refusal to deal with an administration containing members of Parliament amongst its number, and in this connection it is interesting to note that Havas dealing with the new appointees remarks that the latest additions to the list consist of men who have not taken part in any French Government, and that while they are not politician in the strictest sense of the word, all the new members of the Cabinet have wide experience of public affairs. The exception, of course, is M. Pierre Laval, the vice-Premier, but Nazi agreement to his retention of office is alleged to have been due to his outstanding services with regard to the improvement of Fascist-Nazi relations with France, while, of course, his assistance in bringing about the surrender of France is not something which the Nazis could afford to forget at this juncture. General Weygand passes out of the Vichy scene, since he has been appointed the representative of the French Government in Africa for the purpose of securing the security and defence of the French Empire. Defence against whom it is not easy to understand, for France's only enemies are at present in armistice with her. It is more than probable that his presence in the Cabinet was not too acceptable to the Nazis, who cannot forget the part he played with Marshal Foch in the defeat of Germany in 1918, and his removal is more than likely another example of the manner in which the Petain Government seeks to placate Hitler. In the circumstances no surer proof could possibly be wanted that unoccupied France has very little more independence than that portion actually occupied by German forces. It has been shown, what it has always been said to have been a tool of Germany, now refashioned according to German instructions.

Stubborn Hollanders

The report that on Queen Wilhelmina's birthday Netherlands, British and American flags were flown over some public buildings in Amsterdam, showing the indomitable spirit of the Hollanders, indicates that though Hitler may have overrun the country, the Hollanders are giving those Germans entrusted with the administration somewhat of a headache. Observers state that passive resistance in Holland continues. German officials and military leaders are completely ignored, the Hollanders pretend to know no German, street names have slipped their mind, and they are just deaf and dumb. Naturally the Germans have arrested a number of the offenders but that has not made the slightest difference in the Netherlanders' attitude. It is not to be expected that it would, for the history of the Netherlands has shown that, when the country has been overrun by an enemy, the people have preserved their sturdy national spirit. They are not likely to lose it now, and the demonstration on the Queen's birthday was, in the circumstances, a striking proof of the loyalty of the Hollanders to their monarch. It is reported that at any rate for the time being the Germans have been resorting to somewhat gentler methods than those employed in Poland, possibly in the hope of persuading the Hollanders to become resigned to their lot. They are condemned to failure from the outset. No nation which has fought so fiercely for freedom as Holland has done in the past will lightly submit to the chains of helotry being shackled upon it. The grievous wrongs which have been inflicted upon the people have done nothing to cow them, but they arouse that fierce resentment which the Germans would not be able to dissipate in centuries, even if they were to have the opportunity. Hollanders throughout the world will read the news of the sturdiness of their fellow nationals in the homeland with the greatest gratification. The rest of the world, save, perhaps, in Germany and Italy, will regard these brave people with the greatest admiration. Militarily the Hollanders may have been beaten,—rather it was by treachery,—but their spirit has not been daunted, and they await the time when freedom shall be restored to them, as it will be when Britain has finally disposed of Hitler.

STRAY NOTES

Weihaiwei, Aug. 28.—It is strange how a very simple thought can stir the human mind if it has not previously been conceived in the brain concerned. I have, for example, always thought of the drinking of sea-water in terms of ship-wrecked sailors, and the madness which is said to follow the drinking of salt water by a thirsty person: so yesterday when I came across a Blue Rock-pigeon drinking from a seashore pool—and appearing to like it—the sight set me furiously thinking. Of course, I must have realized, unconsciously, that many birds must drink salt water: the Albatross, for example, spends most of its life out of sight of land, and could only find fresh water during the few short months of its breeding season: ducks, geese and all divers must swallow salt water willy-nilly: even the waders which feed on the seashore must fall into the same class: while, if I swallow sea-water when swimming I want to be sick . . . and I have always felt that land birds which habitually drink fresh water would feel just the same. So I went home to look up some authorities on this puzzling subject. Writing of the Blue Rock-pigeon (*Columbia livia*) one authority says, "Like other pigeons it often drinks; I have seen it alight on the sea, and apparently drink salt water; domestic birds (pigeons) will alight on water, even on the sea." And of the Turtle-Dove he says, "Like other pigeons it will drink salt as well as fresh water, visiting the shore and marshes for this purpose." From all of which it appears to me that the pigeons must have some definite affinity with the sea-birds: our Rock-pigeon is, of course, the forebear of the domestic strains which fanciers call "Blue Rocks" and one cannot help thinking that at one time they were birds of the sea; and that later in their history they learnt the habits of land birds . . . even unto living in dove-cots and drinking fresh water. Perhaps this was another result of that lengthy cold-snap known as the Ice Age.—E.S.W.

EVERYMAN AND THE WAR

Citizen

I wasn't old enough to fight in the last war, and I was a little too old to be caught up at once in this one. I am one of a minority who for our views have been called successively idealists, jingoes, warmongers and pessimists. We were called idealists because we did not want to recognize as a German Government anything so retrograde and lawless as the Nazis: jingoes because we said that the best answer to the march of the German Army into the Rhineland in 1936 was force: warmongers because we maintained, rightly or wrongly, that Czechoslovakia could and should have been saved. We were called pessimists because we thought that the game had been thrown away at Munich and because we failed to understand how we could give any real support to Poland without first asking an alliance with Russia. I and my friends understood the horrible truth of the White Papers on German prison camps because we had known about them for years already and sometimes wondered how English people could spend pleasant holidays in a country where such things happened.

In September this country and our Allies undertook, as we now see on very bad terms, a war which some of us thought should have been fought several years earlier, with the Allies that collective security might have brought us.

One made one's judgments then as one makes them now to the best of one's own ability and knowledge. But as a private person one has to admit, of course, to not being in possession of all the facts. In a democracy a change of policy has to wait on a change of public opinion, and up to Munich at any rate the influence of the Peace Pledge was very strong. I and my friends, however small a minority we were, were part of public opinion, and we have to ask ourselves now what we did to bring about the change of public opinion on which action had to depend. Whatever we did, we did not do nearly enough. It wasn't enough to write articles which one couldn't get published. One ought to have carried banners in the streets, held meetings, flooded Parliament with telegrams, and because one did not do these things, or do them enough, one must share the blame. It's no good putting it all on the Government. If democracy means anything it means that we are governed with our consent and what the Government do or don't do is ultimately as much our responsibility as theirs.

There is no time now to look back, but only forward, where surely the matter is plain. We must make it our war—we must all get into it. There must be hundreds of thousands of men in our streets who don't want to wait for conscription. No doubt it takes years to make a good soldier, but perhaps this will be a time when a citizen army—a people's army—can serve. Citizen armies have done great things in the past, in France, in Switzerland and in Spain. The British citizen will certainly do no less.

IN PARENTHESIS

Fatigued

FIRST Recruit: "You look tired. What's up?"
Second Recruit: "I'm tired being so often detailed for fatigue."

* * *

Safety First

"YOUR nephew is on the phone, sir."
"Take this cash-box and put it in the safe, then I'll talk to him."

* * *

Salesman

GAS station attendant: "You asked for five, sir, but she'll only take four. Will you drive round a bit and come back for the other one?"

* * *

Getting Along!

TOMMY: "I wonder how old Mrs. Smith is?"
Jimmy: "She must be pretty old. They say she used to teach Caesar."

* * *

The Procession

"WHEN we are married I shall want at least three servants,"
"Certainly, dear—but one at a time."

* * *

Insignificant

"YOU know, my dear," he observed, looking up from his book, "when one reads of the stupendous happenings in Nature one realizes how lowly and insignificant is man."
"A woman doesn't have to read books to learn that!" replied his wife.

* * *

Only One Schemozzle

PARSON: So you all began fightin' again, Brother Jackson? 'Member what de good book say about turning de yutha cheek?
Brother Jackson: Yeah, Pahson, but dishere big boy hit me smack on mah nose, an' Ah's only got one.

* * *

Glasgow Lad

In a certain village in Dumfriesshire, some of the evacuees had not made a particularly good show when the Scripture lesson was in progress.

At last the teacher lost patience with one little boy who appeared to be particularly stupid, and she burst out, "But do you know nothing about God, boy?" At this, a little local boy thought it was time to state the case for the defence.

"He knows nothing about God," he explained helpfully, "You see, miss, he comes from Glasgow."

* * *

"Last Round-Up"

JONES was feeling queer, so he went to a doctor. The doctor, however, failed to diagnose the trouble.

"I'll tell you what to do," he said after a while. "Wrap a piece of paper round yourself and prick it in every place you feel a pain."

Jones did this, but when on the following day he came to look for the paper he found it missing.

"Have you seen a roll of paper anywhere?" he asked his wife.

"Why, yes," she replied. "I put it on the pianola and it played 'The Last Round-Up.'"

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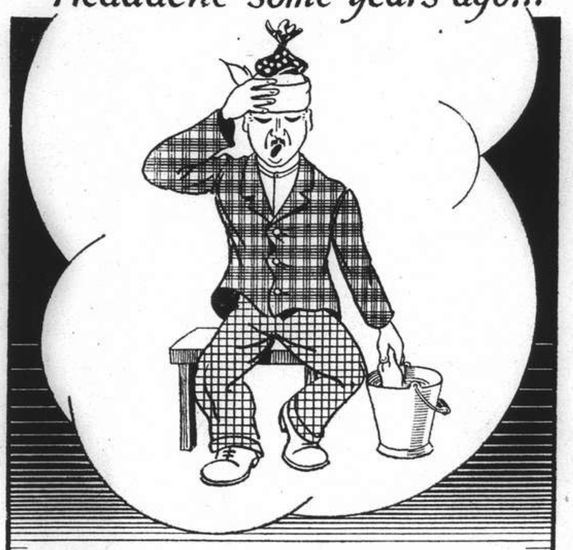

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CARTOONS OF THE DAY

"Evening Standard" London

"SO THIS IS ISOLATION."

"Daily Express" London

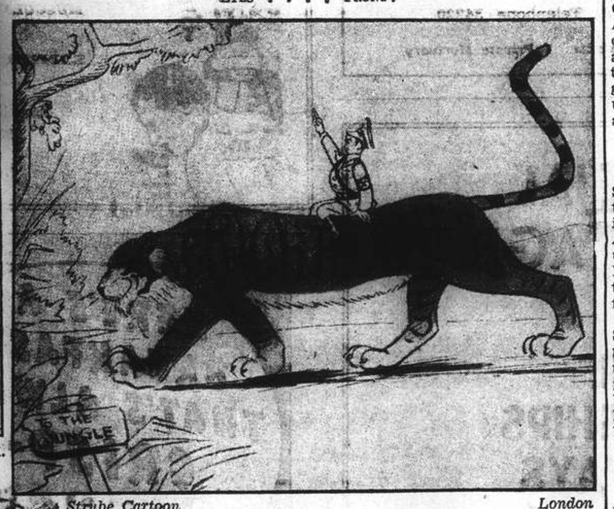
FLIT IT OFF THE OAKLEAF.

"Daily Herald" London

EYES . . . . FRONT!

"San Francisco Call-Bulletin" U.S.A.

"REDECORATION DAY."



Strube Cartoon London

"WHO RIDES A TIGER CAN NEVER DISMOUNT."

"Baltimore Sun" U.S.A.

THE OLD WORLD'S LAST CITADEL.

"News of the World" London

HISTORY IN THE MAKING.

Newcomers Join Vichy Cabinet

Five Government Members Said Without Previous Executive Experience

Vichy, Sept. 7.

Five men who have not taken part in any previous French Government are members of the new Cabinet formed yesterday by Marshal Philippe Petain.

These men are M. Marcel Peyrouton, Minister of the Interior, General Leon Huntziger, Minister of War, Rear-Admiral Platon, Secretary of State for Colonies, M. George Ripert, Secretary of State for Education and Youth, and M. Berthelot, Secretary of State for Communications.

Although they are not politicians in the strictest sense, all the new members of the Cabinet have a wide experience of public affairs.

M. Peyrouton, the new Home Minister, has had a long career in France's colonial service, during which he set a high example of efficiency. He spent most of his time in North Africa where he was successively Administrator of Colonies, Secretary-General of the Government of Algeria, Resident-General of Tunisia and Resident General of Morocco. On September 25, 1936, he was appointed French Ambassador to Argentina. Later, he was recalled to take over the administration of Tunisia, at which post he remained until after the armistice.

New War Minister

General Leon Huntziger, the new War Minister, was little known by the public before the war. Both during the war and following France's defeat, he lived up to the higest traditions of the French army. In command of an army in the Sedan area, he managed to prevent the Germans from reaching the Maginot Line for several weeks. He set a magnificent example to his troops, whose morale was high at all times and remained unshaken by the attacks of German motorized units and bombing planes. He was entrusted with the painful mission of heading the French armistice delegation at Compiegne and receiving Germany's terms for an armistice with France. Later he headed the French delegation to the Franco-German Armistice Commission at Wiesbaden.

M. Berthelot, Secretary of State for Communications, is a well-known expert on railways. A graduate of the Ecole Polytechnique, he was for many years a high official of the Orleans Railway Co. When M. Anatole de Monzie became Minister of Public Works, M. Berthelot was appointed Cabinet Chief. When all the French railways were amalgamated into a single state-controlled unit, he was given the post of assistant Managing-Director.

Admiral Platon's Career

Rear-Admiral Platon, Secretary of State for the Colonies, was one of the heroes of the defence of Dunkirk in which he collaborated closely with Admiral Abrial. With a few sailors under his command, he took over the land defence of Dunkirk, protecting the retreat of the British and French forces.

M. Georges Ripert, Secretary of State for Education, is one of the most eminent figures in France's university life and a well-known jurist. He was a Professor of the Law Faculty in Paris. Marshal Petain has appointed him a member of the Riom High Court of Justice.—Havas.

Prominent Men Lose Nationality

Vichy, Sept. 8.

The first act of the reorganized French Government was the depriving of French nationality to thirteen financiers and journalists including Baron Edouard de Rothschild.

The Government action was taken under the law adopted on July 23, setting out punishment to those French persons who left France between May 10 and June 30 without authorization.—Domei.

If you wish to clean an ivory-backed brush, moisten a little powdered talc with a few drops of benzine on a flannel and apply to the ivory. Wash off with milk.

Finns Deny Pres. Kallio Dead

Stockholm, Sept. 8.

The Finnish Legation here last night denied German reports that the President of Finland, M. Kyosti Kallio, had died at Helsinki yesterday. The Legation's spokesman said that last night's medical bulletin reported that the President's condition was improved.—United Press.

U.S. Bases in Mexico Urged

Many Sites Seen Open to Occupation by Country Hostile to America

Washington, Sept. 8.

A resolution was introduced in the House of Representatives yesterday requesting that President Roosevelt negotiate with the Mexican Government for the acquisition of naval and air bases in Lower California.

The resolution was presented by Mr. Charles Kramer, Democratic Representative of California, who said that many favourable sites in Mexico "might be available to a country hostile to the United States.

"Fleets, ostensibly fishing, but actually auxiliaries of a foreign navy, could take advantage of the landing facilities in lower California," Mr. Kramer said.—United Press.

Not Welcomed In Mexico

Mexico City, Sept. 8.

Government quarters here yesterday said the resolution introduced in the United States Congress yesterday asking the President to negotiate for Mexican naval and air bases would not be welcomed here. The Foreign Office, however, said it was premature to comment on the resolution.

One Government spokesman jokingly said, "Does it provide that we get 50 destroyers?"—United Press.

Note Restrictions in Chungking End Today

Shortage of Banknotes Now Remedied

Chungking, Sept. 8.

Beginning on Monday, September 9, banks will place no restrictions on withdrawals in bank-notes, it is officially announced.

In view of a shortage of bank-notes here, all banks have been restricting withdrawals in notes during the past fortnight, each person being allowed only $1,000 in notes per day. Additional amounts have been paid in bank cheques.

Following the measures taken by banks, it is announced that no further restrictions on withdrawals in bank-notes will be necessary.

It is understood when some Government offices were evacuated from Chungking to the countryside, they carried away large quantities of bank-notes, thereby contributing to the temporary shortage here.—Reuter.

Panama Work Held Up by Two Strikes

Canal Labourers Walk Out In Sympathy with 250 Gamboa Workers

Panama, Sept. 8.

Vital U.S. national defence works on the Panama Canal in the Pedro Miguel area were being held up yesterday because of a "sympathy strike" of hundreds of unskilled labourers, mostly Panamanians, supporting the walk-out of 250 workers at Gamboa earlier this week.

It was estimated that 700 men were being paid off. The usually crowded labour train left Panama City yesterday morning with only six men aboard. It was reported that when 200 older workers, mostly West Indians, attempted to board the train, Panamanian labourers prevented them from doing so.

Canal Zone authorities confirmed they were investigating the cause of the strike but discounted the possibility of anti-defence obstructionism and sabotage. They insisted they believed the strikes were based simply on dissatisfaction over food, lodging and wages.

The strike halted work on the third set of Panama Canal locks, considered one of the most vital projects for the defence of the United States. The men tramped 44 miles across the isthmus to Panama City from a point near the Gatun Locks on the Atlantic coast.

Voicing dissatisfaction with the quality and quantity of food received from their employers, the men refused to return to work until their demands were met.—United Press.

French Seek New Head For Armistice Talks

Vichy, Sept. 8.

The new head of the French delegation to the Franco-German Armistice commission at Wiesbaden, who will replace General Leon Huntziger, the new Minister of War, has not yet been appointed.

General Huntziger arrived in Vichy from Wiesbaden this morning and called immediately on Marshal Philippe Petain, the Chief of the French State.

He will return to Wiesbaden shortly and will be followed a few days later by his successor. After introducing the latter to the German authorities, he will return here to take up his new post.—Havas.

Mongolian Officials To Visit Tokyo

Kalgan, Sept. 8.

Mr. Yu Pin-ching, and Mr. Tamotsu Sekiguchi, Vice-Chairman and chief of the General Affairs Department of the Federated Autonomous Government of Inner Mongolia, respectively, are scheduled to leave here today by plane for Tokyo where they will attend the funeral services for the late Major Prince Nagahisa Kitashirakawa, who was killed in action in Inner Mongolia last week.—Domei.

Daladier, Gamelin and Reynaud Detained

Former French Leaders Held Pending Riom Trial

Vichy, Sept. 8.

The former French Premiers, M. Edouard Daladier and M. Paul Reynaud, and the former Commander-in-Chief of the French Army, General Maurice Gamelin, were arrested and incarcerated in the Supreme Court building at Riom yesterday, it was officially announced here.

The men were arrested to assure their presence at Riom in connection with the trial of those charged with responsibility for France's entry into the European war.—United Press.

Ray Milland wore three yards of surgical tape under his trousers leg and wound around his left ankle for scenes in Paramount's "French Without Tears," in which the Scottish terrier, Whiskers, is shown biting the actor. Whiskers bites Ray in a vain attempt to prevent Milland going into a kissing clinch with Ellen Drew, after Ellen had tried for five or six reels, and with all kinds of happy bachelorhood and into matrimony.

N. China Leader Flies To Tsinan

Peiping, Sept. 7.

Mr. Wang Yi-tang, Chairman of the North China Political Council, left by plane for Shantung yesterday, accompanied by Mr. O. Wu, Director of the Civil Administration, and several other prominent personalities.

Mr. Wang is to visit Japanese troops stationed at Tsinan and Tsingtao.

He arrived at Tsinan at 4 p.m. yesterday and called on Colonel Kawano, Chief of the Japanese Special Military Service in Tsinan.—Havas.

New Member for China's Military Council

Chungking, Sept. 8.

Mr. Liang Han-tsao, at present secretary-general of the Legislative Yuan, will shortly be appointed Minister of the Political Affairs Board of the National Military Council.

He will succeed General Chen Cheng, who has resigned his concurrent posts in the Government in order to devote his entire effort and time to the direction of military operations on the Yangtze River front.

Mr. Liang Han-tsao is a close associate of Mr. Sun Fo, President of the Legislative Yuan.—Reuter.

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Premature Ageing
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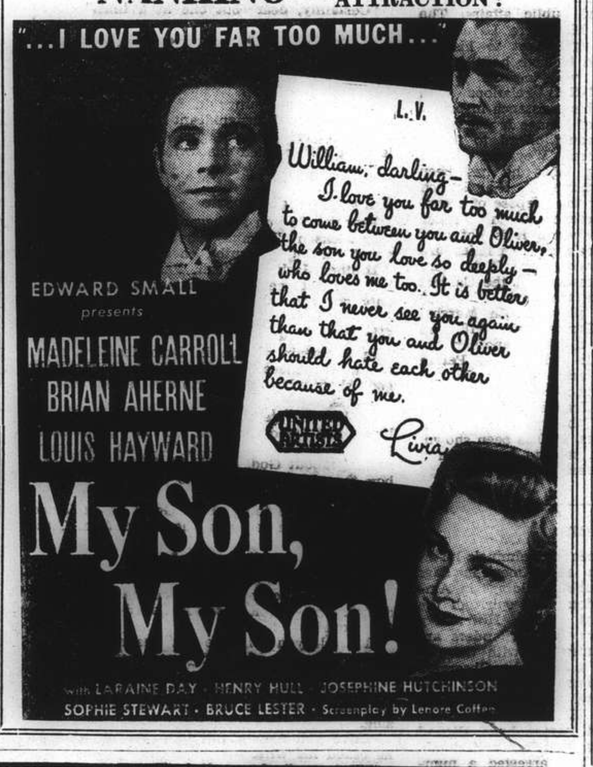

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Tokyo Press Warns United States

Reports of Bases in Far East Cause Concern; Navy Said Facing Problem

Tokyo, Sept. 8.

"Grave problems" confront Japan if the United States is actually "seriously considering" leasing British naval bases in Singapore, Hongkong and Australia, as some astonishing press reports reaching here would indicate, the Tokyo "Nichi Nichi Shimbun," influential daily, reported here today in featuring front page articles on the subject.

To the Japanese Navy, which firmly adheres to the principle of non-menace and non-aggression, this problem would cause "grave concern," the newspaper stated, pointing out how the United States Navy would be seriously concerned should Japan establish naval or air bases on Galapagos on the Panama Canal's Pacific entrance!

"Should the United States attempt to realize such rash ambitions and disregard Japanese concern in the matter, then America must be prepared to meet the grave situation which would result. Surely America must realize that such ambitions would lead to the disruption of peace in the Pacific," the newspaper asserted.

U.S. Blamed Again

Pointing out that the United States changed the status quo in the east and west seaboards of the Western Hemisphere by leasing bases in Newfoundland, and the islands of Bermuda, Bahamas, Jamaica, Sta. Lucia, Trinidad and Antigua, as well as in British Guiana, from Britain, the "Yomiuri" editorially scored Anglo-American attempts to perturb the present situation in the Far East in this connection.

The Japanese daily declared that "if America, as a pivotal power in the Western Hemisphere, can change the status quo for the maintenance of her interests and security, the Anglo-American powers' should recognize that Japan has the same right in East Asia, where Nippon holds the actual power."—Domei.

Reprisals Said Feared

Moscow, Sept. 8.

The "Pravda" yesterday ascribed "the failure" of the Japanese Government, under Prince Fumimaro Konoye, to the fear of economic reprisals from the United States and the economic exhaustion of the country."

The Japanese rulers are seeking a way out of the "blind alley" in which they have found themselves in China through their "impetuous policy of engaging in war adventures," "Pravda" added.—United Press.

Nazis May Hand Over Orders to Japan

New York, Sept. 8.

German firms are arranging to turn over their South American orders to the Japanese unless Germany is victorious in September, the magazine, "Business Week," said here yesterday.—United Press.

Chungking an Auxiliary Capital

Status of City Defined By Mandate

Chungking, Sept. 8.

In an official mandate, the Government designates Chungking as one of China's two auxiliary capitals, the other being Sian.

This clarifies a long-standing dispute regarding the exact status of Chungking following the removal of Government offices to this city after the fall of Hankow.

The announcement says the decision has been taken in view of the importance of Chungking as a centre for development of the south-west and three years of loyalty on the part of the population of Szechuen to the cause of the war.—Reuter.

N. China, Mongolia to Co-operate

Peiping, Sept. 7.

Economic collaboration between North China and Mengkiang will be urged at a special conference to be held in Peiping towards the middle of this month.

Price control and the import and distribution of commodities will be discussed at the meeting.

Those attending the conference will include representatives of the Mengkiang Government, the Mengkiang Bank, the North China Development Co., the North China Communications Co., and the Tientsin Customs Administration.

The North China Political Council will not be represented.—Havas.

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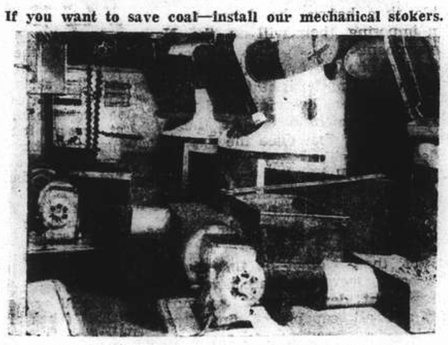

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FROM DAY TO DAY

GENERAL Eugene Mittlehauser, who was G.O.C.-in-C. Syria and the Middle East until France's surrender to Hitler, and whose future actions are of great interest, was at one time the military adviser of the Czechs. He mechanized the Czech Army, and advised the construction of big tanks at the famous Skoda Arsenal. A tall, thin, virile man, he was much distressed about the Munich Agreement.

RULER of the tiny state of Sark, now in German hands, is Mrs. Sybil Hathaway, a vivacious middle-aged lady who inherited her lands and her powers from her father. Her official title is that of Dame of Sark. Her husband, American born but now a naturalized British subject, is the Seigneur. They live in a moderate-sized stone house with a couple of old cannons guarding the door, on the highest part of the island, and rule their 700 subjects with feudal simplicity.

HOLDING up bus passengers, which resumed on Saturday when more than thirty persons were victimized in Great Western Road, continued yesterday when a lone armed Chinese robbed a Chinese female passenger of route No 2 bus in Great Western Road. The hold-up occurred at 11.55 a.m., just as the bus was approaching the Edinburgh Road stop, and the miscreant alighted after taking the woman's jewellery, estimated by the victim at $200.

FIVE fire engines answered the call when flames broke out at a Chinese drug store at 243/6 Yunnan Road at 1.05 a.m. yesterday. The fire was under control within half an hour of the engines' arrival, and the firemen then concentrated their efforts on keeping the neighbouring houses intact. Large material damage was done to the store and its contents, but fortunately no one was injured. The engines returned to the Central station at 3.15 a.m.

FIELD-Marshal Lord Milne, who has been appointed Colonel Commandant of the Auxiliary Military Pioneer Corps, has been in the Army nearly 55 years. He will be remembered best for the strenuous efforts he made when Chief of the Imperial General Staff—a post he held for the record time of seven years—to initiate and carry out the policy of mechanization with very little financial help from the Estimate. He is a good linguist, and one of very few senior officers of the Army who have qualified as interpreters.

IN a certain English coastal town there was an air-raid warning, and the boarders at a grammar school were sent to their shelter a short distance away. The headmaster, whose name is Littler, was in a dressing-gown, and had on his tin hat. Challenged suddenly by a soldier, he said, "It's all right; I'm Littler." The sentry thought he said "Heil Hitler," and promptly fired, happily without serious result. The morale is, if challenged, not to depend on being well known, as you may think, but to give the right answer.

AN appeal to Pope Pius XII for Catholic organizations throughout the world to come to China's assistance was wired by the Catholic Anti-Japanese Service Association in Chungking on August 29, says a belated message from Chungking to the "Sin Wan Pao." The appeal was sent because of the alleged repeated Japanese indiscriminate bombing of undefended cities and the destruction of Catholic mission property. Aerial attacks on open towns and cities have caused a heavy loss of life and property of the Catholics.

THE new leader of the L.C.C., Mr. Charles Latham, started life in humble circumstances in Norwich. Like his predecessor, Mr. Herbert Morrison, M.P., he attended an elementary school, and went out to work in his early teens. But he showed a remarkable aptitude for figures, and soon built up a successful practice as an accountant. For the past six years he has been the L.C.C.'s Chancellor of the Exchequer, who is responsible for the expenditure of 40 millions a year. His real name is Lathan, but so many people spelt it with an "m" that he decided to swim with the current. His brother, the M.P. for the Park Division of Sheffield sticks to the original spelling.

BRIGADIER Claude Nicholson, who commanded the heroic garrison at Calais, which refused to surrender, was until recently in command of the 16th/5th Lancers, of which regiment King Alfonso is Colonel-in-chief and General Sir Hubert Gough is Colonel. A splendid and daring horseman, he became equally daring with armoured cars when his regiment was mechanized. He is as hard as nails, and expected the same of his officers. Brigadier Nicholson's old regiment, the 16th Queen's Lancers, now amalgamated with the 5th Royal Irish Lancers, have the sobriquet, "The Scarlet Lancers." This is because they are the only Lancer Regiment whose tunic is scarlet, the others all wearing blue.

AN increase of nineteen minor criminal cases are recorded in the police report for the week ending September 7, giving the total as 366. Armed robbers, including three attempts, are given as 32, showing an increase of nine. The police arrested 23 in connection with this crime and identified ten. Fourteen cases of burglaries were reported and six arrested. Larceny cases, always the most numerous, were again on the increase, with no less than 189 reported. The arrests for the crime totalled 141. There were 24 cases of opium recorded during the week, and 57 offenders were arrested. On the whole 435 arrests were made and 143 criminals identified.

MAJOR-General Sir James Cooke-Collis, on whom rests the important task of organizing Northern Ireland's civil defence forces, has seen a great deal of active service. He fought in South Africa with Lord Craigavon, and distinguished himself both at the Dardanelles and in France. He is assisted by a Suffolk man, Major-General H. J. Huddleston, and a Yorkshireman, Lieut.-Colonel Sir Charles Wickham. General Huddleston, until recently Governor of Chelsea Hospital, started his service in the ranks. He was known at one time as "the strong man of the Sudan," on account of his work as G.O.C. there from 1924 to 1930. Sir Charles Wickham, too, saw service in South Africa, France, and Russia, and was formerly Inspector-General of the Royal Ulster Constabulary.

SHIPPING NEWS

THE Atago Maru berthed alongside the N.Y.K. wharf yesterday morning on its arrival from Yokohama with mail and freight.

THE Kunikawa Maru will sail today for New York, Boston, Philadelphia and Baltimore via San Francisco and Los Angeles.

THE resumption of shipping between Shanghai and Haiphong will relieve the congestion of mail in the Post Office here intended for southern ports and the interior of China.

THE Nagasaki Maru, a mail boat, came into port yesterday afternoon and berthed alongside the T.K.K. Wayside Wharf. The boat, an express service liner brought a full complement of passengers and freight.

Vessels Arriving To-day

The following particulars in connection with vessels due to arrive today are based upon information available yesterday evening.

From SAN FRANCISCO: Kunikawa Maru, due this morning, Buoys 13-14.

From DAIREN: Tsingtao Maru, due 3 p.m. Whangpoo Wharf.

Due at Future Dates

All vessels are listed under their terminal port. The first date is that of the ship's departure from that port, and the second is the date she is due to arrive in Shanghai. Where a ship's name is duplicated it indicates the port of call last visited.

On account of the present international situation there is considerable interference with movements of ships, especially those from Europe. In cases where it is definitely known that the vessel is not running to schedule the Shanghai arrival date is omitted.

EUROPE AND STRAITS

From Bombay
Ginyo M — 15/9

AMERICA AND JAPAN

From New York
Besholt — 17/9
St. Voyager — 21/9
Sagoland — 22/9
P Polk 9/8 24/9
P G'field 29/8 14/10
Vasaholm — 20/10

From Balboa
P G'field 6/9 14/10

From Los Angeles
P Polk 27/8 24/9
Nitta M 19/8 1/10

From Honolulu
P Polk 7/9 24/9

From Seattle
Coldbrook — 13/9

From Manila
P C'lidge 4/9 11/9

From Yokohama
Nitta M 7/9 1/10

From Kobe
Taiyo M 10/9 12/9

From Nagasaki
S'hai M 9/9 10/9

From Keelung
Tyosa M 28/9 30/9

CHINA PORTS

From Dairen
T'tao M 8/9 10/9

From Hongkong
P C'lidge 9/9 11/9

Vessels Sailing

NORTH CHINA COAST

JARDINES FREQUENT SAILINGS to NORTH CHINA PORTS. —For freight or passage please apply to Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd., 27 The Bund. Tel. 15290.

SOUTH CHINA COAST

JARDINES FREQUENT SAILINGS to SOUTH CHINA PORTS INDO-CHINA, BORNEO, STRAITS SETTLEMENTS and INDIA.—For freight or passage please apply to Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd., 27 The Bund. Tel. 15290.

J.-C.-J.L. 3 SAILINGS MONTHLY TO AMOY, HONGKONG MANILA AND NETHERLANDS EAST INDIES PORTS. For Freight and Passage please apply to Java-China-Japan Lijn Agentschap, Shanghai N.V., Brunner Mond Building, 133 Szechuen Road, Telephone 16247.

AMERICA

KUNIKAWA MARU. Sept. 9, NEW YORK, BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA and BALTIMORE via SAN FRANCISCO and LOS ANGLES. For freight please apply to Showa Shipping Co., Ltd., 130 Hankow Road, Tel. Nos. 18650 and 16118. 9-9

The undermentioned vessels are due to leave Shanghai on the dates indicated.

For Liverpool
Kasima M 21/9

For New York
Kunikawa M 10/9
Nankai M 11/9
Peiping 13/9
Yamaura M 13/9
Sakura M 21/9
Steel Voyager 22/9
P Polk 26/9

For Los Angeles
Peiping 13/9
Asama M 2/10

For San Francisco
P Coolidge 12/9

For Manila
Peiping 13/9
Coldbrook 15/9
P Polk 26/9

For Hongkong
P Polk 25/9

For Kobe
P Coolidge 12/9
Taiyo M 15/9
Ginyo M 17/9

For Nagasaki
Nagasaki M 9/9
Shanghai M 11/9

For Dairen
Tsingtao M 10/9
Hoten M 12/9
Dairen M 15/9
Tsingtao M 16/9
Hoten M 21/9

Vessels Discharging

PENRITH CASTLE. The ms. Penrith Castle from New York via ports is now discharging her cargo at The Shanghai & Hongkew Wharf Co.'s Hongkew Wharf. Consignees are requested to send in their bills of lading for countersignature and take immediate delivery of their cargo. All risk of fire at the wharf and godowns is to be borne by Consignees. Any claims against this vessel must be sent in within fifteen (15) days after vessel's arrival, otherwise they will not be recognized. Examination of broken and ship-damaged cargo will be held at The Shanghai & Hongkew Wharf Co.'s Hongkew Wharf at 9 a.m., Sept. 12, when Messrs. Paulsen & Bayes-Davy will be in attendance. Dodwell & Co., Ltd., Agents 17 Canton Road, Telephone 11369. 9-9

Yesterday's Arrivals

Name	From	Consignees
Fooshing	Hsinkong	C.C.T.
Hsuchow	Keelung	T.K.K.
Anwoo	Hsinkong	Dah Hsing
Naruto M.	River Ports	T.K.K.
Huashan M.	Tsingtao	T.K.K.
Chingning M.	Tsungming	T.K.K.
Tawha	T'lungkong	Quen Kee
Whakou	T'lungkong	Ta Yah
Nagasaki M.	Japan	T.K.K.
Hsingchong M.	River Ports	T.K.K.
Taiko M. 18	Hsinkong	T.K.K.
Talien	Tsungming	Wan Woo

Yesterday's Departures

Name	Flag	Despatcher
Meiyi	Am.	S.V.O.C.
Seisin M.	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Checklang M.	Jap.	T.K.K.
Chingyang M.	Jap.	T.K.K.
Tangyang M.	Jap.	T.K.K.
Haitung	Nor.	T.K.K.

Men-of-War in Port

Name	Flag	Type	Berthed
Luzon	Am.	Gbt.	B.N.H.
Oahu	Am.	Gbt.	F.N.B.
D. de Lagree	Fr.	Gbt.	K.S.D.
Fran. Garnier	Fr.	Gbt.	F.N.B.
E. Carlotto	Itl.	Gbt.	1-2 B
Lepanto	Itl.	Gbt.	1-2 B

TRAVEL AND SHIPPING

N. Y. K. LINE

Orient-California Line
via Honolulu
*ASAMA MARU ..... Oct. 2
NITTA MARU ..... Oct. 14
TATUTA MARU ..... Oct. 24
YAWATA MARU .... Nov. 7
KAMAKURA MARU .. Nov. 15
*Sailing from Kobe

Orient-Seattle Line
via Vancouver
From Kobe
HIE MARU ..... Sept. 23
HEIAN MARU ..... Oct. 16
HIKAWA MARU .... Oct. 23

Orient-New York Line
via Los Angeles and Panama
SAKURA MARU ..... Sept. 21
SANUKI MARU ..... Oct. 11

Japan-Australia Line
via Hongkong and Manila
From Nagasaki
ATUTA MARU ..... Sept. 23

European Mail Line
For Liverpool via Straits, Colombo, Bombay, Durban, Cape Town and Lisbon.
*KASIMA MARU ..... Sept. 21
SUWA MARU ..... Dec. 7
*Beyond Bombay Suspended

Japan-Bombay Line
Singapore, Colombo, Bombay, Kumdla and Karachi
ATAGO MARU ..... Sept. 11
HARUNA MARU .... Oct. 7

Orient-South America Line
West coast ports via San Francisco from Kobe
HEIYO MARU ..... Sept. 27
YASUKUNI MARU ... Oct. 27

Shanghai—Kobe Yokohama Line
GINYO MARU ..... Sept. 11
ANYO MARU ..... Oct. 1
NITTA MARU ..... Oct. 14

31 The Bund NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA Telephone 12842
General Passenger Agents, Cunard—White Star Line

GLEN & SHIRE LINES

Sailings to and from
UNITED KINGDOM

For details of freight and passage apply to:

JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.
Agents
27 The Bund Telephone 15290

DE LA RAMA LINE
NEW YORK
VIA HONGKONG MANILA LOS ANGELES AND PANAMA CANAL

ms. Peiping sails Sept. 13
Following Sailing about Sept. 20
ms. Dona Aurora sails Oct. 7
ms. Dona Nati sails Oct. 21

ALL VESSELS HAVE DEEP TANKS FOR OIL IN BULK

For freight and passage apply to:

DE LA RAMA STEAMSHIP AGENCIES
51 Canton Road *General Agents* Telephone 15044

BARBER—WILHELMSEN

Express Service
Shanghai—34 DAYS—New York
To New York and Boston via Los Angeles and Panama Canal
Next Sailing about September 23

For Freights and Passage Rates apply to

DODWELL & CO., LTD.
17 Canton Road Telephone 11369

YAMASHITA LINE

Regular Freight Service
ss. "YAMAURA MARU"
Sailing about Sept. 13
New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore via Philippine, Japan, Los Angeles and Panama Canal

KOBE SAILINGS

Orient-Seattle Line
Kuwayama Maru .... Sept. 14
Tosei Maru ..... Sept. 27

Japan-New Zealand Line
Maniwa Maru ..... Oct. 31

Japan-Australia Line
Montreal Maru .... Sept. 10
Kogyo Maru ..... Oct. 10

Japan—Persian Gulf Line
Kohuku Maru .... Sept. 20

For freights please apply to:

YAMASHITA KISEN KAISHA
30 Foochow Road Telephones 17003, 17138

Go Empress

Record-breaking trans-Pacific speed. Then the trip of trips, across Canada in *air-conditioned* trains. See Banff, Lake Louise, Great Lakes, Niagara Falls, Montreal, Quebec. Convenient connecting train service to United States points. If Europe-bound, connect direct with Canadian Pacific Trans-Atlantic liners. One management all the way!

TO PACIFIC COAST—
First week in October
First week in November
First week in December
Fifth week in December

TO HONGKONG AND MANILA—
Fourth week in September
Third week in October

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WORLD'S GREATEST TRAVEL SYSTEM
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BLUE FUNNEL LINE
Two conveniently-placed sailings each month to UNITED KINGDOM PORTS

A-O. LINE LTD.
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Regular service to AUSTRALIA from HONGKONG

C. N. CO., LTD.
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Frequent and regular sailings by modern and comfortable passenger and cargo liners serving:
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Information relating to sailing, ports of call, freight and passage rates will be gladly given on request to intending passengers and shippers

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE
21-23 French Bund *Agents* Telephone 82028

TOA K. K.

Nagasaki Express Service

	Arrival	Departure (summer time)
NAGASAKI MARU	Sept. 8 (Wayside Wharf)	Sept. 9 at 9 a.m. (Wayside Wharf)
SHANGHAI MARU	Sept. 10	Sept. 11 at 9 a.m.
NAGASAKI MARU	Sept. 13	Sept. 14 at 9 a.m.
SHANGHAI MARU	Sept. 15	Sept. 16 at 9 a.m.

Kobe Express Service

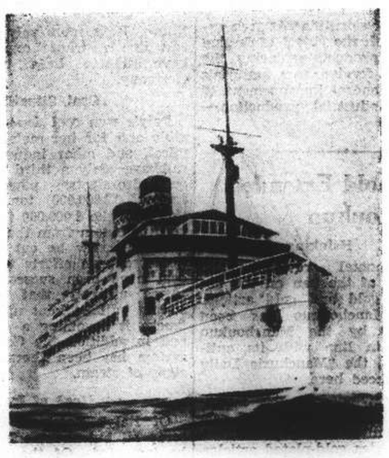
TAIYO MARU	Sept. 12 (Wayside Wharf)	Sept. 15 at 6 a.m. (Wayside Wharf)
TAIYO MARU	Sept. 23	Sept. 26 at 5 p.m.

(Passengers are cordially requested to go on board between 7 p.m. and 11 p.m. of the 14th.)

For passage apply to the ticket office of Toa Kaiun Kaisya at Astor House Hotel. Telephones 42350, 44064

TOA KAIUN KAISYA
5 THE BUND TELEPHONE 19600

BURNS PHILP LINE
mv. NEPTUNA



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100 Jinkee Road, Shanghai. Telephone 16940

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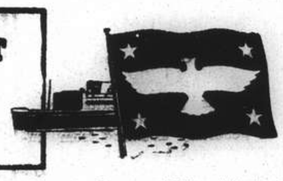

TRANS-PACIFIC: Fortnightly service via Japan and Honolulu to San Francisco and Los Angeles.
PRES. COOLIDGE ..... Sept. 12
PRES. TAFT ..... Sept. 20
PRES. CLEVELAND ..... Oct. 7
PRES. PIERCE ..... Oct. 28

TO HONGKONG AND MANILA
PRES. POLK ..... Sept. 26
PRES. GARFIELD ..... Oct. 15
PRES. COOLIDGE ..... Oct. 23

ROUND-THE-WORLD: New York and Boston via Hongkong, Manila, Singapore, Penang, Colombo, Bombay, Capetown and Trinidad.
PRES. POLK ..... Sept. 26
PRES. GARFIELD ..... Oct. 15
PRES. ADAMS ..... Nov. 14

And monthly thereafter.

Agents For:—

Transcontinental and Western Airlines
United Air Lines
American Gulf Orient Line
American Pioneer Line
United States Lines

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B. I.
—and—
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All vessels may call at any ports on or off the route and the route and all sailings are subject to cancellation, change or deviation with or without notice.

For particulars apply to the Agents:

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,
27 The Bund Telephone 11428

O.S.K.

FOR NEW YORK
Via Panama Canal
MS. NANKAI MARU
Sailing Shanghai September 11

For freight apply to:

ŌSAKA SYŌSEN KAISYA
20 Canton Road Telephone 15323-15324

D. K. K.
For Passage and Freight apply to
DAIREN KISEN KAISHA
110 Szechuen Road Telephone 19646
Connecting with South Manchuria and Trans-Siberian Railways

SHANGHAI-TSINGTAO-DAIREN LINE
Shortest route between Europe and Far East.

	Arrival (Whangpoo Wharf)	Departure (Daylight Saving Time)
ss. TSINGTAO MARU	Sept. 8	Sept. 10 at 9 a.m.
ss. HOTEN MARU	Sept. 10	Sept. 12 at 9 a.m.
ss. DAIREN MARU	Sept. 13	Sept. 15 at 9 a.m.
ss. TSINGTAO MARU	Sept. 16	Sept. 18 at 9 a.m.
ss. HOTEN MARU	Sept. 19	Sept. 21 at 9 a.m.
ss. DAIREN MARU	Sept. 22	Sept. 24 at 9 a.m.

DAIREN-TIENTSIN LINE (Sailing from Dairen)

	Departure.
ss. MANZYU MARU	Sept. 13 at 5 p.m.
ss. CHOHEI MARU	Sept. 15 at 5 p.m.

SHANGHAI-TSINGTAO-TIENTSIN-DAIREN-LINE (Freight only)
ss. HAKKA MARU ..... Sept. 21

JAMES MAGILL & CO., LTD.
EXPERT PACKERS CUSTOMS BROKERS
FORWARDING AGENTS
120 Kiangse Road Telephone 11284

COMMERCE AND FINANCE

New York Stocks

Saturday's Closing Quotations

New York, Sept. 7.

Trading was light and featureless on the Stock Exchange today, with quotations generally finishing from unchanged to fractions lower.

The outstanding feature in today's market was the strength of United States Rubber and other rubber issues, influenced by news reports of a Franco-Japanese agreement on Indo-China. Elsewhere, weekend realizing pared down values, but this again was well absorbed.

The turnover totalled 220,000 shares.—Reuter.

Dow-Jones Averages

	High	Low	Close	Changes
30 Indust.	133.26	132.54	132.78	—0.34
20 Rails	29.31	29.16	29.21	—0.03
15 Utilit.	23.08	23.03	23.05	unch.
40 Bonds	—	—	89.51	—0 02

	Sept. 6	7		Sept. 6	7
Adams Exp	5⅜	5⅜	Libbey O F	42¾	42¼
Aleg Lud	22⅛	22¼	Lockheed	29⅜	29
Allis Chal	34⅛	34¼	Loew's	27	26⅞
Alum Ld	87¼	*87	Loft Inc	22⅜	22¼
Amer Can	96	98¼	Mack Trks	24	23⅜
Am Cyan B	34⅜	34¼	Martin	32½	32
Am For Pr	1¼	1¼	McK & R	22	22
,, $7 pfd	16½	*16	Mont Ward	43¼	42¼
Am Loco	14¾	14⅞	Mountain	3⅜	3¼
Am Metal	17¼	17½	Nat Avian	11⅛	*10⅞
Am Raditr	7⅝	7½	Nat City B	*24½	*24¼
Am R Mill	12	12	Nat Dairy	13¾	14¼
Am Smltg	40½	40½	Nat Dist	21¾	21⅜
Am Sug R	14½	*14½	Nat Lead	18	17⅞
Am T & T	166⅞	167	Nat P & L	8	*7⅞
Am Tob B	76	*76	Nat Sup	6⅛	6¼
Am Wtwrks	9⅛	9⅛	N Y Cent	14¼	14⅜
Anaconda	23⅛	23⅛	Niag Hud	4⅜	4⅜
Atchison	17¼	17⅞	N A Avian	17¼	17¼
Avian Cpn	4⅜	4⅜	N Am Co.	20⅞	20⅞
Bald Loco	15⅛	15⅜	N Pacific	7¼	7⅜
Balt & O	4¼	4¼	O I Glass	55	54
Barber	11	11	Pac G & E	29⅜	29⅜
Barns Oil	8⅜	8⅜	Packard	3½	3⅜
Bendix	31⅜	31⅞	Pan A Air	15⅜	15½
Beth Steel	80⅜	79⅜	Paramount	6⅛	6⅛
Bliss	15¼	*15	Penn R R	21⅞	21⅜
Boeing	17⅜	17	P & R Coal	*0⅜	0⅜
Borg War	18⅞	18½	Phil Pet	36⅜	36⅛
Briggs	21⅜	21⅜	P S of N J	36⅞	*36⅜
Budd Mfg	4⅜	4⅜	Pullman	21⅜	21
Can Pac	4¼	4	Pure Oil	7⅞	7⅞
Case J I	54	*53	Radio	5⅛	5⅛
Celanese	29⅝	29⅜	Reading	14⅞	14⅞
Chase N B	*29	*28⅞	Rem Arm	*4¼	*4⅜
Chesa & O	40⅞	40⅜	Rep Avian	4⅞	4⅞
Chrysler	79⅝	79	Rep Steel	17⅞	17⅞
Columbia	6	6	Rev C & B	10⅜	10½
Col Credit	35½	35	Rey Tob B	36⅜	36⅜
Com & Sth	1⅛	1⅛	Safeway	45⅝	45
Cons Edis	28⅜	28⅜	Schenley	10	10
Cons Oil	6½	6⅛	Sears Roeb	80½	80⅞
Cont Can	39⅞	39⅞	Shell U Oil	9⅛	9
Cont Oil	19⅜	19	Soc Vac	9	9⅛
Cop Steel	19⅛	19	Sthrn Pac	9⅜	9⅜
Curtis Wr	8⅜	8⅛	Sthrn Rly	21	20⅞
,, A	27⅞	28	Spicer	31⅞	*31
Deere	17¼	17⅜	Std Brands	6⅜	6⅛
Dist Cpn	17⅞	17	Gtd G & E	1⅜	*1⅛
Douglas	77⅞	77	Std Oil	18⅜	18⅜
Du Pont	175	175	Std Oil N J	36	35⅞
E P Lead	8⅞	9	Stone & W	8⅜	8⅛
Eaton	32⅞	32⅞	Studebaker	7⅞	7⅞
Elec A Lite	37	37	Swift Int	18⅜	18⅛
Elec B & S	6	6	Technicor	10½	*10⅛
,, $5 pfd	65½	65	Tex Cpn	37	37
,, $6 pfd	74½	74	Tex Gulf	33	33
Elec P & L	35⅜	37⅛	Timken	28	28⅛
Flintkote	15⅜	15⅛	Transamer	5	5
Gen Am Tr	48	48	Tw Cent F	6⅛	6⅜
Gen Elec	35	35	Un B & P	12⅜	12⅛
Gen Motor	48⅞	48⅜	Un Carbide	76	75½
Gen Rly	12⅜	12⅜	Un Pac	89	89
Gen T & R	13	13½	Un Aid	41⅞	41⅞
Glidden	14⅛	*14⅛	Un A Lite	17⅞	17⅜
Goodrich	13⅛	13⅛	Un Corp	2	1⅞
,, $5 pfd	54	54⅞	,, $3 pfd	36⅛	37⅛
Goodyear	16⅜	17⅛	Un Gas	1⅜	1⅜
Gt N I Ore	15	15	Un Gas Imp	12	11¾
Gt N Rly	26⅞	26⅞	U S Ind Al	21	*20⅛
Gt W Sug	22	*21⅞	U S Rub	22⅜	23⅛
Grey Corp	11⅜	*11⅛	,, pfd	87⅛	88⅜
Her Pow	*84	84⅛	U S Steel	57⅛	57⅛
Homestake	47	46⅞	Vanadium	32⅝	32
Int Nickel	29⅛	28⅜	Vultee	9⅜	*9⅛
Int P & P	15⅜	15⅛	Walworth	4⅜	4⅜
Int T & T	2⅜	2⅛	War Br Pic	2⅜	2⅜
Kennecott	30	29⅞	West Elec	102	101⅞
Lak F & M	3⅛	*3⅛	Woodward	26⅜	*26

BONDS

Amer. & For. Power	50¾	51¼
Baltimore & Ohio R.R.	32	31¾
Brazil (U.S. of) 8% 1941	14½	14⅞
,, ,, ,, 6½½ 1957	12¼	*12½
Cities Serv. Pwr. & Lt.	87	86⅞
Erie 5s 1967	14¾	14⅛
Int. Tel. & Tel.	32¾	34½
New England Elec.	68	68½
Sthrn. Pacific Co.	43½	42⅝
Stand. Gas & Elec.	71⅝	71⅝

*—Bid. †—Ex Div.

Dow-Jones Summary

By courtesy of Swan, Culbertson & Fritz

Trading on the Stock Exchange today was light with prices showing little change. News remains favourable and steel operations are rebounding to the pre-labour day levels.

U. S. Commodities

Saturday's Closing Quotations

New York, Sept. 7.

Cotton prices closed weak today on increased selling pressure and hedge offerings, while spot houses and southern interests were also on the selling side. Demand was small at the lower levels. Closing quotations ranged from 12 to 15 points down from the previous final levels.

Dull and featureless conditions prevailed in the Chicago Wheat Pit, with quotations finishing a shade higher on trade buying and shorts covering. At the final bell, quotations were unchanged to ⅓ cent up.

New York Cotton

Oct.	9.23-24 —15	Mar.	9.02-02 —12
Dec.	9.21-21 —12	May	8.82-82 —12
Jan.	9.11 N —12	July	8.62-62 —12

Winnipeg Wheat

Oct. 73⅝ A unc.

Chicago Wheat		Chicago Corn	
Dec.	76⅞-77 unc.	May	58½-58 +⅜
May	77¾-77⅞ +¼	Dec.	57¼-57¼ +⅜

B—Bid. A—Asked.—Reuter.

Foreign Exchanges

Bombay Rupee T. T. on:

Closing, Sept. 7.

Japan	81¼	London	1/5 31/32
New York	333	2 mths	
Shanghai	20¾	,, sellers	1/5 31/32
Hongkong	84¼	,, buyers	1/6 1/32
		Japan 2 mths	
		,, sellers	82¾
		,, buyers	77

London £ Sterling T. T. on:

New York	402.50	Bombay	1/6 1/32
Madrid	37.70	Hongkong	1/3
Berne	17.65	Singapore	2/4 1/32
Bel. C'go	176½*	Yokohama	1/2½
Shanghai	3 11/16d.	,, buying	1/2

New York U.S.$ T. T. on:

Berlin	39.95	Shanghai	5.38
Spain	9.25 N.	Hungary	19.50†
Italy	5.05	Rumania	0.50
S'zerland	22.74	Yogo Slavia	2.30
Sweden	23.85	Greece	0.68
Montreal	87.625	Finland	2.05
Brazil	5.05	Manila	49.81
Japan	23.48		

London	4.03
Buenos Aires Paper.	29.78
,, ,, ,, market rate	23.35
Montreal on London	4.60

N—Nom. *—Official †—Quoted.—Reuter.

Foreign Money Rates

London:		Sept. 7.
Fine Bank Bills,	3 months	1 1/16%
Bank Bills,	6 months	1¼%
Fine Trade Bills,	3 months	2¾%
Fine Trade Bills,	6 months	3¼%
Call money		⅞%

New York: Closed.—Reuter.

Allis-Chalmers has declared a dividend of $0.50 against $0.25 previously. Country-wide Department Store sales for the last week of August were 10 per cent. ahead of last year.

Stocks:—Heavy building activity is reaching record proportions, which is likely to benefit American Radiator, Flintkote and Johns Manville. The "Times" Index of business activity was placed at 105.3, against 104.3 for last week and 94.0 for the corresponding period of last year.

DIVIDENDS

Read yesterday's Allis Chalmers $0.50

Cotton:—The moderate increase in hedge offerings was accompanied only by a scale-down demand. Crop progress continues to be good, but the lateness may bring the danger of frost.

Wheat:—Stocks in loan on September 4 totalled 103,017,143 bushels. A minor reaction is expected, but the reduction in open interest on the rise suggests that speculative profit-taking may be small.

Corn:—The heavier from to market movement, in anticipation of increased farm storage requirements for the new crop, may work against values.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

Statistical Data Concerning Leading Stocks

By Courtesy of Swan, Culbertson & Fritz

Name of Stock (No par value except where indicated)		Dividends: Annual rate $	Dividends: Date of 1st quarterly payment	Book value	Earnings or Deficits: 5 yr Average 1926-30	1937	1938	1939	Yield on basis of price in %
Adams Express	..	0.30†	Irregular	12	—	0.62	0.16	0.29	5
Alleghany Ludlum Steel	..	1†	Irregular	18	—	2.10	D 1.04	1.49	4
Allis Chalmers	..	1.25	Irregular	33	—	4.42	1.44	2.09	3
American can	25	4	Feb. 15	48	6.29	6.08	4.35	6.22	4
Am. and Foreign Power	..	—	—	—	1.43	D 8.77	D 8.66	D 8.88	nil
Am. and For.P. $7 cum.Pref.		0.70	Irregular	110	23.49	7.11	6.83	6.21	4
Am. Locomotive	..	—	—	6	4.20	4.75	D 4.90	D 4.45	nil
Am. Radiator	..	0.30†	Irregular	10	1.84	0.68	D 0.08	0.34	4
Am. Rolling Mill	..	—	—	28	2.46	2.55	D 1.16	0.69	nil
American Smelting	..	3	Feb. 28	38	7.27	6.54	3.24	4.36	7
Am. Tel. and Tel.	100	9	Jan. 15	127	1.30	9.76	8.32	10.18	5
Am. Tob. "B"	35	5	Mar. 1	24	6.00	5.04	4.89	5.42	7
Am. Waterworks	..	—	—	10	2.80	1.14	0.38	0.95	nil
Anaconda Copper	50	1.50†	Mar. 25	59	4.97	3.62	1.10	2.33	6
Atch., Top. & S. Fe	100	—	—	260	19.16	0.60	0.83	0.94	nil
Auburn Automobiles	..	—	—	3	9.72	D 15.00	D 1.73	—	nil
Baldwin Locomotive	13	—	—	37	—	0.32	D 1.09	0.41	nil
Baltimore and Ohio	100	—	—	126	11.36	D 1.20	D 6.04	D 1.55	nil
Barber Asphalt	(10)	0.75†	Irregular	32	—	1.91	D 0.85	1.39	6
Barnsdall Oil	5	0.70†	Feb. 1	7	—	0.85	1.26	0.76	8
Bethlehem Steel	..	3.75†	Irregular	122	7.06	7.63	D 0.70	5.75	5
Boeing Airplane	5	—	—	5	—	0.45	D 0.77	D 4.55	nil
Borg-Warner	5	1.35	Irregular	16	—	3.63	D 0.01	2.43	7
Bklyn. Manh. Tran.	..	—	—	—	6.78	4.09	D 1.25	D 1.22	nil
Canadian Pacific Rly.	25	—	—	40	3.11	0.30	D 0.32	D 0.32	nil
Case, J. I.	100	—	—	152	14.53	13.98	8.89	D 1.87	nil
Chase Nat. Bank	13.55	1.40	F.A. 1	32	4.04	2.03	1.96	1.80	5
Chesapeake & Ohio.	25	2.87½	Jan. 1	51	5.67	4.43	2.62	3.49	7
Chrysler	5	5	Irregular	40	4.69	11.66	4.32	8.47	6
Columbia Gas and Electric	..	0.20	Irregular	12	2.08	0.57	0.31	0.46	3
Commercial Credit	10	3.75	Mar. 31	29	—	7.10	4.60	4.01	11
Commonwealth & Southern		—	—	5	0.67	0.18	0.08	0.13	nil
Consolidated Edison	..	2	Mar. 15	45	4.50	2.17	2.09	2.22	7
Consolidated Oil	..	0.80	Feb. 15	18	—	1.48	0.55	0.55	12
Continental Oil	..	1	Jan. 30	20	0.64	2.97	1.00	1.35	5
Distillers Corp. Seagrams	..	2	Mar. 15	21	nil	3.95	3.75	3.29	12
Douglas Aircraft	..	3	Irregular	21	1.50	1.90	3.76	4.81	4
Dupont de Nemours	10	8†	Mar. 15	42	5.17	7.27	3.75	7.66	5
Eagle Picher Lead	10	0.20†	Irregular	14	—	0.40	—	—	2
Electric Bond & Share	5	—	—	19	2.15	0.42	0.18	0.24	nil
Elec. Bond & Share $6 Pref.		6	Feb. 1	—	—	7.31	—	—	8
Flintkote	..	1.00	Irregular	13	—	1.50	1.21	2.11	7
General Electric	..	1.60	Jan. 25	11	1.81	2.21	0.90	1.43	5
General Motors	10	3.75	Mar. 12	19	4.83	4.38	2.17	4.06	7
General Railway Signal	..	—	Irregular	16	7.99	1.58	D 0.85	0.34	nil
Glidden	..	0.80†	—	23	—	2.62	D 0.29	1.70	6
Goodrich Rubber	..	1	Irregular	26	2.09	D 2.25	0.14	3.51	8
Goodyear Tire and Rubber.		1.25	Irregular	26	5.12	1.95	1.34	3.20	8
Great Northern Ry. Pfd.	..	—	—	157	9.47	4.04	1.09	3.47	nil
Greyhound	..	1.45†	Jan. 1	9	D 0.16	1.59	1.43	1.79	12
Int. Nickel	..	2	Mar. 30	14	0.85	3.31	2.09	2.39	7
Int. Tel. and Tel.	..	—	—	30	3.45	1.60	1.10	0.76	nil
Kennecott	..	3	Mar. 30	32	3.67	4.60	2.10	3.14	10
Lockheed Aircraft	..	1	Irregular	9	—	0.21	0.67	4.04	3
Loew's Inc.	..	2	Mar. 30	56	6.71	8.47	5.65	5.37	7
Montgomery Ward	..	2.50	Apr. 15	34	2.51	3.41	3.50	4.91	6
Nat. City Bank N.Y.	12½	1	F.A. 1	27	4.12	2.00	—	2.25	4
Nat. Dairy Products.	..	0.80	Jan. 2	13	3.58	1.53	1.69	1.97	6
National Distillers	..	2	Feb. 1	22	—	3.86	3.85	3.43	9
Nat. Power and Light	..	0.60	Mar. 1	22	1.74	1.36	1.28	1.12	8
New York Central	..	—	—	142	12.63	0.99	D 3.13	0.70	nil
North Am. Aviation	1	1.50	Irregular	3	—	0.14	0.55	2.06	8
North American Co.	10	1.20*	Jan. 2	21	4.47	1.95	1.55	1.84	6
Pacific Gas and Electric	25	2	Jan. 16	30	2.83	3.71	2.42	2.84	7
Packard Motors	..	—	—	3	1.11	0.20	D 0.17	0.04	nil
Paramount Pictures	1	0.15	Irregular	17	—	1.96	0.55	1.08	2
Pennsylvania Railroad	50	1.50†	Irregular	89	7.01	2.07	0.84	2.43	7
Phillips Petroleum	..	2	Mar. 1	38	3.69	5.42	2.03	2.21	6
Public Service of N.J.	..	2.50	Mar. 30	24	3.15	2.61	2.34	2.88	7
Pure Oil	..	0.25	Irregular	22	1.77	2.15	0.38	1.11	3
Radio Corp.	..	0.20	Irregular	nil	1.32	0.41	0.30	0.35	4
Reynolds Tobacco "B"	..	2.30†	Jan. 1	15	3.04	2.82	2.37	2.56	7
Schenley	5	—	—	33	—	5.04	2.46	2.52	nil
Sears Roebuck	..	4.25	Mar. 16	47	5.03	5.58	4.18	6.60	5
Socony Vacuum Corp.	15	0.50†	M.S. 15	22	—	1.82	1.29	1.09	6
Southern Pacific	100	—	—	123	10.19	0.20	D 1.81	1.63	nil
Standard Brands	..	0.40	Jan. 2	4	1.53	0.73	0.62	0.51	6
Standard Gas & Electric	..	—	—	—	6.59	D 0.86	D 2.49	D 1.34	nil
Standard Oil of N.J.	25	1.75*	J.D. 15	49	3.47	5.64	2.86	3.27	5
Texas Gulf Sulphur	..	2.25	Mar. 15	15	5.21	3.02	1.81	2.04	7
Union Carbide & Carbon	..	2.20†	Jan. 2	30	3.40	4.81	2.77	3.86	3
Union Pacific Railway	100	6	Jan. 2	—	17.53	6.15	6.62	6.74	7
United Aircraft	5	2.75	Irregular	12	—	1.52	2.05	3.53	7
United Airlines	5	—	—	8	—	D 0.52	D 0.66	0.21	nil
United Corp.	..	—	—	3	0.55	0.22	0.07	0.07	nil
United Gas Improvement	..	1	Mar. 23	11	1.29	1.09	0.99	1.07	8
U.S. Rubber	10	—	—	24	nil	2.21	0.43	2.91	nil
U.S. Steel	..	2	Irregular	119	12.90	8.01	D 3.79	1.83	4
Vanadium	..	1†	Irregular	29	4.59	2.22	0.61	3.25	3
Warner Bros. Pictures	..	—	—	18	1.84	1.48	0.41	0.36	nil
Westinghouse Elec.	50	4.25	Feb. 28	71	7.22	7.53	3.38	5.18	4

*Plus extras D Deficit E Est †Dividends are for the latest four quarters

Scarcity Of Food in Europe

German Invasion Has Prejudiced the Situation In Her Own and Conquered Countries

ALTHOUGH the full extent and nature of the damage caused to Europe's economic structure by German invasion and pillage cannot be ascertained, evidence has been forthcoming that it has seriously prejudiced the food situation not only in the despoiled territories but also in the Reich itself, states "The Times."

On balance, Europe as a whole depends on oversea sources for food for her inhabitants, fodder for her livestock, ond fertilizer for her soil. Some countries, like Denmark and Holland, which appear as large exporters of victuals, cannot produce a surplus unless they are able to import provender for their pigs and cattle, and artificial manure for their crops.

Before Germany invaded Denmark and the Low Countries there were adequate supplies of foodstuffs in Europe, thanks largely to the facilities which the Allied Contraband Control granted for the import into neutral territory of at least normal quantities. Terrible deterioration has set in since the war machine pounded its way through the growing crops and pastures, and since warfare at sea prevented the import of essential materials.

Danish Pig Industry Ruined

Denmark's bacon industry has been virtually destroyed and one-third of her cattle will have to be slaughtered before many months have passed. Holland's herds have suffered grievously, first through flood and since through lack of feed. Belgium's situation is so desperate that unless substantial relief comes quickly famine will overtake her before two months have elapsed. There, as in Poland, the spectre of disease hovers over the country, by reason not only of lack of proper nourishment but also of insanitary conditions consequent on damage from bombs. In Norway, three-quarters of whose grain supplies were always imported, the Nazis themselves admit the necessity for providing extensive help in the way of food, as well as clothes and furniture In some districts the situation is critical; feeding-stuffs are scarce and livestock has had to be slaughtered. The margarine industry is at a standstill and the fishing industry, whence Germany used to obtain one-third of her supplies, is at an end. Little or no help can be expected from Italy, for as a whole she has the same deficiencies as Germany. Her standard of living, which has been falling for a decade, is lower than that of the Reich. Nor can the Nazis look with any confidence for breadstuffs from France. She is normally barely self-supporting and now her ravaged soil has to bear the burden of an army of occupation.

In south-eastern Europe all reports regarding crops describe them as from bad to moderate. Estimates of the yield of winter grain vary from a 25 per cent. to a 50 per cent. decrease. In order to improve harvest prospects to any appreciable extent a miracle would be needed and there is now not much time left for such a demonstration.

Germany's Dilemma

In short the food production of few European countries has remained unimpaired by the ravages of either Hitler's hordes or the hard winter, the spring floods and the transfer of labour from the farms to the forces. In addition the Reich, which is now responsible for feeding the territory it has despoiled, has suffered from shortage of horses, fertilizers, feeding stuffs and oil for machinery. Germany's much-vaunted potato crop has been ravaged in part, notably in the West, by the Colorado beetle, and, in consequence, the ration of this staple German food has been cut to 3½kg. weekly. On the other hand Germany has probably tided over any crisis in respect of fats by means of the seizures she has made in stolen or conquered territory.

As a result of negotiations in Berlin between Sweden and Germany a scheme has been worked out for a considerable increase in the amount of commodities exchanged. After the Government representatives have finished their work specialized negotiations will take place between representatives of the steel industry, the timber industry, and shipping. Sweden has declared herself ready to increase her sales to Germany and Germany has shown understanding of the Swedish desire to buy more from her.

Italy's Position

Now that Italy has entered the war her trade has become subject to the same measures of contraband control as German trade. The list of articles to be treated as absolute and conditional contraband is the same. The Order in Council placing an embargo on all German exports applies also to Italy.

For many months increasing quantities of German goods, masquerading as Italian, have been exported through Italy. The Reich will now be prevented from obtaining foreign exchange by this method. The leak through Italy into Germany will also be stopped. In building up her stocks of imported goods since last September, Italy has depleted her foreign exchange reserves and thus has not been able to make herself as secure as she wished. The resources of the Bank of Italy at the end of March last were $138,000,000, of which about $100,000,000 were in gold and the rest in foreign exchange. This combined total compares with $166,000,000 at the end of last year and $203,000,000 at the end of 1938.

Deficiencies

In order to find alternative sources for the grain and oil seeds which Italy has been obtaining from oversea and which will now be cut off, she will have to turn to the Balkans where Germany is also a buyer. She used to furnish the Reich with large quantities of rice, but now seems unlikely to be able to continue to do so In recent times Rumania has been selling to Italy more than twice as much as Italian sales in that country, and will not be inclined to allow the indebtedness to increase much further.

It was noted a few weeks ago by the United States Department of Commerce that the Italian hope of quick and easy profits as a result of the war had been dispelled. While industries manufacturing war materials and export products have been working at a high rate, some kinds of textile mills have felt the shortage of substitute fibres. At the same time stocks of raw cotton were reported to be sufficient for early needs, but there was a shortage of wool in some districts.

Italy, like Germany, is deficient in a number of key commodities. Of petroleum she has been obtaining a small, although increasing, quantity from Albania and she makes some motor spirit of poor quality from lignite. Extensive drilling at home has led to virtually no results, and she has been dependent on outside sources for meeting between 15 and 20 per cent. of her peace time requirements. Her yearly imports have been 2,600,000 tons, 19 per cent. of which came from Rumania, and the remainder from Iraq and other oversea sources, including the United States (37 per cent.) and Venezuela and the Dutch West Indies (together 16½ per cent.). The Mexican Government's shipments of petroleum to Italy have been suspended. In future, Italy must rely on Rumania and Russia, whose export surpluses have hitherto been earmarked by Germany.

Coal Situation

Italy's own coal deposits are negligible and for her metallurgical, chemical, and other industries and her railways—only a third of which run on hydro-electric power—she must import 12,000,000 tons yearly. Of this total the 3,000,000 tons which she used to obtain from the United Kingdom will now be cut off. Although her strenuous efforts to get German coal have been successful so far it seems unlikely that the level of supply will be kept up. Scarcity of trucks is becoming a great obstacle, and in addition the German railway system has been showing increasing signs of strain.

Need of Iron

Of Italy's needs of iron ore and scrap all but about one-fifth have to be imported. Of the latter (600,000 tons yearly) nearly three-quarters have been coming from the United States and will now be subject to blockade. The maximum output of the Italian steel industry is 4,000,000 tons yearly, but the best it has done yet is 2,000,000 tons. Italy must also import annually from outside the Mediterranean 75,000 tons of copper, 4,000 tons of nickel, 4,000 tons of tin, 30,000 tons of rubber, 250,000 tons of castor and other oilseeds, 40,000 tons of wool and a quantity of toluol.

Italian food resources are limited. While she has made great progress toward self-sufficiency in wheat, she has had in recent years to import an average of 500,000 tons, together with 100,000 tons of maize, 75,000 tons of potatoes (largely from Germany), 30,000 tons of meat, 100,000 tons of fish (from France and Scandinavia), and 900,000 tons of phosphate for fertilizer. Italians can live on little for a long time, but scarcity begins to tell when added to war strain.

Reconstruction of Economic Position

France Taking Steps for Improvement of Industry State Sponsored Unions

Vichy, Sept. 7.

The reconstruction of France's economic situation being one of the main aims of the French Government the latter has decided to further this aim by splitting the Ministry of Labour and Industrial Production into three Secretariats-General.

Matters pertaining to electric power, raw materials, metallurgical products and the administration of mines, will be dealt with by one of the secretariats.

The second will be in charge of industrial and commercial affairs, while the third will deal with labour questions.

The work of the various committees of organization, the creation of which is provided for by a government decree issued on August 16, will be supervised by the Secretariats.

A new basis for professional organization to meet with present requirements is expected to result from the joint efforts of the secretariats and the committees.

Professional Unions

In order to ensure a rational distribution among various industries of the existing stocks of raw materials, all producers will be grouped into professional unions sponsored by the state. These unions, it is pointed out, will not interfere with the internal organization of individual firms which will be allowed to work as in the past, provided that their activity does not interfere with the decisions of its respective union.

The government will also encourage the creation of scientific research organizations with the object of finding out synthetic products replacing the much needed foreign raw materials and for the general improvement of the French industrial production.—Havas.

Ban on Gold Extended In Manchoukuo

Hsinking, Sept. 8.

A fundamental revision and strengthening of the ban on the use and sale of gold and gold articles throughout Manchoukuo has been decided upon by the Manchoukuo Government in line with its anti-luxury policy, the "Manchuria Daily News" announced here.

Under a new decree the manufacture, repairing, purchase and sale of all gold will be totally prohibited. The ban includes gold-plated articles.

Also prohibited will be the sale, transfer and movement of gold, gold bullion, gold-leaf, powder, thread and all articles manufactured with these bye-products.—Havas

France to Increase Growth of Soya Bean

Vichy, Sept. 7.

The growth of soya beans is to be encouraged in France, it was reported today. Soya beans had already been grown on a small scale in some parts of France, especially the Languedoc Department, where it was found that the soil was perfect for this purpose.

Although France does not intend to become a major producer of soya beans, it is hoped that an increase in the culture of this product will compensate for the present lack in other oleaginous plants.—Havas.

British Insurance As An Asset

High Reputation Has Been Established by the Prompt Payment of Claims

The war has caused the oversea work of the British insurance institutions to be generally appreciated better than hitherto. People who have long studied these activities of the British companies have known that their services ranked high among those which this country rendered to other nations, but the facts have become more clearly understood recently through the insistence on the vital need to make every possible effort to develop the export trade in order to help to pay for the larger imports required by this country for the prosecution of the war, states "The Times."

Just as the export of manufactured goods is mainly helpful as a contribution towards the cost of the greater purchases of commodities by Great Britain if the goods are sold at a profit, small though this may be, it is important that, on balance, the provision abroad of insurance by British companies shall, on the whole, and over a long period, be conducted on a remunerative basis.

British Security

Actually over a period of years the companies have been able to conduct insurance at a profit, a result which has applied particularly to fire insurance. There have been occasions in the past when, through the effects of disasters, adverse balances have been incurred. The heavy payments made and the ability of the offices to meet promptly all the claims that were presented helped to establish their high reputation for fair dealing and security. Undoubtedly in the long run the British institutions gained by their costly experiences. The circumstances are remembered to their credit abroad, and they have helped materially to encourage the demand for British security.

Strength in Diversity

The widespread character of the work of the British offices abroad contributes to their strength. It frequently happens that the loss ratio in particular regions is unduly heavy. Great disturbances of nature, such as hurricanes of the type which destroyed an enormous amount of property on the eastern coast of the United States in the autumn of 1938, are particularly responsible for unfavourable balance. If a company confined its activities to such areas the consequences might indeed be disastrous, but when offices transact business in most parts of the world, as the British companies do, it would be extraordinary if all the regions were to yield unfavourable results the same time. Insurance consists of a spreading of the risks, and by conducting a worldwide business the British companies practise the principle. So while losses may be incurred in some parts of the world on the whole the balance, as a rule, is on the right side, and the companies contribute to the so-called invisible exports of the country.

That the value of the work abroad of the British companies is not restricted to underwriting earnings was lately explained by Sir Frederick Pascoe Rutter, the Governor of the London and Lancashire Insurance Company, who, with a long record of the successful development of British insurance abroad, is well qualified to speak on this subject. He pointed out that the volume of he foreign investments of the companies and the interest earned on them are important, and that the companies also give help and encouragement to British trade oversea by the security they provide.

This assistance is deep-rooted. The ability to grant insurance and to offer the necessary security are inherent in the national character and in the country's financial resources, British insurance owes part of its success to the genius and pioneer work of individuals who inspired others to develop forms of insurance which, they demonstrated, could be practised with success. The British flair for insurance has conferred immense benefits on countries where the industry has led the way.

Resolve of the Offices

The Government, it has been authoritatively stated, can now rely on the initiative and enterprise of the British insurance companies to exert themselves to maintain and increase the value of the national asset. British managers know that they can only hope to achieve these aims by giving good value for money. Competition is keen, and oversea companies may be assisted in one way or another by their own Governments. At times the conduct of various forms of casualty insurance has proved particularly troublesome, and in large regions outgoings have exceeded income. Yet no enterprise, with or without Government backing, could indefinitely provide insurance at a loss, and if patience be exercised it should be moderately rewarded. Thanks to their financial strength, which has enabled them to discriminate in the acceptance of business, the British companies have been able to survive difficult periods, in the course of which they have limited their commitments, and then they have benefited later when underwriting was established once again on an economic basis.

Early this year the Chancellor of the Exchequer stated in the House of Commons that the fullest arrangements had been made to enable British insurance companies to carry on their business without impediment, and to meet claims by Allied, neutral, or British policy-holders under any policy in accordance with its terms, whether these be expressed in sterling or in foreign currency. The demand for British security has continued to be strong. The offices hold considerable resources abroad where they transact business and when, as usually happens, the claims are covered by the income, their only concern with exchange movements is on the occasion of the transfer of any interest to this country. Exchange would naturally concern the companies if, owing to a particularly adverse experience, sums had to be transferred from Great Britain to other countries.

Textile Production in France to Be Limited

Inspectors Appointed to Supervise Factories

Vichy, Sept. 7.

The production of textiles in France will be drastically limited as a result of the Government decree adopted on August 31 this year.

With stocks of raw materials practically exhausted in France the Government was forced to regulate the production textiles.

Henceforth, only materials considered as of absolute necessity will be manufactured by the textile industry. Waste will be reduced to a minimum. Thus, the combing of wool has been banned.

As a result of the decree textile concerns will not be permitted to enlarge their present plants. Special inspectors sworn to professional secrecy will supervise the work of the textile plants and check their stocks.

Violations of the decree will entail severe punishment extending from fines to the closing of the concern in question.—Havas.

Increased Sale of Radios In Manchoukuo

Dairen, Sept. 7.

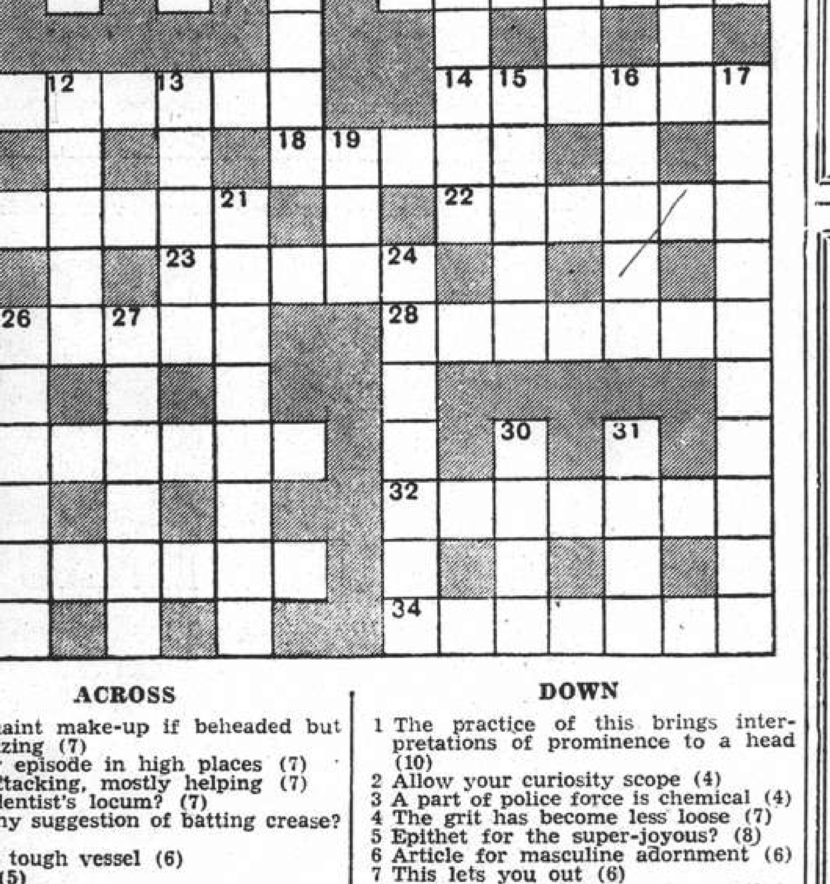
Owners of radio sets in Manchoukuo numbered 288,530 by the end of July and are expected to total 300,000 before the end of this year, the "Manchuria Daily News" stated.

The Manchuria Telephone and Telegraph Co., which tried to obtain 300,000 subscribers some months past, has now set 500,000 as its mark. Out of the 288,530 radio owners, no less than 141,450 are Manchus, almost half the total for the whole country.

The M.T.T. is planning a special radio programme to include Japanese songs, radio drama stories, lectures and other features in order to encourage the purchase of radios in Manchoukuo.—Havas.

CROSSWORD PUZZLE No. 290

(By Arrangement with the "Daily Telegraph.")



ACROSS

1 Of quaint make-up if beheaded but appetizing (7)
8 Shady episode in high places (7)
9 All attacking, mostly helping (7)
10 The dentist's locum? (7)
11 Sketchy suggestion of batting crease? (7)
14 Not a tough vessel (6)
18 Bird (5)
20 Controvert (6)
22 Frank expression of ability and action (6)
23 Much to indicate a game (5)
25 A ball to fear (6)
28 Bird that attacked another, apparently (7)
29 This means darkness (two words—2. 5)
32 Wine against at last (7)
33 See pert mixture of higher gradient (7)
34 Proceed in slovenly fashion with false start (7)

DOWN

1 The practice of this brings interpretations of prominence to a head (10)
2 Allow your curiosity scope (4)
3 A part of police force is chemical (4)
4 The grit has become less loose (7)
5 Epithet for the super-joyous? (8)
6 Article for masculine adornment (6)
7 This lets you out (6)
12 Has he a thirst like himself curtailed? (5)
13 A comfortable bit of home (5)
15 Promulgate in sudden action (5)
16 Ruse to 7 down impact? (5)
17 Fishing tackle (three words—3, 3, 4)
19 Part of 11 across (3)
21 We regard this water as ours, but it might become anothers (two words—5, 3)
24 Things doesn't agree (7)
26 It exports its middle (6)
27 "Is rake" (anag.) (6)
30 A rotten conductor familiar to wireless enthusiasts (4)
31 One of the bosses (4)

SUNDAY'S SOLUTION.—ACROSS: 3, Packer; 6, Exodus; 8, Savoury; 9, Ritual; 10, Hun; 12, Theft; 15, Men-ds; 17, Ode; 19, Hating; 21, Airship; 22, Peseta; 23, Crisis. DOWN: 1, Secret; 2, Bottled; 3, Psalm; 4, Clothe; 5, Errand; 7, U.S.A. 11, Unaided; 13, Hosier; 14, Feasts; 16, Signal; 18, Chips; 20, Ape.

Swan, Culbertson & Fritz

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Canadian Commodity Exchange, Inc., Montreal
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MALAYAN SHAREBROKERS ASSOCIATION

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

INCORPORATED IN THE COLONY OF HONGKONG.
THE LIABILITY OF MEMBERS IS LIMITED TO THE EXTENT AND IN MANNER PRESCRIBED BY ORDINANCE NO. 6 OF 1929 OF THE COLONY.

Authorised Capital	HK$50,000,000
Issued and Fully Paid-up	HK$20,000,000
Reserve Funds: Sterling	£6,500,000
Reserve Funds: Hongkong Currency	HK$10,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors	HK$20,000,000

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MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LTD.

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Subscribed Capital	£1,800,000
Paid-Up Capital	1,050,000
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Branches throughout India, Ceylon, Malaya and in Hongkong and Mauritius. Agencies in all principal countries of the world.

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Agency: Chung Hua Road, Chingkiang

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Reserves B. Frs. 3,000,000

Head Office: SHANGHAI

Branches:

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Banque Belge Pour L'Etranger Paris, S.A., Paris
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Correspondents in all parts of the world

£8,000 Mark Reached in War Contributions Fund

Ten Thousand Pounds Wanted By End of Week For Next Remittance to England

(Continued from yesterday)

ALTHOUGH nearly £8,000 has been subscribed to the Voluntary War Contribution Fund since August 15, some £2,000 more are required to make up the next remittance to England of £10,000 which the committee in charge of the Fund proposes to send on September 15. The original donation of £52,000 sent home last month for the purchase of aeroplanes was gratefully acknowledged by Lord Beaverbrook, Minister for Aircraft Production, as an example of the loyalty and devotion with which Britons the world over are co-operating in the present struggle against Germany.

Every extra aeroplane put into service in England will mean more chance for those now fighting to face the Nazi war machine, and it is in this spirit that the utmost effort must be made in helping the gallant airmen who are defending the British Isles against attack. However small the contribution, it will be welcomed, and although an extra effort may be necessary to secure the £2,000 to make up the amount, it should be possible. A further list of acknowledgements of donations already received is given below.

Barbara Susan and Bridget	$ 150
Mr. and Mrs. A. Seaborn	100
Leobelle	10
S. Y. David	50
Mrs. E. Stockwell	5
G. E. Cammiade	30
Tommy Jackson's Wedding	250
B. W. Talbot	365
Hermfred	150
N. H. Price	125
Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Sherriff	20
Miss Eleanor Sherriff	5
R. D. Bell	500
L. F. S.	10
Anonymous	100
M. E. Akers	50
J. M. Ward	25
V. A. H. Gunther	10
Mr. and Mrs. I. Benjamin	10
D. Gibson	500
Anonymous	35
Anonymous	150
Nagai	100
Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Chambers	50
Mr. and Mrs. O. G. R. Beynon	15
W. Hamilton	300
G. B.	20
Dr. Theodor Weiner	15
Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Gwynne	100
Rahja	25
Miss C. M. Brown	300
H. G. Banham	135
Miss L. Remedios	2
Tommylad	10
Eve's Bridge Party	96
Miss S. A. Barr	20
Four Non-British Jews	80
H. V. Thorne	250
R. T. Abery	60
G. H. A.	50
Dr. I. G. Anderson	50
Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Brown	200
J. T. Buckley	70
Miss P. M. Bourne	100
A. H. Chamberlain	100
A. M. Cobbett	75
Miss E. M. Adlam	100
Anonymous	150
W. C. B.	150
J. T. W. B.	100
Mrs. K. L. Bird	50
H. A.	60
H. A. Crickmer	50
R. V. Dodd	10
J. Day	40
Miss D. Fredericks	300
F. X. G.	25
J. C. Greig	40
Anonymous	50
A. Harding	120
H. Garner	20
"Lone Wolf"	120
Rye Sussex	20
B. H.	250
Miss D. Hodgson	100
Mrs. M. E. Hill	50
A. E. Howkins	100
Marjorie and John Huxley	10
Miss E. M. Hinder	200
Mrs. E. M. Hoffman	10
Dr. Ivor E. G. Hunter	450
Rosslyn	100
E. T. Hooper	100
F. A. Inglis	40
G. W. Jenssen	10
E. J.	200
Anonymous	100
T. A. Lupton	100
W. Littler	20
J. Linford	100
Miss D. P. Latimer	50
Miss L. A. E. Mann	20
D. A. Macfarlane	200
Mr. and Mrs. E. W. S. McGregor	50
R. Manly-Allatt	10
L. H. T.	75
Anonymous	20
J. Miller	60
J. W. Morcher	250
E. I. Owen	150
R. T. Oates	35
Dr. J. W. O'Hara	250
E. P. Oliver	250
A. Welshman	1,000
Miss Y. Pollock	150
Mrs. A. M. Piquet	100
J. S. Page	100
W. A. Powell	150
Anonymous	20
Mr. and Mrs. I. C. M. Pemberton	120
E. J. Palmer	20
Joan and Virginia	50
S. C. Pemberton	10
E. F. R.	200
Mrs. E. R. R.	10
D. P. Ross	150
F. R. Ray	85
J. W. Ridley	30
G. D. R.	50
Anonymous	250
A. V. Sennitt	40
Mrs. E. E. Ranson	50
John Pickering	100
Anonymous	800
Anonymous	100
G. Pollak	10
J. M. M.	50
Kenneth	30
F. W. P.	100
Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Miller	15
W. R. M. Stevens	200
T. Symons	15
J. Sharples	100
Mrs. E. Stockwell	5
C. H. Stableford	150
H. Stott	100
M. N. Speyer	40
S. O. Thorley	100
Anonymous	20
Rolbert	10
G. H. Tucker	50
Capt. A. Watson	50
W. Whiting	100
F. and E. Wood	50
Anonymous	70
H. W. Welman	20
Miss F. M. Wilson	20
Mr. and Mrs. R. G. Woodhead	300
Restalrig	25
H. E. W.	40
Dorset	10
Miss Militza Varndell	20
R. Morgan	200
M. Y. N.	20
Mrs. Debora Landau	20
Miss Mary Haimovitch	10
Miss H. A. Brown	50
M. J. L.	100
D. Grant	50
1066	50
Canidrome Cash Sweep No. 1726	50
E. I. L.	25
Mrs. D. Brook	20
Mr. and Mrs. E. S. K. Ho-tung	300
Panda Khan	5
Miss Cameron	50
Miss Wilson	20
M. W. H.	500
H. Laffond	200
Daniel Keating	250
A. F. T. Holland	100
Dorothy Spitfire Fund Miss Dorothy Latimer	50
H. H. Dye	100
N. Lazarus & Co.	50
Anonymous	50
W. G. Gordon Brown	125
F. A. Farnan	30
In memory of the late Mr. C. E. Thomson:	
F. Guillemont	$ 20
Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Duckitt	100
In memory of the late Mr. A. M. Cannan:	
K. S. Mackenzie	$ 10
T. B. Zee	50
F. G. Harrison	20
T. S. P.	25
F. W. Clifton	100
In memory of the late James Winning.	
The members of the Royal Air Force Association of Shanghai	135
Mrs. and Miss Mildred Thomson, in memory of Mr. J. O. Tattim	25
W. N. Dickson	120
Mrs. M. McLaren	100
A. T. Lavington	100
Miss N. Williams	27
F. G. I. Kendall	30
Mr. and Mrs. B. J. W. Grimes	100
C. E. Ross	100
Anonymous	200
Rev. P. C. Matthews	120
"G.T."	100
J. Herbert Kane	100
F. and K. Parry	25
Mrs. Goldia Jones	50
"S.J.W. and R.W."	20
R. G. Sayle	20
A. J. Hickmott	100
G. Danson	500
W. Miles	$ 30
F. M. Young	200
H. J. Hunt	50
R. Whitly	100
Mrs. D. Whitly	100
E. Geo Long	50
Mr. and Mrs. H. Ellis	250
"I.C."	10
J.E.P. Blenkinsop—in memory of L. Eaton	5
G. S. Hankinson	1,000
"W.A.D."	10
"S.F."	20
The 2nd Battalion, East Surreys Regiment	420
More of Betsy Stewart's birthday	15
E. L. Hughes	50
Robin and Patrick Hutcheon—Sale of Stamps	15
Phyl's Birthday Party	300
C. L. Oliphant	150
Arts and Crafts Ltd.	3,000
Anonymous	100
O. G. Anderson	200
A. H. Merriles	150
Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Orr	40
Miss S. S. Kelsey	500
Shanghai Vacuum Cleaning and Storage Co. Ltd.	2,000
Mr. and Mrs. J. D. A. Hutchison	100
"S.M.P."	100
Mr. and Mrs. Gordon Morriss	1,000
"Cruiser"	120
Miss B. M. Daly	50
A. Hewlett Smith—in memory of C.E.M. Thomson	10
"Freedom"	1,000
"Liberty"	1,000
"E.G."	200
Joseph Thompson	25
"I.S."	100
"W.T.B."	50
Mrs. E. M. Newton	50
"Bow and Arrow"	20
"5 Seas-Band"	5
Barbara Joan Smith (Pocket money)	5
F. E. Broad	200
Mrs. A. Letchford	20
All Ranks, R.A.M.C.-Shanghai	343
Wicklow—Ireland	120
2nd Contribution from some members of the Asiatic Petroleum Co. (N.C.) Ltd.	10,495
R. Zimmerman	25
Rev. E. W. Trickey	100
Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Belbin	50
"Ard Choille"	500
Mr. and Mrs. E. A. P. Wood	250
D. G. Jones	25
William W. Tyler	50
"Mr. Frey"	10
Mrs. M. Gater	50
"F. C. P."	250
Anonymous	10
C. M. Keenan	100
Mr. and Mrs. H. K. Peters in memory of James Winning	50
Miss Hannah L. Reid	25
W. G. Cook	10
Mrs. C. F. Mayers	500
Miss Dorothy A. Stark	40
Isabel Waite	2
C. F. D. L.	1,000
"Two Widows"	520
"J. C. L."	50
Bryson	1
Douglas	2
Mrs. H. Barratt in memory of L. Tattum	25
"Seaburn"	40
"Kim"	20
Anonymous	500
"Robjean"	50
A. J. Percival	250
A. M. Kerr	100
C. E. Hunnex	30
"Luan"	200
"H. W."	18
D. E. Levy	20
Lt. N. Wright	6
Detachment—R.A.M.C.	500
S. M. Carlisle	340
Mr. and Mrs. H. F. Baker in memory of Angus Cannan	15
"Ein Amerikaner"	100
"Aurea"	20
Izaak Abraham	25
Mr. and Mrs. W. S. R.	50
Victor Petroff	100
"H. & M."	10
Mrs. Florence H. Kellner	100
E. E. Parsons	250
International Investment Trust Co. of China Ltd.	20,000
Yangtsze Finance Co., Ltd.	15,000
Directors and Staff of Arnhold Trading Co., Ltd.	4,484
Capt. R. D. Maclagan	43
"Liar Dice"	40
Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Shields	100
C. B. Blaikie	10
R. A. Black	100
Mrs. E. R. Adam	5
Miss R. Ansberg	10
J. D. Campbell	50
Miss J. I. Carnaghan	10
J. W. Dearn	40
H. Graham	100
S. P. Karanjia	10
L. T. Lawrence	30
Mrs. H. Picozzi	30
H. F. Pringle	30
J. T. Rogers	100
J. E. Vickery	5
A. J. Wright	10
Proceeds of "Tombola"—Eastcliff Hotel—Weihaiwei	
L. G. Grant	$ 50
E. L. Potter	50
E. W. Shaw	15
M. Stedeford	30
J. E. Barnes	50
Minnie Wilkinson	50
N. Beck	50
E. S. Wilkinson	100
Lavers & Clark	743
	1,138
A. T. Stubbs in memory of A. M. Cannan	50
Rev. J. Curtis	100
Donation in memory of A. M. Cannan	25
"R.S.R."	50
L. C. Healey	300
W. Marsay	500
Mr. and Mrs. W.B. Rigden in memory of A. M. Cannan	25
"Miniature Races"	25
H. Hill	100
A. Cheetham	200
W. G. Mather	300
W. Naughton	45
Residents in "The Island" W'h'wei	
E. S. Wilkinson	$ 100
P. Baillie	50
"The Island Hotel"	1,150
	1,300
Old Comrades S.M.P. in memory of late Ex-Inspector L. ("Cock") Eaton	
"Cruiser" $25 J.C.D. 5	
H.M.S. 10 V.E.M. 5	
W.J.M. 10 L.A.S. 5	
A.H.S. 10 S.V.G. 5	
J.B.C. 10 F.O.G. 5	
H.M.D.R. 5 A.W.M. 2	
A Pal 5 B.B.B. 2	
F.D.F. 5 J.D.W.B. 2	
P.P. 5 S.S. 2	
A.B. 5 A.W.S. 2	
J.R. 5	
J.F. 5	135
Eric Turner	100
"J.P.S."	50
Anonymous	300
Anonymous	40
Anonymous	170
J. L. Simmons	1,000
"John"	250
Mr. and Mrs. G. S. Dunkley	450
"E.B.F."	80
A. J. Payne	20
Anonymous	20
S. Hardman	120
S. R. Davison	100
A. S. Adamson	1,000
J. D. Jones	30
Mr. and Mrs. A. W. O.	1,200
John L. Callie	250
Anonymous	100
R. K. Butler	500
J. A. Turner	500
W. J. Hawkings	1,000
J. K. Brand	250
"H. L. G"	120
Annie and Sandy	20
"K. T."	15
Mrs. J. V. C. Davis—in memory of A. M. Cannan	10
Miss I. B. Scott	25
Miss M. G. Scott	25
Portuguese Members of The Shanghai Waterworks Co.	$ 10
Anonymous	35
Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Mehta	100
Miss M. Robinson	30
"Entente Cordiale"	10
Miss M. Cohen	20
Anonymous "P"	500
Anonymous "R"	150
"R. D. B."	500
A. Oliver	250
"M. C."	100
"D. M. R."	50
B. C. Allan	150
P. J. Austin	50
J. P. Hawes	25
Anonymous	60
Anonymous	200
Mr. and Mrs. C. R. Arran	75
P. E. Longden	25
J. B. Martin	100
Anonymous	15
F. A. Bloomfield	10
Miss Kathleen Fenton	50
"Chungking and Szechuen Provinces"	1,960
"The Island—Weihaiwei"	700
Anonymous	5
Eric Cawood Robinson	100
Robin and Patrick Hutcheon—"Sale of Stamps"	18
"E.W.H."	300
A. I. McOwan	50
N. J. Stabb	300
Arthur Lingard	100
J. Cornfield	200
J. H. R. Faulkner	50
Mrs. C. Van Corback	30
"B. C."	25
Mr. and Mrs. R. B. Gotch	2,500
"A. Y. B."	25
"M. B. Z."	20
Samuel A. Rolbart	18
E. Rose	50
British Staff of The Imperial Chemical Industries (China) Ltd—Aug. Contribution	3,269
Members of Ewo Tennis Club	1,527
Dennis Webb	400
"Netherlanders"	2,250
"Tim"	500
R. M. Currie	200
Miss E. Gilmour	10
H. Kobrin	50
Mr. and Mrs. T. Wamsley	50
"G. H. W."	25
"J. W. H."	100
A. B. Kelly	330
Miss Gladys D. S. Parker	50
Geo. Puncheon	140
"P. and E. R.	15
Anonymous	5
H. Walton	50
"E. A. P."	250
"O. A. N."	5
"Kerry"	20
"L."	380
"N. P."	15
"Ulsterman"	200
J. Withers	25
Mrs. I Butterworth	10
Master B. P. Collins	5
James Hay	400
"J. and W. H."	1,000
Miss A. B. Danson	50
Mr. and Mrs. F. R. Dastoor	50
Col. J. W. Hornby	600
J. H. Abraham	50
G. L. Aitchison	160
Miss A. S. M. Alexander	110
"Bluenose"	100
W. A. Artlett	20
T. C. Avery	20
J. M. Bailey	40
H. F. Baker	25
H. S. Bartley	70
"W. B."	300
Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Blown	20
"D. B."	100
Major K. M. Bourne	416
A. H. Bown	100
G. A. Browne	10
H. Brownlow	50
S. Brownlow	10
H. Brownlow Jr.	10
A. W. Buck	225
Cynthia Carey	25
C. S. C.	100
D. F. C. Cleland	300
A. Clement	200
W. C. G. Clifford	50
E. T. Collin	15
"R.B.C."	10
"A.V.C."	5
"F. and R.C."	125
Miss E. Danson	50
Miss J. R. Darroch	60
E. G. Davis	70
Henry Deeks	50
R. V. Dent	25
D. R. Ding	100
"Wicklow—Ireland"	120
R. Dudley	20
"W.A.D."	10
Miss M. C. Dunstan	20
J. W. Ephgrave	50
R. Leslie Evans	125
Mr./Mrs. W. R. Featherstonaugh	30
"S.F."	20
"A.F."	35
L. E. Fisher	100
J. L. Fletcher	10
G. Flynn	100
J. J. Gaffney	50
"W.F.G."	60
Anonymous	50
"Bill"	140
Mr. and Mrs. H. V. Gulston	100
Miss P. R. Gulston	100
Thomas Henry	20
Miss Cecilia Haas	10
Anonymous	60
Miss F. I. Harris	90
Mr. and Mrs. F. T. Harrop	40
W. J. Hawkings	200
Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Hayter	300
S. V. Heley	33
W. H. Helm	20
Mrs. E. M. Hicks	30
A. L. Honnor	200
"W.H."	50
Mr. and Mrs. J. D. A. Hutchison	100
J. W. Pote-Hunt	100
"Seaburn"	40
N. S. Jacobs	30
Anonymous	20
Miss M. Johnstone	40
D. G. Jones	25
"J.H.J."	500
"Liberty"	1,000
"Freedom"	1,000
"D.J.K."	30
Miss S. S. Kelsey	10
"Kim"	20
"Kubs"	50
Miss M. A. Leathers	15
A. C. Leith	500
R. Lock	600
C. D. Longhurst	350
Mr. and Mrs. N. M.	250
"S.M.P."	100
N. Mackintosh	25
J. F. Maclennan	190
A. J. Maitland	25
G. H. Mann	120
J. J. Martin	50
Rev. P. C. Matthews	120
G. E. O. Mayne	100
W. A. McDonald	500
J. M. McKee	50
K. McKelvie	25
W. Miles	30
Anonymous	50
D. G. Mirams	150
Model Dairy Farm	25
H Moore	100
D. Morison	500
Mr. and Mrs. Gordon Morriss	1,000
E. T. Nash	200
Anonymous	100
M. O'Halloran	15
J. O'Kane	100
"R.H.O."	25
"P."	20
"A.S.O.P."	150
G. G. and E. Patterson	30
Mrs. May Pecaric	25
Miss J. A. Penfold	20
S. M. Perry	25
"C.A.P."	50
"D.R."	150
"Mary"	50
W. H. Richardson	50
C. H. Ridgway	30
"I.R."	10
Anonymous	200
Anonymous	50
W. H. Sainton	$ 125
"Cruiser"	120
Mr. and Mrs. R. Shellswell	30
G. Sinclair	92
F. R. Smith	350
Anonymous	25
"W.G.S."	30
R. S. Sommers	20
Anonymous	200
W. A. Stewart	20
F. F. Sullivan	150
Miss M. M. Sutherland	90
C. V. Syms	25
"Solent"	30
"G.T."	50
E. O. Taunton	250
"M.T."	10
"E.A.T."	100
Mrs. A. E. Trueman	30
"R.C.T."	100
Mr. and Mrs. T. H. Walker	25
"M.W."	60
"K.W."	400
F. S. Ward	100
Rev. F. W. and Mrs. Weaver	100
"Rosswein"	50
A. B. Wilkinson	130
E. S. Wilkinson	100
E. Williams	150
S. N. de Winton	200
N. G. H. Wolfe	100
"W.O."	300
"H.W."	18
Mrs. E. Gomersall	100
"J.P.S."	1,000
R. T. Hamilton	50
A. P. D. Kennedy	200
C. M. Keenan	100
John Dunlop	25
J. M. Mehta	15
"S.P."	100
Geo B. Stormes	50
Miss A. G. Gresham	20
R. D. Ralph	175
Mr. and Mrs. P. A. Emery	100
Rev. and Mrs. W. R. O. Taylor	100
"Con"	100
S. B. Starling	60
James Tippin	200
Mrs. E. Letchford	20
"Robjean"	50
H. M. Parsons	10
D. A. Campbell	320
R. R. Heyworth	650
Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Denton	50
Miss P. R. Gulston	100
Abdul Razaq & Co.	20
R. Hennessey	60
"If God be for us"	100
Charles W. Rayden	200
"Bet"	10
Lakha Singh	10
Inder Singh	10
Anonymous	1,000
Miss Edith Holmes	50
J. C. Burgess	25
"St. Merille"	30
W. Gomersall	500
G. J. Manning	250
Miss Heather Fraser	10
Members of Bubbling Well Lawn Bowls Club:—	
J. B. Clissold	$ 25
A. J. Toon	25
J. Barry	25
R. F. Tabrum	20
E. Burton	10
J. F. Franklin	5
R. Daintrey	5
W. H. Biggs	5
E. J. Harper	5
J. Coleman	5
A. V. Stevens	5
T. Dow	5
W. B. Curtis	5
E. L. Hurditch	10
V. Woolley	20
P. T. O'Neill	10
T. T. Walker	10
R. B. Robertson	5
F. A. Sampson	5
H. P. Molloy	100
J. B. Clissold	20
J. A. Tibble	10
J. Sanbrook	5
T. Darvill	20
W. A. Nichol	5
J. Malley	5
S. Halliwell	5
J. Bradley	10
D. R. Barret	20
H. E. Greenfield	5
L. W. Hide	10 420
Men of Wales:—	
Aberystwyth	$ 10
Ysceflog	10
Llanfihangelgeneurglyn	15 35
Men of Kent & Kentish Men:—	
Westerham	$ 10
Snodland	5
Edenbridge	10
Plaxtol	25
Hythe	100
Birchington	25 175
Men of Essex:—	
Tollesbury	$150
Gt. Warley	25
Tilbury	25 200
Men of Sussex-Warminghurst	5
Men of Hampshire:—	
Portsmouth	$ 20
Bassett	5
Chandlers Ford	5 30
"Dorothy Spitfire Fund":—	
Mrs. Dorothy Pearson	$145
Mrs. C. D. Lintilhac	200
Dr. W. M. Malcolm	105
Miss M. H. Brown	50
W. A. Hale	100 600
Band Subscription:—	
Anonymous	$ 5
Kay 1	5
Kay 2	5
Kay 3	5 20

British Fleet Units at Malta

British warships are seen lying at anchor at Malta. The British Fleet strength in the Mediterranean has been doubled, Mr. Churchill stated in the House of Commons on Thursday. So far British ships have not been really tested by the Italians who still have a great respect for the Royal Navy's bite—a bite that sends Italian ships scuttling for home as soon as British smoke is seen on the horizon.

There Are Two Irelands—Catholic and Protestant

English Writer Believes de Valera Has Made A Mistake in Raising Partition Question

IT is possible to understand the present situation in Ireland only if we see it against a background of history. And the story goes back a long time, writes Robert Lynd in the "News Chronicle."

Let us begin nearly a thousand years ago, when, for the last time so far, Ireland was both united and free. The Danes were the enemy in those days, and King Brian of the Tributes had beaten them off for ever at the battle of Clontarf. A minor Golden Age followed during which the national civilization flourished.

In the following century an Irish Quisling brought a new invader into Ireland—the Anglo-Normans. Many people think that religion is at the root of every trouble in Ireland, but it was Catholic Ireland.

In century after century, it was the object of the conquerors to destroy Irish civilization—language, customs and culture. In spite of this many of the descendants of the English settlers became "more Irish than the Irish" themselves, and helped to maintain the national tradition.

Revolt After Revolt

During the reign of Queen Elizabeth, when revolt after revolt took place, the conquerors were bent on a policy, not only of conquest, but of extermination. Froude says of one of the Elizabethan leaders that he was not a bad man, but that "he regarded himself as dealing rather with savage beasts than with human beings, and when he traced them to their dens he strangled their cubs and rooted out their entire broods."

Cromwell, a better man still, repeated the horror of devastation, and, when King William III. defeated James II. and his Irish followers at the Battle of the Boyne and at Limerick, it seemed as if the flame of Irish had gone out for ever. The Pope, it is interesting to recall, was on King William's side, and had joybells rung in Rome in celebration of the Orange victory at the Boyne.

In the eighteenth century a new patriotic movement grew up among the Irish Protestants, with Dean Swift as one of the leading figures. Driven out by oppression and misrule, many of these Protestants emigrated to the American Colonies, and, according to Lord Mountjoy, speaking of the American War of Independence "America was lost by Irish emigrants."

Famine of the Forties

About this time, the Presbyterian settlers in the North flocked into the ranks of the Volunteers, and, with their help, Ireland gained a Parliament of its own in 1782. The Parliament was corrupt, however, and the revolutionary spirits of the time demanded not only formal but real liberty. In the rebellion that followed North as well as South took part.

There came the Union, achieved by the bribery of corrupt men and opposed by what Lecky calls "the unbribed intellect of Ireland." Pledges made at the time were not kept, and wealth was drained from the country, since the landlord class migrated from Dublin to London.

The famine of the forties fell on a poverty-stricken country, destroying about a million people; and the Irish race dwindled slowly to about half its former size.

Black Centuries

There is no use remembering these things with bitterness. All powerful States behaved badly during those black centuries. But it is necessary to understand such things in order to realise how difficult it is to uproot the widespread Irish—as I think, mistaken—suspicion of England.

Even during the last war, when Ireland sent 500,000 soldiers into the British Army, there were anti-Irish influences at work in this country determined to defeat, not only Germany, but Ireland.

As for the Protestants of Ulster, many of them are equally suspicious of their Catholic fellow-countrymen. After the rebellion of 1798, propaganda about Catholic atrocities performed its purpose, and a great Ulster leader, the Rev. Henry Cooke, re-lit the sectarian fires of the seventeenth century with results that have lasted.

At the beginning of the last war many people hoped that the two sections of Irishmen would be brought together by their common interest in preventing a German conquest of Ireland. There were leaders on both sides, however, who could not forget their hereditary suspicions even in face of that deadly threat to their common country.

"God Save Ireland"

Hence, when the Anglo-Irish Treaty came, the Six Counties demanded the partition of Ireland as a price. If it had not been for this, we should probably have seen Mr. de Valera, not holding on to neutrality today, but playing a similar part to that played in 1914 in South Africa by General Botha and General Smuts.

Personally, I thing it is an error to raise the question of partition just now. If the Nazis won—as they will not—a much worse fate would befall Eire than separation from the Six Counties. Similarly, if the Nazis won, a much worse fate would befall the Six Counties than union with the rest of Ireland.

In the circumstances, is it wise for Mr. de Valera or Lord Craigavon to refuse to meet the other and to cooperate in defending Ireland against possible invasion except on his own conditions?

It seems to me that this is a time when the South should adopt, for all-Ireland purposes, the Northern slogan. "No Surrender!" and when the North should reply by adopting the old Irish slogan, "God Save Ireland!"

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NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS ★

SHANGHAI, MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 9, 1940 (8th day of 8th moon)

TO-DAY'S WEATHER PROBABILITIES

Cloudy and fine weather with variable winds and local fog around Shantung: with North-Easterly to North-Easterly winds over our regions and the Coast to the South of the Saddles. Cyclonic rough weather between the Bonins and Japan, owing to the typhoon advancing slowly North ward and North by East.

	At Cathedral		At Siccawei	
Temperature yesterday	min. 68.0	max. 86.5	min. 70.0	max. 85.0
„ same date last year	min. 72.5	max. 84.6	min. 72.0	max. 85.5

AIR AND OCEAN MAILS

Pan American Airways Service per steamer on Sept. 13, at 3 p.m. for registered and at 4 p.m. for ordinary due San Francisco on Sept. 24. Air mails for Europe may be sent by this service to U.S.A. for connection with the P.A.A. Trans-Atlantic Air Service.
Imperial Airways (H'kong, Bangkok, S. Africa, Australia) per steamer on Sept. 10, 3 p.m. registered and 4 p.m. ordinary.
Royal Netherlands Indies' Airways K.N.I.L.M. (Saigon-Batavia-Sydney) per available steamer to Saigon via Hongkong.
Dairen and Japan Air Mails close daily at 8 p.m.

Next steamship mails for America and Europe: Sept. 11 and 19, 1940.

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Reg. Office: North-China Building, S'hai.
Telegrams: Herald Shanghai
P.O. Box 707 Telephone 11055

Letters should be addressed to the Secretary, North-China Daily News & Herald, Ltd., to whom all remittances should be made payable.

Announcements of Births, etc., in this column, $10 per insertion, including insertions in the NORTH-CHINA HERALD.

To-day's Events $3 per line, which includes all insertion till date of event.

DEATH

BOURNE.—SIR FREDERICK BOURNE, C.M.G., on August 23, 1940, at Mayfield, Sussex. 11199

TO-DAY'S EVENTS

SEPTEMBER

9 Sun Yat-sen's first revolution, Canton (1894)
9 Tientsin Belgian Concession returned to China (1929)

COMING EVENTS

SEPTEMBER

12 Rotary Club, Metropole Hotel, 12.15
19 Rotary Club, Metropole Hotel, 12.15
26 Rotary Club, Metropole Hotel, 12.15
26 Cradle Bridge/Mahjongg, S.I.B.C., 3

OCTOBER

1 K.D.'s Jumble sale, Un. Ch. Hall

NOTIFICATION No. 3

SILK EXPORT TAX

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that in accordance with Article 2 of the Regulations Governing the Export of Natural Silk and Silk Textile Goods, prior to application to Customs, exporter of these goods should apply to this Office for a yellow application form. This form must be duly filled in according to the Duty Receipt, and submitted to the Customs, and the Officer of this Bureau stationed in the Custom House for examination before the goods are released. Any violation of the above-mentioned regulation shall be considered as smuggling. The Customs has been requested to co-operate in this respect, and due attention to the aforesaid notification by all the merchants concerned is earnestly required.

By order

K. HSU,
Director.

Bureau of the Silk Tax for Reconstruction, Ministry of Finance. September 6, 1940. -3445

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ESCOLA PORTUGUESA

Announcement is made that Portuguese Language classes will shortly be opened to all residents of Shanghai of Portuguese nationality or parentage. No tuition fees will be charged. Full particulars may be obtained by application to the Hon. Secretary, Comissao da Escola Portuguesa, 498c Route Cardinal Mercier, or Box 1940, NCDN. 11182

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HAI-ALAI (AUDITORIUM)

SHANGHAI DIRECTORY

July 1940

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Per copy $15 *(with Map of Shanghai $18)*

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17 The Bund Telephone 11055

WEATHER, TIME AND TIDE

Meteorological Reports	Sept. 7 16.00	Sept. 7 21.00	Sept. 8 4.00	Sept. 8 9.00
Barometer inches	29.70	29.72	29.79	29.74
at 32 F. (variation for 24 hrs.)	+0.01	0.00	+0.01	+0.01
at 32 F. („ „ 12 hrs.)	+0.01	—0.01	0 00	+0.02
Wind (direction)	NNE	NNE	Calm	N/E
„ (miles per hour)	16.8	9.9	0.0	6.2
Temperature (Fahr.)	77.°9	72.°9	69.°6	76.°6
Humidity %	76	81	94	76
Nebulosity (0 to 10)	10	0	5	4
Rainfall inches	0.00	—	—	—

Siccawei Abridged Report Sept. 7	Mean 1940	24 hrs. variation	67 years average
Barometer (mean 4 obs.)	29.71	—0.02	29.81
Temp. min. 72.°3 Max. 85.°3	78.°8	+1.°5	76.°3
Total rainfall January 1 to midnight before last (inches)	26.76	0.19	35.08

Time and Tide	9/9	10/9	11/9	12/9	13/9	14/9	15/9
Sun rises at Shanghai	5.34	5.35	5.35	5.36	5.37	5.37	5.38
Sun sets at Shanghai	18.09	18.07	18.06	18.05	18.04	18.03	18.00
Moon rises at Shanghai	12.52	13.45	14.33	15.17	15.57	16.34	17.09
Moon sets at Shanghai	23.42	—	0.36	1.31	2.25	3.20	4.13
Flood makes Shai. 6 to 18	15.23	16.11	7.14	8.00	9.10	9.40	10.06
Ebb. makes Shai. 6 to 18	7.55	8.35	10.40	11.55	13.15	14.35	14.49
H. W. W'sung Bar 6 to 18	17.18	5.34	7.53	9.35	10.25	10.48	11.21
Ht. above LLW. (feet)	8.05	6.55	6.10	7.35	8.45	9.40	—

THE WEATHER

(See top left)

State on the morning of the 7th:—Low and unsteady pressure over China and Japan. The two typhoons over the Pacific are tending to make one centre. Northerly to North Easterly winds along the Coast. Cloudy weather in China.

State on the morning of the 8th:—Cloudy weather. North-Westerly wind. Low and unsteady pressure. Showers during the night.—Siccawei Observatory.

TYPHOON SIGNAL

Approximate position of the centre, at 2 p.m., within 60 miles of latitude 30, longitude 139, direction North and North by East, intensity: Violent.

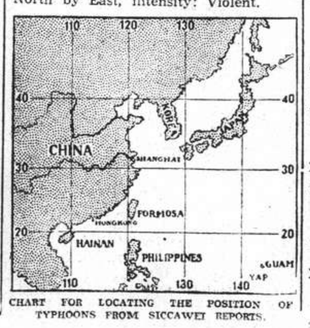

CHART FOR LOCATING THE POSITION OF TYPHOONS FROM SICCAWEI REPORTS.

POST OFFICE NOTICES

(See top right)

The following times apply to the Head Post office Szechuen Road Bridge. Earlier posting at Sub-Offices is needed.

MONDAY, September 9.	Reg.	Ord.
Japan Korea via Nagasaki	*19.00	7.15
Chefoo and Tientsin	x*19.00	7.15
Sungmen and South Chekiang	9.30	10.00
U.S.S.R. Europe via Siberia	18.30	20.00
Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao	19.30	20.00
TUESDAY, September 10.		
Tsingtao and Dairen	*20.00	7.15
Amoy	*20.00	7.30
Shenkiamen and Tinghai	x 9.30	10.00
Aust. N.Z. S.S. Ceylon India and Suez (via Colombo)	Ax14.30	16.00
Hongkong and Canton	x 15.30	16.00
Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao	19.30	20.00

* The night before
A Parcel mail (for India) closes at 12.00 on 10th.
X Provisional time—subject to alterations.

Next parcel mail for U.S.A. closes on September 11, 1940.

Acknowledgments

Contributions received by the "North-China Daily News" will be forwarded to the societies or charities concerned, by whom acknowledgment in these columns will be made in due course.

Holy Family Convent

IN MEMORY OF REV. MOTHER ST. CLEMENS

Carried forward	$562
The Misses Paquita/Lola/Tessie d'Almeida	54
Sampson,Mrs.Cathleen	50
Pereira,Mrs.Florentina E.	25
de Sousa,Mrs.Hilda Costa	25
Xavier,Mrs.Amalia Silva	25
Gutterres,D.M.	25
McDonald,Mrs.Norah	20
Murray,Mrs.Dais	20
Brown,Mrs.Rosemary	20
da Silva,Mrs.Aurea Noronha	15
Rudland,Mrs.Ruby	15
Lopes,Mrs.Natalia Morgado	10
Mrs.C.Barradas,Lydia & Gladys	10
Deitz,Mrs.Palmyra d'Aguiar	10
Oliveira,J.M.	10
Oliveira,Master Bernard	10
Maingon,Mrs.A.	10
Remedios,A.S.	10
Eitter,Miss Irene	10
Guitierrez,Mrs.Rosita d'Aguiar	10
Gutierrez,Mrs.Margaret Barnes	10
Guterres,Mrs.Elisabeth	10
Waller,Mrs.Florence	10
Waller,Mrs.Charlotte	10
Gunther,Mrs.Rachel	10
Herrett,Mrs.Lucy	10
Kalousek,Mrs.P.	10
Taylor Mrs.Yarmilla	10
Walker,Master Billy	10
Gibbons,Mrs.Alice Harrison	10
Daniels,Mrs.M.Gutterres	10
Noodt,Mrs.Martha	10
Remedios,Mrs.Bertha Costa	10
Tapia,Miss Magdalene	5
Oliveira,Miss Lizzie	5
Hopner,Mrs.Francisca Lubeck	5
Oliveira,Miss Lizzie	5
Carneiro,Miss Alice	5
Gutterres,Miss Olga	5
Nocera,Miss Flora	5
Oliveira,Mrs.Maly	5
Lopes,Mrs.Anne Lubeck	5
de Dios Mrs.Isabel	5
Morgado,Miss Ismalia	5
Gutterres,J.M.	5
Johnston Miss Mae G.	5
Diniz,Miss Isabel	5
Misses Mary & Katherine Campbell	5
The Misses M.& K.Campbell	5
The Misses L.E.& M.Kawn	5
Collaco,Mrs.Hilda Remedios	5
Honiball,Mrs.Marie	5
Mak,Francisco	5
Motta,Mrs.Julia Rozario	5
Butler, Mrs.Cissy Remedios	5
Lopes,Mrs.Beatrice Marcal	5
Corveth,Mrs.Lily Remedios	5
Belloni,Mrs.Mary	5
Barretto,Miss Mercia	5
Xavier,Mrs.Hilda Barretto	5
Carion,Miss Esmalia	5
Annonymous	5
Rozario,Mrs.Augusta Gutierrez	5
Tarbot,Mrs.Elizabeth	5
Robinson,Mrs.Julia	5
Edwards,Mrs.Emily	5
Shaw,Mrs.Valeria	5
Spencer,Miss Myra	5
Vanourek,Miss Mary	5
A Sympathiser	5
Alves,Mrs.Mary	2
Gutierrez,Mrs.Sylvia	2
Vieira,Miss Linda	2
Aquino,Miss Alda	3
Cruz,Miss Nelia	2
Barretto,Mrs.Marie Baptista	2
Souza Miss Stella	2
A.J.C.	2
Symons,Mrs.Lily Bates	2
Simms,Miss Suzy	2
Campos,Miss Carmelita	2
Carvalho,Mrs.Minerva Webster	1
McDonald,Master Patrick	1
McDonald,Master Mickey	1
	$1,250

The Cradle

IN MEMORY OF ELIZABETH MILLER

King,Mr/Mrs.J.S.	$10
Innis & Riddle (Chisa) Ltd.	50
Stuart,Mr/Mrs.J.V.	10
Stoker,Mr/Mr.E.C.	10
Sanger,Mr/Mrs.F.J.	20
The President, Board of Governors and Members Columbia Country Club	20
Williams-Rowland,Miss G.	5
Pond,Mr/Mr.T.H.	25
Percival,A.J.	25
Mokrejs,J.J.	10
Knox,C.C.	25
Marjorie Farrell	25
Harvey,A.H.	20
Wallace,S.A.	20
Simoes,J.P.	20
Vidusoff,V.	1
Roche,Miss N.	5
Kantor,Miss M.	5
Sousa,V.	5
Chiang,T.E.	2
Sung,Z.Y.	2
Roche,A.A.	5
Cunningham,B.T.	20
Barnes,J.E.	20
Jensen,P.N.	20
	$380

I. C. Milk Fund

A Sympathizer $21

Central British War Fund (Shanghai)

Balance Brought Forward $1,110,356

MONTHLY CONTRIBUTIONS

Some of the Staff of the Shanghai Waterworks Co., Ltd.	387
Seaborn,Mr/Mrs.A.	75
Mr/Mrs.A.W.O.—from Sept. 1939-1940	1,200
Walton,Mr/Mrs.H.	20
Talbot,Mrs.Emily	200
Thistlethwaite,J.V.	20
Beynon,Mr/Mrs.O.G.R.	1
Two White Russian Friends	25
Herz,Dr.Edgar	1
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Allan,Miss Winifred	50
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Billon,Mr/Mrs.V.A.	15
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Graham,A.	10
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Knox,H.C.	5
D.K.	5
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Simpson,J.K.	25
Spikins,T.	20
Stickels,A.M.	20
Teller,E.	5
Theobald,C.H.	10
Waller,E.H.	5
Watson,T.	10
Wood,T.H.	10
C.B.	10
J.E.	25
Holmes,Edith	25
Anonymous "R"	150
Anonymous "P"	250
R.I.M.	10
Patsy	10
Shaw,P.H.	5
Anonymous	1,000
Anon	10
Wolnizer,P.	5
Southerton,R.G.	10
McOwan,A.I.	25
Baker,H.F.	25
G.Y.N.	25
O.A.N.	10
Abraham,J.H.	20
Adamson,A.S.	100
Bluenose	20
Artlett,W.A.	20
Avery,T.C.	5
Anon	50
Baker,J.C.	20
E.F.B.	25
Anon	100
A.L.B.	10
Anon	10
Blaikie,C.B.	30
Blair,A.B.	10
Blake,R.H.	25
Bloom,G.C.	10
Blown,G.W.	5
B. & D.	10
D.B.	20
Box,R.H.	25
Boyd,D.J.	20
Brice,E.W.L.	25
Bridger,H.L.	10
Brockett,Mrs.J.	5
Brownrigg,G.B.	25
E.M.B.	25
Buck,A.W.	25
Carey,Mrs.G.	50
Clarke,V.F.	25
W.C.G.C.	20
B.J.C.	20
R.B.C.	10
Copley,C.G.	25
"A.V.C."	10
"I.C."	10
Crawford,F.S.	50
Dollie & John	20
F.R.D.	200
J.D.	25
Davis,E.G.	50
Davis,W.F.	20
Day,Luther G.	10
R.V.D.	20
D.R.D.	25
Dobson,H.R.	10
Doddridge,Wm.J.	20
Doodha,N.B.	20
Downie,N.P.	50
J.O.D.Mr/Mrs.	50
Dudley,R.	10
R.S.D.	25
Edgar,Dr.J.	50
T.O.E.	10
Anon	10
Anon	400
T.J.E.	25
Fabian,H.G.	15
E.B.F.	10
Feasey,S.E.	25
Anon	20
L.E.F.	25
Fisher,Peter	25
Foster,H.E.	50
Anon	25
Anon	50
W.F.G.	25
Glass,D.R.	50
Thomas Henry	20
Hadden,Norman	5
Anon	10
Hargreaves,W.	30
Harling,H.R.	100
Harris,Miss F.I.	30
E.M.H.	20
Hollywood,G.	25
Hornby,Col.J.W.	100
W.E.H.	50
Anon	30
Anon	20
Anon	50
Jones,R.A.	150
J.H.J.	100
D.J.K.	30
Anon	10
J.A.S.K.	15

(To Be Continued Tomorrow)

Real Fur Felt

HATS

by LINCOLN BENNETT and THOMAS TOWNEND
LONDON

New Shipments Just Received

WHITEAWAY, LAIDLAW & CO., LTD.

Positions Vacant

Do not enclose original testimonials when replying to advertisements. Copies answer the same purpose.

EDUCATED Chinese young man or woman, thoroughly grounded in the English and Chinese languages, as a translator. Please reply by letter immediately, giving educational qualifications, age, previous and present employment, to Box 2056, NCDN.

WANTED: Foreign woman to supervise packer girls in British manufacturing concern. Knowledge of Chinese essential. State age and experience. Apply Box 2048, NCDN. 11166

CHINESE salesman wanted by wholesale wine and spirit firm. Apply Box 1959, NCDN. -3604

WANTED, by British company, British textile engineer. Reply stating age, experience, salary required. Apply to Box 1995, NCDN. 11170

REQUIRED by British firm, capable book-keeper. Apply with copies of testimonials, stating salary required, to Box 1997, NCDN. 11166

SKILLED bookkeepers are in continuous demand. It will pay you to enrol for our complete course of study in bookkeeping and accounts. British School of Accountancy. J. Webster Watts (Chartered Accountant) Principal. Telephone 14967. -2431

WANTED married couple as sales manager of a bakery shop, situated Rue Bourgeat. Conditions: Knowledge of English and German, experience in retailing, residence near shop. Security required. Box 2005, NCDN. -3608

WELL EDUCATED, university trained Chinese to undertake preparation of a reference work on Yunnan in English. Must possess a good geographical knowledge of that province and be well versed in Chinese and Tibetan characters. Apply in first instance to Box 1947, NCDN. 11176

WANTED storekeeper for garage. Must speak good English and have experience. Box 2046, NCDN. -3773

Positions Wanted

Advertisements under this heading only are accepted at the rate of nine dollar cents per word per insertion, with a minimum charge of $1.25.

YOUNG Chinese girl seeks position as bookkeeper, typist or office assistant. Moderate salary. Address Box 2042, NCDN. -3761

EURASIAN lady, middle age, (widow), would like employment house-keeper. Address Box 1975, NCDN. -3626

LADY seeks position as stenographer (beginner), typist and/or office assistant. Box 1990, NCDN. -3652

BRITISH subject, foreigner, single, 26, passed senior Cambridge, general office assistant, salesman, advertising, seeks employment any capacity, moderate salary. English spoken, written fluently. Box 1853, NCDN.

FIGUEIREDO'S School can recommend steno-typists: beginners, experienced, 54 Garden Apartments, 1173/11 Bubbling Well Road. 11069

MALE stenographer (beginner) seeks opening with opportunity learn insurance business. Apprentice's salary. Address Box 1985, NCDN. -3644

YOUNG lady, 19, good figure, speaking four languages, seeks position in dress-making salon. Salary inmaterial willing acquire experience. Apply Box 2006, NCDN. -3675

ACCOUNTANT, experienced, capable of taking complete charge of books and preparing financial statements, seeks position. Address Box 1917, NCDN. -3544

Business Opportunities

ENGLISH person requires loan fifty pounds, repayments monthly in Sterling, good interest paid. Box 1972, NCDN. -3613

LOCAL manufacturer of foreign patent medicines, wishing to expand existing business, requires additional capital. Apply Box 1994, NCNN. 11165

EVERY contract with Japanese can be done very smoothly through Shanghai Translating Office. Telephone 88021. 25 Rue du Consulat. -3736

Miscellaneous

FRIGIDAIRE for hire, 5½ cu. ft. Also repairs. Refrigerator Doctor, Telephone 31722, 998 Avenue Road. -3779

DOLLS and toys if broken, repaired, renovated perfectly. Wigs, coats, dresses, shoes for dolls, ready-made, orders taken. Dolls' Hospital Rosette, 135 Seymour Road. -3037

Personal

GERMAN sympathetic lady seeks a serious foreign gentleman for companionship. No matrimonial intentions. Box 2019, NCDN. -3711

ATTRACTIVE European lady, age 30, lonely, independent, wishes companionship of independent foreign gentleman. Serious replies only. Box 2026, NCDN. -3728

CHINESE, 35, widower, of respectable standing, wishes to meet respectable and attractive Chinese lady for companionship. Answers will be treated absolutely confidential and will be returned if so requested. Box 1613, NCDN. -3011

YOUNG girl, 19, attractive, musical, good linguist, desires new circle acquaintanceship with gentleman of good standing and serious intentions. Please reply Box 2007, NCDN. -3676

For Sale—Miscellaneous

PORCELAIN, the pick of European china-craft, dinner, tea, coffee sets of mark; bargain prices. Collectors' cups, figures, gorgeous porcelain of every description, exclusively at Red and Black, 277 Avenue Petain, Telephone 76624. -2743

STOCK in pine tree ply-wood, size 6 ft. x 3 ft. x 3½ mm. For samples and prices apply to Room 411, 110 Hankow Road. -2429

TWO big showrooms full of highly valuable collection and de luxe specimens of crystalware, porcelain of all reputable European brands, paintings, bronzes, small furniture, including trifles for presenting purposes. Our richly assorted stock is a unique source for collectors and connoisseurs. Our 25 years' record as dealers in antiques vouches for quality and prices. European Ancient and New Arts, 20 Muirhead Road corner Broadway, Telephone 52115. -3357

COLOURED huck towels, 85 cents; Venice doylies 30 cents; bed sheet with pillows $19; crochet turbans, 9 colours, $1.60; Lace and Linen syndicate, 114 Peking Road. 11146

CORY coffee/tea brewers. Samples, New. At cost. Davis, 45 Denis Apartments, 770 Bubbling Well Road. 33837. 11083

NICK'S secondhand furniture shop. Buying selling: furniture, carpets, refrigerators, etc. Telephone 73937, 146 Route des Soeurs. House 3. -2643

DIAMOND, emerald rings and Lord Elgin watch for sale. Diamond, 2 carat; emerald, of fine quality; watch latest style, 14 carat gold case 21 jewels. All offered at reasonable prices. Apply Box 1907, NCDN. -3524

SECONDHAND furniture, carpets, etc. bargain sale/highest prices paid by Feiner's, 306 Rue Bourgeat, Telephone 73597. -3301

OUR fur department offers you the best coats at cheapest prices. 46 Route de Grouchy, telephone 73740. -3156

BOOKS 5,000; Magazines 3,000. Must be sold, regardless cost. To enlarge grocery shop, we close our book department. Prices drastically reduced. Popular Bookstore, 215 Szechuen Road. Inspection welcome. -3576

TABLE cloths, with/without napkins, best bleached pure linen qualities. Bargain. Box 1626, NCDN. -3042

SAUCE Worcestershire, Imperial brand, 80 cents per bottle, sold at Wing On Store, etc. -3249

BEAUTIFUL Persian fur coat, A-1 quality, in excellent condition, almost new. 12 Rue du Consulat, Apartment 501, Telephone 87801. -3689

SINGER sewing machines, new and slightly used, at reasonable prices. Room 138 Hamilton House. -3675

EXHIBITION of European objets d'art, as porcelains, pictures, miniatures, antiques and rarities. Benesi, 12 Rue Consulat, Apt. 501. Telephone 87801. 11175

Clothing and Fabrics

SHIRTS made to measure. English cellular, ½ sleeve, $18.50. Poplin, $25. Supertwill, $28. Razon's, 12 Central Road. 11060

TOWELS, Ship and Machine brands, Face towels, bath towels, bath mats and towelling, etc. First-grade quality at moderate prices. Manufactured by The Tuck Chong Weaving Factory, Office 10 Wongkashaw Gardens (Ave. Road, Carter Road east). Telephone 37024. -2819

SUITLENGTH, 100 per cent. wool. Individual latest designs, solid worsted, London shrunk, reasonable prices. Razon's, 12 Central Road. 11059

Radios

WANTED: Portable or car radio, any make. Particulars to Box 1901, NCDN. 11124

SPECIALISED short-wave tuning with RCA laboratory instruments. RCA trained foreign engineers. Radio Corporation of Asia, telephone 87777. -2229

NEWS from Europe straight to your home with a Radio Record Europe receiver, six American tubes, American loudspeaker. US$12.50 only. Demonstration without obligation. Repairs by European expert. Radio Record, 8 Chusan Road, Telephone 51262, 1916 Avenue Joffre, Telephone 73109, 681 Bubbling Well, Telephone 32217. -3450

NEW RCA radios for hire. Reasonable rentals. Radio Corporation of Asia, 361 Avenue Foch, telephone 87777. -2230

3-POINT Super foreign made, with American tubes and American loudspeaker. Reception of Europe and America guaranteed. Six tubes US$12;